① $7y+2=15+3y$

$7y+\cancel{2}-\cancel{2}=15+3y-2$

$7y=3y+13$

$7y-3y=\cancel{3y}+13-\cancel{3y}$

$4y=13$

$\frac{\cancel{4}y}{\cancel{4}}=\frac{13}{4}$

$y=\frac{13}{4}$

② $\frac{x}{8}=\frac{x+1}{9}$

$9(x)=8(x+1)$ cross multiply

$9x=8x+8$

$9x-8x=\cancel{8x}+8-\cancel{8x}$

$x=8$

③ $14=8+\frac{m}{2}$

$14-8=8+\frac{m}{2}-8$

$6=\frac{m}{2}$

$\frac{6}{1}=\frac{m}{2}$

$2(6)=1(m)$ cross multiply

$12=m$

④ $4x+1=8$

$4x+\cancel{1}-\cancel{1}=8-1$

$4x=7$

$\frac{\cancel{4}x}{\cancel{4}}=\frac{7}{4}$

$x=\frac{7}{4}$

5. $1+\frac{6}{x}=-11$

$1+\frac{6}{x}-1=-11-1$

$\frac{6}{x}=-12$

$\frac{6}{x}=\frac{-12}{1}$

$1(6)=-12(x)$ cross multiply

$6=-12x$

$\frac{6}{-12}=\frac{-12x}{-12}$

$-\frac{6}{12}=x$

$-\frac{6(1)}{6(2)}=x$

$-\frac{1}{2}=x$

21

6. $11x-3=7$

$11x-3+3=7+3$

$11x=10$

$\frac{11x}{11}=\frac{10}{11}$

$x=\frac{10}{11}$

7. $4-x=2(x-4)$

$4-x=2x-8$

$4-x-4=2x-8-4$

$-x=2x-12$

$-1x-2x=2x-12-2x$

$-3x=-12$

$\frac{-3x}{-3}=\frac{-12}{-3}$

$x=4$

(8) $\frac{7+x}{x} = 22$

$\frac{7+x}{x} = \frac{22}{1}$

$1(7+x) = 22(x)$ cross multiply

$7 + 1x = 22x$

$7 + 1x - 1x = 22x - 1x$

$7 = 21x$

$\frac{7}{21} = \frac{21x}{21}$

$\frac{7}{21} = x$

$\frac{1(1)}{1(3)} = x$

$\frac{1}{3} = x$

(9) Find a if $ax - 40 = x + 2$ and $x = 2$

$ax - 40 = x + 2$

$a(2) - 40 = (2) + 2$

$2a - 40 = 2 + 2$

$2a - 40 = 4$

$2a - 40 + 40 = 4 + 40$

$2a = 44$

$\frac{2a}{2} = \frac{44}{2}$

$a = 22$

3

(10) $\frac{6x}{2} = 18$

$3x = 18$

$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$

$x = 6$

(11) $6x + 20 = 2x$

$6x + 20 - 20 = 2x - 20$

$6x = 2x - 20$

$6x - 2x = 2x - 20 - 2x$

$4x = -20$

$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-20}{4}$

$x = -5$

(12) Find c if $k = c + 293$ and $k = 20$

$k = c + 293$

$20 = c + 293$

$20 - 293 = c + 293 - 293$

$-273 = c$

(13) $6(x - 2) - 12 = 2x$

$6x - 12 - 12 = 2x$

$6x - 24 = 2x$

$6x - 24 + 24 = 2x + 24$

$6x = 2x + 24$

$6x - 2x = 2x + 24 - 2x$

$4x = 24$

$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{24}{4}$

$x = 6$

(14) Find y if $3x+5y=29$ and $x=3$

$3x+5y=29$

$3(3)+5y=29$

$9+5y=29$

$9+5y-9=29-9$

$5y=20$

$\frac{5y}{5}=\frac{20}{5}$

$y=4$

(5)

(15.) $3=\frac{12-x}{x}$

$\frac{3}{1}=\frac{12-x}{x}$

$3(x)=1(12-x)$ cross multiply

$3x=12-1x$

$3x+1x=12-1x+1x$

$4x=12$

$\frac{4x}{4}=\frac{12}{4}$

$x=3$

(16) $\frac{x}{6}=\frac{x+3}{7}$

$7(x)=6(x+3)$ cross multiply

$7x=6x+18$

$7x-6x=6x+18-6x$

$x=18$

(17) $X - 20 = 5X - 20$

$X - 20 + 20 = 5X - 20 + 20$

$X = 5X$

$X - 5X = 5X - 5X$

$1X - 5X = 0$

$-4X = 0$

$\frac{-4X}{-4} = \frac{0}{-4}$

$X = 0$

6

(18) $5X = 12 + 2X$

$5X - 2X = 12 + 2X - 2X$

$3X = 12$

$\frac{3X}{3} = \frac{12}{3}$

$X = 4$

(19) $10 - X = X - 10$

$10 - X - 10 = X - 10 - 10$

$-X = X - 20$

$-X - X = X - 20 - X$

$-1X - 1X = -20$

$-2X = -20$

$\frac{-2X}{-2} = \frac{-20}{-2}$

$X = 10$

(20) $6x + 16 = 2x$

$6x + 16 - 16 = 2x - 16$

$6x = 2x - 16$

$6x - 2x = 2x - 16 - 2x$

$4x = -16$

$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-16}{4}$

$x = -4$

(21) $\frac{2}{5x} + \frac{1}{x} = 21$ LCD $= 5x$

$\frac{2}{5x}(5x) + \frac{1}{x}(5x) = 21(5x)$

$2(1) + 1(5) = 105x$

$2 + 5 = 105x$

$7 = 105x$

$\frac{7}{105} = \frac{105x}{105}$

$\frac{7}{105} = x$

$\frac{7(1)}{7(15)} = x$

$\frac{1}{15} = x$

$21 \times 5 = 105$

$3 \overline{)105}$ 35, 9, 15, 15

$3 \overline{)105}$

$5 \overline{)35}$

$7 \overline{)7}$

1

(22) $-6x > -24$

$\frac{-6x}{-6} < \frac{-24}{-6}$

$x < 4$

(23) $2x < -10$

$\frac{2x}{2} < \frac{-10}{2}$

$x < -5$

(24) $2x+1 < 41$

$2x+1-1 < 41-1$

$2x < 40$

$\frac{2x}{2} < \frac{40}{2}$

$x < 20$

(25) $-2x+1 < -9$

$-2x+1-1 < -9-1$

$-2x < -10$

$\frac{-2x}{-2} > \frac{-10}{-2}$

$x > 5$

(26) $x-2 < -2$

$x-2+2 < -2+2$

$x < 0$

(27) $x+2 < -2$

$x+2-2 < -2-2$

$x < -4$

8.

(28) $2x+1 < 4x+21$

$2x+1-1 < 4x+21-1$

$2x < 4x+20$

$2x-4x < 4x+20-4x$

$-2x < 20$

$\frac{-2x}{-2} > \frac{20}{-2}$

$x > -10$

(29) $4x+2 < 2x-8$

$4x+2-2 < 2x-8-2$

$4x < 2x-10$

$4x-2x < 2x-10-2x$

$2x < -10$

$\frac{2x}{2} < \frac{-10}{2}$

$x < -5$

(30) $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} > 10$ LCD = 8

$\frac{x}{4}(8) + \frac{3x}{8}(8) > 10(8)$

$x(2) + 3x(1) > 80$

$2x + 3x > 80$

$5x > 80$

$\frac{5x}{5} > \frac{80}{5}$

$x > 16$

$5\overline{)80}$ 16

(5)

30

9

(31) Find P if $P = 2(L+W)$, $L = 10$, $W = 6$

$P = 2(L+W)$

$P = 2(10+6)$

$P = 2(16)$

$P = 32$

10.

(32.) Find $f(4)$ if $f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$

$f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$

$f(4) = \frac{(4)+10}{(4)-5}$

$f(4) = \frac{4+10}{4-5}$

$f(4) = \frac{14}{-1}$

$f(4) = -14$

(33.) Find A if $A = \pi r^2$, $\pi = 3.14$, $r = 6$

$A = \pi r^2$

$A = 3.14 (6)^2$

$A = 3.14 (6)(6)$

$A = 3.14 (36)$

$A = 113.04$

3.14
$\times \quad 36$
1884
942
113.04

(34) Find C if $C = \frac{5}{9}(F-32)$ and $F = 50$

$C = \frac{5}{9}(F-32)$

$C = \frac{5}{9}(50-32)$

$C = \frac{5}{9}(18)$

$C = 5(2)$

$C = 10$

(35) Find $f(-3)$ if $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$

$f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$

$f(-3) = 2(-3)^2 - 4(-3) - 10$

$f(-3) = 2(-3)(-3) - 4(-3) - 10$

$f(-3) = 2(9) - 4(-3) - 10$

$f(-3) = 18 + 12 - 10$

$f(-3) = 30 - 10$

$f(-3) = 20$

(36) If $x = -5$ then evaluate $(x+9)(x+5)$

$(x+9)(x+5) =$

$(-5+9)(-5+5) =$

$(4)(0) =$

$0 =$

(37) find $f(-1)$ if $f(x) = x^4 - 12x^2 + 11$

$f(x) = x^4 - 12x^2 + 11$

$f(-1) = (-1)^4 - 12(-1)^2 + 11$

$f(-1) = (-1)(-1)(-1)(-1) - 12(-1)(-1) + 11$

$f(-1) = (1) - 12(1) + 11$

$f(-1) = 1 - 12 + 11$

$f(-1) = -11 + 11$

$f(-1) = 0$

12.

(38.) Find $f(2)$ if $f(x) = x^2 + 3$

$f(x) = x^2 + 3$

$f(2) = (2)^2 + 3$

$f(2) = (2)(2) + 3$

$f(2) = 4 + 3$

$f(2) = 7$

(39.) Find $f(-2)$ if $f(x) = 4x^2$

$f(x) = 4x^2$

$f(-2) = 4(-2)^2$

$f(-2) = 4(-2)(-2)$

$f(-2) = 4(4)$

$f(-2) = 16$

(40.) Find $f(8)$ if $f(x) = x^{-2}$

$f(x) = x^{-2}$

$f(8) = (8)^{-2}$

$f(8) = 8^{-2}$

$f(8) = \frac{1}{8^2}$

$f(8) = \frac{1}{(8)(8)}$

$f(8) = \frac{1}{64}$

(41) find $f(2)$ if $f(x) = \frac{4x}{1-x}$

$f(x) = \frac{4x}{1-x}$

$f(2) = \frac{4(2)}{1-(2)}$

$f(2) = \frac{8}{1-2}$

$f(2) = \frac{8}{-1}$

$f(2) = -8$

13.

(42.) find $m(4)$ if $m(x) = x+8$

$m(x) = x+8$

$m(4) = (4)+8$

$m(4) = 4+8$

$m(4) = 12$

(43) find $f(-1)$ if $f(x) = (x+1)^2+2$

$f(x) = (x+1)^2+2$

$f(-1) = (-1+1)^2+2$

$f(-1) = (0)^2+2$

$f(-1) = (0)(0)+2$

$f(-1) = 0+2$

$f(-1) = 2$

(44.) find $f(1)$ if $f(x) = (x+1)^2+4$

$f(x) = (x+1)^2+4$

$f(1) = (1+1)^2+4$

$f(1) = (2)^2+4$

$f(1) = (2)(2)+4$

$f(1) = 4+4$

$f(1) = 8$

(45) find $f(-2)$ if $f(x) = 4(x+1)^2 + 9$

$f(x) = 4(x+1)^2 + 9$

$f(-2) = 4(-2+1)^2 + 9$

$f(-2) = 4(-1)^2 + 9$

$f(-2) = 4(-1)(-1) + 9$

$f(-2) = 4(1) + 9$

$f(-2) = 4 + 9$

$f(-2) = 13$

14.

(46) find $f(0)$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$

$f(0) = \frac{1}{2}(0) + 3$

$f(0) = 0 + 3$

$f(0) = 3$

(47) find $f(4)$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x - 2$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x - 2$

$f(4) = \frac{1}{4}(4) - 2$

$f(4) = 1 - 2$

$f(4) = -1$

(48) find $f(-1)$ if $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + 2$

$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + 2$

$f(-1) = \sqrt{-1+1} + 2$

$f(-1) = \sqrt{0} + 2$

$f(-1) = 0 + 2$

$f(-1) = 2$

(49) find $f(0)$ if $f(x)=\sqrt{x+1}+8$

$f(x)=\sqrt{x+1}+8$

$f(0)=\sqrt{0+1}+8$

$f(0)=\sqrt{1}+8$

$f(0)=1+8$

$f(0)=9$

(50.) find $f(4)$ if $f(x)=|x-8|$

$f(x)=|x-8|$

$f(4)=|4-8|$

$f(4)=|-4|$

$f(4)=4$

(51.) find $f(-4)$ if $f(x)=|5x-2|$

$f(x)=|5x-2|$

$f(-4)=|5(-4)-2|$

$f(-4)=|-20-2|$

$f(-4)=|-22|$

$f(-4)=22$

(52.) find $Pr-r$ if $P=-11$ and $r=\frac{1}{2}$

$Pr-r$

$(-11)(\frac{1}{2})-(\frac{1}{2})=$

$(\frac{-11}{1})(\frac{1}{2})-(\frac{1}{2})=$

$\frac{-11}{2}-\frac{1}{2}=$

$\frac{-11-1}{2}=$

$\frac{-12}{2}=$

-6

15

(53) find $f(\frac{1}{4})$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$

16.

$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3}{\frac{1}{4}}$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{\frac{1}{1}}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{\frac{3}{1}}{\frac{1}{4}}$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{1} + \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{4}{1} + \frac{12}{1}$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = 4 + 12$

$f(\frac{1}{4}) = 16$

(54) Find the mean of 1000, 2000, 4000, 7000, 9000

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000 \\ 2000 \\ 4000 \\ 7000 \\ +\ 9000 \\ \hline 23000 \end{array}$$

$$5\overline{)23000} \quad 4600$$

(20)

30

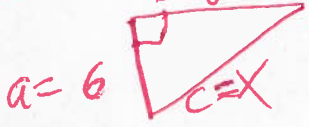
−(30)

00

00

0

(55) Find x if



$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$(6)^2 + (8)^2 = c^2$

$36 + 64 = c^2$

$100 = c^2$

$\sqrt{100} = \sqrt{c^2}$

$10 = c$

(56) Evaluate $1000(1.05)^2$

$1000(1.05)^2 =$

$1000(1.05)(1.05) =$

$1000(1.1025) =$

$1102.5 =$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.05 \\ \times\ 1.05 \\ \hline 525 \\ 000 \\ 105 \\ \hline 1.1025 \end{array}$$

17

(57) $\frac{a^{10}}{a^3}$ = simplify

$a^{10-3} =$

$a^7 =$

(58) Simplify $(-4xy^3)(-20x^2y^4)$

$(-4x^1y^3)(-20x^2y^4) =$

$80x^{1+2}y^{3+4} =$

$80x^3y^7 =$

(59) Simplify $-8xy(4xy - 7x)$

$-8x^1y^1(4x^1y^1 - 7x^1) =$

$-32x^{1+1}y^{1+1} + 56x^{1+1}y^1 =$

$-32x^2y^2 + 56x^2y =$

(60) Simplify $-2a^3(ab^2 + b^2)$

$-2a^3(a^1b^2 + b^2) =$

$-2a^{3+1}b^2 - 2a^3b^2 =$

$-2a^4b^2 - 2a^3b^2 =$

(61.) Simplify $\left(\frac{10}{x}\right)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{10}{x}\right)\left(\frac{10}{x}\right) =$

$\frac{100}{x^2} =$

(62.) Simplify $\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)^3 =$

$\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) =$

$\frac{64}{x^3} =$

(63.) Simplify $\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{27y}{8x^2}\right) =$

$\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3y}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2xx}\right) =$

$\frac{9}{4x} =$

(64.) Simplify $\frac{x + 4x^2}{x} =$

$\frac{x}{x} + \frac{4x^2}{x} =$

$1 + 4x =$

(65.) Simplify $\frac{2xy + y}{y} =$

$\frac{2xy}{y} + \frac{y}{y} =$

$2x + 1 =$

18.

(66) if $a^2+N+8b^2=(a+b)(a+8b)$ then $N=$

$=a^2+8ab+ab+8b^2$

$=a^2+8ab+1ab+8b^2$

$=a^2+9ab+8b^2$

$N=9ab$

9.

(67) Find V if $V=\pi r^2 h$, $r=6a$, $h=2a+5$

$V=\pi r^2 h$

$V=\pi(6a)^2(2a+5)$

$V=\pi(6a)(6a)(2a+5)$

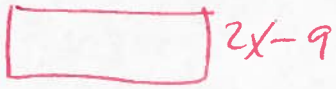
$V=\pi(36a^2)(2a+5)$

$V=\pi(72a^3+180a^2)$

$V=72a^3\pi+180a^2\pi$

1	3
36	36
×2	×5
72	180

(68) Find area



$A=LW$

$A=(x+3)(2x-9)$

$A=2x^2-9x+6x-27$

$A=2x^2-3x-27$

(69) Find the area of the square

$A=LW$

$A=(4a-b)(4a-b)$

$A=16a^2-4ab-4ab+b^2$

$A=16a^2-8ab+b^2$

(70) If $4x^2 - 16 = m$ then find $x^2 - 4 =$

$4x^2 - 16 = m$

$\frac{4x^2}{4} - \frac{16}{4} = \frac{m}{4}$

$x^2 - 4 = \frac{m}{4}$

20.

(71.) simplify $(2xy^8)^4 =$

$(2^1x^1y^8)^4 =$

$2^4x^4y^{32} =$

$(2)(2)(2)(2)x^4y^{32} =$

$16x^4y^{32} =$

(72.) simplify $\left(\frac{8k}{2}\right)^2 =$

$(4k)^2 =$

$(4k)(4k) =$

$16k^2 =$

(73.) simplify $p - .15p =$

$1.00p - .15p =$

$.85p =$

(74.) simplify $m - .25m =$

$1.00m - .25m =$

$.75m =$

(75.) Simplify $m - .75m =$

$1.00m - .75m =$

$.25m =$

21.

(76.) Find x if $\frac{ax-b}{4a-1} = b$ LCD $= 4a-1$

$\left(\frac{ax-b}{4a-1}\right)(4a-1) = b(4a-1)$

$ax - b = 4ab - b$

$ax - b + b = 4ab - b + b$

$ax = 4ab$

$\frac{ax}{a} = \frac{4ab}{a}$

$x = 4b$

(77.) Simplify $\frac{-45x^8y^7z^{11}}{-30x^2y^5z^4} =$

$\frac{-15(3)x^{8-2}y^{7-5}z^{11-4}}{-15(2)} =$

$\frac{3x^6y^2z^7}{2} =$

(78) Simplify $(3x+2y)(3x-2y) =$

$9x^2 - 6xy + 6xy - 4y^2 =$

$9x^2 - 4y^2 =$

(79.) Simplify $(3x-2y)(3x-2y) =$

$9x^2 - 6xy - 6xy + 4y^2 =$

$9x^2 - 12xy + 4y^2 =$

22

(80.) Simplify $(4x-3y)^2 =$

$(4x-3y)(4x-3y) =$

$16x^2 - 12xy - 12xy + 9y^2 =$

$16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2 =$

(81.) Simplify $(x+2)(x-8) =$

$x^2 - 8x + 2x - 16 =$

$x^2 - 6x - 16 =$

(82.) Simplify $(x-2)(x+8) =$

$x^2 + 8x - 2x - 16 =$

$x^2 + 6x - 16 =$

(83.) Simplify $(x+1)(x-7) =$

$x^2 - 7x + 1x - 7 =$

$x^2 - 6x - 7 =$

(84.) Simplify $(x-1)(x+7) =$

$x^2 + 7x - 1x - 7 =$

$x^2 + 6x - 7 =$

(85.) Simplify $(x+3)(x-4) =$

$x^2 - 4x + 3x - 12 =$

$x^2 - 1x - 12 =$

$x^2 - x - 12 =$

23.

86. Simplify $(x-3)(x+4) =$

$x^2+4x-3x-12 =$

$x^2+1x-12 =$

$x^2+x-12 =$

87. Simplify $(x+2)(x+4) =$

$x^2+4x+2x+8 =$

$x^2+6x+8 =$

88. Simplify $(x-2)(x-4) =$

$x^2-4x-2x+8 =$

$x^2-6x+8 =$

89. Simplify $(x+1)(x-2) =$

$x^2-2x+1x-2 =$

$x^2-1x-2 =$

$x^2-x-2 =$

90. Simplify $(x-1)(x+2) =$

$x^2+2x-1x-2 =$

$x^2+1x-2 =$

$x^2+x-2 =$

91. Simplify $(x-4)(x-6) =$

$x^2-6x-4x+24 =$

$x^2-10x+24 =$

92. Simplify $(x-5)(x-5) =$

$x^2-5x-5x+25 =$

$x^2-10x+25 =$

93. Simplify $(x+4)(x-4) =$

$x^2 - 4x + 4x - 16 =$

$x^2 - 16 =$

94. Simplify $(2x-1)(x+3) =$

$2x^2 + 6x - 1x - 3 =$

$2x^2 + 5x - 3 =$

95. Simplify $(2x+3)(2x-3) =$

$4x^2 - 6x + 6x - 9 =$

$4x^2 - 9 =$

96. Simplify $(2x+1)(x-3) =$

$2x^2 - 6x + 1x - 3 =$

$2x^2 - 5x - 3 =$

97. Simplify $(2x+1)(x+3) =$

$2x^2 + 6x + 1x + 3 =$

$2x^2 + 7x + 3 =$

98. Simplify $(2x-1)(x-3) =$

$2x^2 - 6x - 1x + 3 =$

$2x^2 - 7x + 3 =$

99. Simplify $(3x-2)(4x+3) =$

$12x^2 + 9x - 8x - 6 =$

$12x^2 + 1x - 6 =$

$12x^2 + x - 6 =$

100. Simplify $(3x+2)(4x-3) =$

$12x^2 - 9x + 8x - 6 =$

$12x^2 - 1x - 6 =$

$12x^2 - x - 6 =$

29

25.

(101) Simplify $(2x-3)(x+4) =$

$2x^2 + 8x - 3x - 12 =$

$2x^2 + 5x - 12 =$

(102.) Simplify $(2x+3)(x-4) =$

$2x^2 - 8x + 3x - 12 =$

$2x^2 - 5x - 12 =$

(103.) Simplify $(x-5)(3x+2) =$

$3x^2 + 2x - 15x - 10 =$

$3x^2 - 13x - 10 =$

(104) Simplify $(x+5)(3x-2) =$

$3x^2 - 2x + 15x - 10 =$

$3x^2 + 13x - 10 =$

(105.) Simplify $(8x+1)(x-1) =$

$8x^2 - 8x + 1x - 1 =$

$8x^2 - 7x - 1 =$

(106.) Simplify $(8x-1)(x+1) =$

$8x^2 + 8x - 1x - 1 =$

$8x^2 + 7x - 1 =$

(107.) Simplify $(2x-5)(3x+5) =$

$6x^2 + 10x - 15x - 25 =$

$6x^2 - 5x - 25 =$

(108) Simplify $(2x+5)(3x-5) =$

$6x^2 - 10x + 15x - 25 =$

$6x^2 + 5x - 25 =$

(109) Simplify $x(x+2)(x+4) =$

$x(x^2+4x+2x+8) =$

$x(x^2+6x+8) =$

$x^3+6x^2+8x =$

(110) simplify $2x(x+2)(x-8) =$

$2x(x^2-8x+2x-16) =$

$2x(x^2-6x-16) =$

$2x^3-12x^2-32x =$

(111) Factor $x^2-y^2 =$

$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$(x+y)(x-y) =$

(112) Factor $a^2-b^2 =$

$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$(a+b)(a-b) =$

(113) Factor $x^2-25 =$

$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$(x)^2-(5)^2 =$

$(x+5)(x-5) =$

(114) Factor $x^2-16y^2 =$

$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$(x)^2-(4y)^2 =$

$(x+4y)(x-4y) =$

27.

115. Factor $100x^2 - 9y^2 =$ $\quad a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$(10x)^2 - (3y)^2 =$

$(10x+3y)(10x-3y) =$

116. Factor $\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{25} =$ $\quad a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{y}{5}\right)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{x}{4}+\frac{y}{5}\right)\left(\frac{x}{4}-\frac{y}{5}\right) =$

117. Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - 25 =$ $\quad a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - (5)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4}+5\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4}-5\right) =$

118. Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25}{49} =$ $\quad a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4}+\frac{5}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4}-\frac{5}{7}\right) =$

119. Factor $\frac{x^2}{9} - 25 =$ $\quad a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$

$\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2 - (5)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{x}{3}+5\right)\left(\frac{x}{3}-5\right) =$

(120) Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49} =$ $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5y}{7}\right)^2 =$

$\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right) =$

28.

(121) Factor $x^2 + 6x + 8 =$

8·1
2·4

$(x+2)(x+4) =$

(122) Factor $x^2 - 6x + 8 =$

8·1
2·4

$(x-2)(x-4) =$

(123.) Factor $x^2 - 6x - 16 =$

16·1
2·8
4·4

$(x+2)(x-8) =$

(124.) Factor $x^2 + 6x - 16 =$

16·1
2·8
4·4

$(x-2)(x+8) =$

(125.) Factor $x^2 - 6x - 7 =$

1·7

$(x+1)(x-7) =$

(126.) Factor $x^2 + 6x - 7 =$

1·7

$(x-1)(x+7) =$

127. Factor $x^2 - x - 12 =$

$(x+3)(x-4) =$

12.1 6.2 3.4

128. Factor $x^2 + x - 12 =$

$(x-3)(x+4) =$

12.1 6.2 3.4

129. Factor $x^2 - 7x + 12 =$

$(x-3)(x-4) =$

12.1 6.2 3.4

29.

130. Factor $x^2 - x - 2 =$

$(x+1)(x-2) =$

2.1

131. Factor $x^2 + x - 2 =$

$(x-1)(x+2) =$

2.1

132. Factor $x^2 - 3x + 2 =$

$(x-1)(x-2) =$

2.1

133. Factor $x^2 + 3x + 2 =$

$(x+1)(x+2) =$

2.1

134. Factor $2x^2 + 5x - 3 =$

$(2x-1)(x+3) =$

2.1 1.3

135. Factor $2x^2 - 5x - 3 =$

$(2x+1)(x-3) =$

2.1 1.3

136. Factor $12x^2+x-6=$

$(3x-2)(4x+3)=$

12·1 6·2 3·4 6·1 2·3

137. Factor $12x^2-x-6=$

$(3x+2)(4x-3)=$

12·1 6·2 3·4 6·1 2·3

30.

138. Factor $3x^2-13x-10=$

$(x-5)(3x+2)=$

3·1 10·1 2·5

139. Factor $3x^2+13x-10=$

$(x+5)(3x-2)=$

3·1 10·1 2·5

140. Factor $8x^2-7x-1=$

$(8x+1)(x-1)=$

8·1 2·4 1·1

141. Factor $8x^2+7x-1=$

$(8x-1)(x+1)=$

8·1 2·4 1·1

142. Factor $6x^2-5x-25=$

$(2x-5)(3x+5)=$

6·1 2·3 25·1 5·5

143. Factor $6x^2-25x+25=$

$(2x-5)(3x-5)=$

6·1 2·3 25·1 5·5

144. Factor $2x^2+12x+16=$

$2(x^2+6x+8)=$

$2(x+2)(x+4)=$

8·1 2·4

31.

145. Factor $x^3+6x^2+8x=$

$x(x^2+6x+8)=$ (8.1, 2.4)

$x(x+2)(x+4)=$

146. Factor $2x^3+12x^2+16x=$ (8.1, 2.4)

$2x(x^2+6x+8)=$

$2x(x+2)(x+4)=$

147. Factor $2x^3-12x^2-32x=$ (16.1, 2.8, 8.4)

$2x(x^2-6x-16)=$

$2x(x+2)(x-8)=$

148. Factor GCF $3x^3-18x^2+3x=$

$3x(x^2-6x+1)=$

149. Solve $x^2+6x+8=0$ (8.1, 2.4)

Set $(x+2)(x+4)=0$

$x+2=0$ OR $x+4=0$

$x+2-2=0-2$ OR $x+4-4=0-4$

$x=-2$ OR $x=-4$

150. Solve $x^2-6x+8=0$ (8.1, 2.4)

$(x-2)(x-4)=0$

Set $x-2=0$ OR $x-4=0$

$x-2+2=0+2$ OR $x-4+4=0+4$

$x=2$ OR $x=4$

(151) Solve $x^2 - 6x - 16 = 0$

16.1
8.2
4.4

$(x+2)(x-8) = 0$

Set $x+2=0$ OR $x-8=0$

$x+2-2=0-2$ OR $x-8+8=0+8$

$x=-2$ OR $x=8$

32.

(152) Solve $x^2 + 6x - 16 = 0$

16.1
2.8
4.4

$(x-2)(x+8) = 0$

Set $x-2=0$ OR $x+8=0$

$x-2+2=0+2$ OR $x+8-8=0-8$

$x=2$ OR $x=-8$

(153) Solve $x^2 - 6x - 7 = 0$ (1.7)

$(x+1)(x-7) = 0$

Set $x+1=0$ OR $x-7=0$

$x+1-1=0-1$ OR $x-7+7=0+7$

$x=-1$ OR $x=7$

(154) Solve $x^2 + 6x - 7 = 0$ (1.7)

$(x-1)(x+7) = 0$

Set $x-1=0$ OR $x+7=0$

$x-1+1=0+1$ OR $x+7-7=0-7$

$x=1$ OR $x=-7$

155. Solve $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$

12·1, 6·2, 3·4

$(x+3)(x-4) = 0$

Set $x+3=0$ OR $x-4=0$

$x+3-3=0-3$ OR $x-4+4=0+4$

$x=-3$ OR $x=4$

33.

156. Solve $x^2 + x = 12$

12·1, 6·2, 3·4

$x^2 + x - 12 = 12 - 12$

$x^2 + x - 12 = 0$

$(x-3)(x+4) = 0$

Set $x-3=0$ OR $x+4=0$

$x-3+3=0+3$ OR $x+4-4=0-4$

$x=3$ OR $x=-4$

157. Solve $x^2 + 12 = 7x$

12·1, 6·2, 3·4

$x^2 + 12 - 7x = 7x - 7x$

$x^2 + 12 - 7x = 0$

$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$

$(x-3)(x-4) = 0$

Set $x-3=0$ OR $x-4=0$

$x-3+3=0+3$ OR $x-4+4=0+4$

$x=3$ OR $x=4$

158 Solve $x^2 = x+2$ 2.1

$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$

$(x+1)(x-2) = 0$

Set $x+1=0$ OR $x-2=0$

$x+1-1 = 0-1$ OR $x-2+2 = 0+2$

$x = -1$ OR $x = 2$

159. Solve $x(x+1) = 2$ 2.1

$x^2 + 1x = 2$

$x^2 + x = 2$

$x^2 + x - 2 = 0$

$(x-1)(x+2) = 0$

Set $x-1=0$ OR $x+2=0$

$x-1+1 = 0+1$ OR $x+2-2 = 0-2$

$x = 1$ OR $x = -2$

160. Solve $x^2 - 3x = -2$ 2.1

$x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$

$(x-1)(x-2) = 0$

Set $x-1=0$ OR $x-2=0$

$x-1+1 = 0+1$ OR $x-2+2 = 0+2$

$x = 1$ OR $x = 2$

(161.) Solve $x^2+2=-3x$

$x^2+2+3x=0$

$x^2+3x+2=0$

$(x+1)(x+2)=0$

Set $x+1=0$ OR $x+2=0$

$x+1-1=0-1$ OR $x+2-2=0-2$

$x=-1$ or $x=-2$

2.1

35.

(162.) Solve $2x^2-5x-3=0$

$(2x+1)(x-3)=0$

2.1 3.1

Set $2x+1=0$ OR $x-3=0$

$2x+1-1=0-1$ OR $x-3+3=0+3$

$2x=-1$ OR $x=3$

$\frac{2x}{2}=\frac{-1}{2}$ OR

$x=-1/2$ OR

(163.) Solve $12x^2-x-6=0$

$(3x+2)(4x-3)=0$

12.1 6.1 6.2 2.3 3.4

Set $3x+2=0$ OR $4x-3=0$

$3x+2-2=0-2$ OR $4x-3+3=0+3$

$3x=-2$ OR $4x=3$

$\frac{3x}{3}=\frac{-2}{3}$ OR $\frac{4x}{4}=\frac{3}{4}$

$x=-2/3$ OR $x=3/4$

(164) Solve $3x^2 + 13x - 10 = 0$

3.1 10.1 2.5

36.

$(3x-2)(x+5)=0$

Set $3x-2=0$ OR $x+5=0$

$3x-2+2=0+2$ OR $x+5-5=0-5$

$3x=2$ OR $x=-5$

$\frac{3x}{3}=\frac{2}{3}$

$x=\frac{2}{3}$

OR Use the Quadratic Formula

$3x^2+13x-10=0$

$a=3 \quad b=13 \quad c=-10$

$$x=\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x=\frac{-(13)\pm\sqrt{(13)^2-4(3)(-10)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x=\frac{-13\pm\sqrt{169+120}}{6}$$

$$x=\frac{-13\pm\sqrt{289}}{6}$$

$$x=\frac{-13\pm17}{6}$$

$x=\frac{-13-17}{6}$ OR $x=\frac{-13+17}{6}$

$x=\frac{-30}{6}$ OR $x=\frac{4}{6}$

$x=-5$ OR $x=\frac{2(2)}{2(3)}$

$x=\frac{2}{3}$

8.1
2.4
1.1
37.

165. Solve $8x^2+7x-1=0$

$(8x-1)(x+1)=0$

Set $8x-1=0$ OR $x+1=0$

$8x-1+1=0+1$ or $x+1-1=0-1$

$8x=1$

$\frac{8x}{8}=\frac{1}{8}$ OR $x=-1$

$x=\frac{1}{8}$

OR use the Quadratic formula

$8x^2+7x-1=0$

$a=8,\ b=7,\ c=-1$

$$x=\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x=\frac{-(7)\pm\sqrt{(7)^2-4(8)(-1)}}{2(8)}$$

$$x=\frac{-7\pm\sqrt{49+32}}{16}$$

$$x=\frac{-7\pm\sqrt{81}}{16}$$

$$x=\frac{-7\pm 9}{16}$$

$x=\frac{-7-9}{16}$ OR $x=\frac{-7+9}{16}$

$x=\frac{-16}{16}$ OR $x=\frac{2}{16}$

OR $x=\frac{2(1)}{2(8)}$

$x=-1$ OR $x=\frac{1}{8}$

(166) Solve $6x^2 - 5x = 25$

6.1 2.3 25.1 5.5 38.

$6x^2 - 5x - 25 = 0$

$(2x-5)(3x+5) = 0$

Set $2x-5=0$ or $3x+5=0$

$2x-5+5=0+5$ OR $3x+5-5=0-5$

$2x = 5$ or $3x = -5$

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$ or $\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-5}{3}$

$x = 5/2$ OR $x = -5/3$

OR use the Quadratic formula

$6x^2 - 5x = 25$

$6x^2 - 5x - 25 = 0$

$a=6,\ b=-5,\ c=-25$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2-4}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-5) \pm \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4(6)(-25)}}{2(6)}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25+600}}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{625}}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm 25}{12}$$

$x = \frac{5-25}{12}$ OR $x = \frac{5+25}{12}$

$x = \frac{-20}{12}$ OR $x = \frac{30}{12}$

$x = -\frac{4(5)}{4(3)}$ OR $x = \frac{6(5)}{6(2)}$

$x = -\frac{5}{3}$ OR $x = \frac{5}{2}$

39.

167. Solve $x^2 = 25$

$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{25}$

$x = \pm 5$

$x = -5$ OR $x = 5$

168. Solve $x^2 = 2$

$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{2}$

$x = \pm\sqrt{2}$

$x = -\sqrt{2}$ OR $x = \sqrt{2}$

169. Solve $(x+2)^2 = 9$

$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \pm\sqrt{9}$

$x + 2 = \pm 3$

$x + 2 = -3$ OR $x + 2 = 3$

$x + 2 - 2 = -3 - 2$ OR $x + 2 - 2 = 3 - 2$

$x = -5$ OR $x = 1$

170. Solve $(x-4)^2 = 25$

$\sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \pm\sqrt{25}$

$x - 4 = \pm 5$

$x - 4 = -5$ OR $x - 4 = 5$

$x - 4 + 4 = -5 + 4$ OR $x - 4 + 4 = 5 + 4$

$x = -1$ OR $x = 9$

171. Solve $(x+2)^2 = 5$

$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \pm\sqrt{5}$

$x+2 = \pm\sqrt{5}$

$x+2 = -\sqrt{5}$ OR $x+2 = \sqrt{5}$

$x+2-2 = -\sqrt{5}-2$ OR $x+2-2 = \sqrt{5}-2$

$x = -\sqrt{5}-2$ OR $x = \sqrt{5}-2$

$x = -2-\sqrt{5}$ OR $x = -2+\sqrt{5}$

172. Solve $\frac{x}{9} = \frac{1}{x}$

$x(x) = 9(1)$

$x^2 = 9$

$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{9}$

$x = \pm 3$

$x = -3$ OR $x = 3$

173. Solve $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$

$x(x) = 3(1)$

$x^2 = 3$

$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{3}$

$x = \pm\sqrt{3}$

$x = -\sqrt{3}$ OR $x = \sqrt{3}$

(174) Solve $\sqrt{x} = 5$

$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (5)^2$

$x = 25$

(175) Solve $\sqrt{x+3} = 5$

$(\sqrt{x+3})^2 = (5)^2$

$x + 3 = 25$

$x + 3 - 3 = 25 - 3$

$x = 22$

(176) Solve $\sqrt{x-2} = 8$

$(\sqrt{x-2})^2 = (8)^2$

$x - 2 = 64$

$x - 2 + 2 = 64 + 2$

$x = 66$

(177) Solve $\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$

$\sqrt{x} + 2 - 2 = 5 - 2$

$\sqrt{x} = 3$

$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (3)^2$

$x = 9$

(178) Solve $\sqrt{x} - 2 = 7$

$\sqrt{x} - 2 + 2 = 7 + 2$

$\sqrt{x} = 9$

$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (9)^2$

$x = 81$

(179.) Find t if $t = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$ and $x = 32$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{32}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{16 * 2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{16}\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = 2\sqrt{2}$$

Primes 2, 3, 5, 7

2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

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(180.) Find t if $t = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$ and $x = 8$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{8}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{4 * 2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = \sqrt{2}$$

Primes 2, 3, 5, 7

2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

(181.) Find x if $y = mx^2$

$$y = mx^2$$

$$\frac{y}{m} = \frac{mx^2}{m}$$

$$\frac{y}{m} = x^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{y}{m}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{y}{m}} = x$$

$x = -\sqrt{\frac{y}{m}}$ OR $x = \sqrt{\frac{y}{m}}$

(182) Find x if $y = 5mx^2$

43

$$y = 5mx^2$$

$$\frac{y}{5m} = \frac{5mx^2}{5m}$$

$$\frac{y}{5m} = x^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{y}{5m}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{y}{5m}} = x$$

$x = -\sqrt{\frac{y}{5m}}$ or $x = \sqrt{\frac{y}{5m}}$

(183) Find x if $y = \frac{1}{5}mx^2$

$$y = \frac{1}{5}mx^2$$

$$5y = 5\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)mx^2$$

$$5y = mx^2$$

$$\frac{5y}{m} = \frac{mx^2}{m}$$

$$\frac{5y}{m} = x^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{5y}{m}} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{5y}{m}} = x$$

$x = -\sqrt{\frac{5y}{m}}$ or $x = \sqrt{\frac{5y}{m}}$

(184) Find x if $y = \frac{1}{11}mx^2$

$y = \frac{1}{11}mx^2$

$11y = 11\left(\frac{1}{11}\right)mx^2$

$11y = mx^2$

$\frac{11y}{m} = \frac{mx^2}{m}$

$\frac{11y}{m} = x^2$

$\pm\sqrt{\frac{11y}{m}} = \sqrt{x^2}$

$\pm\sqrt{\frac{11y}{m}} = x$

$x = -\sqrt{\frac{11y}{m}}$ or $x = \sqrt{\frac{11y}{m}}$

(185.) Solve for x

$x - y = 6$

$x + y = 8$

$2x = 14$

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$

$x = 7$

(186.) Solve for y

$x - y = 4$

$x = 2y$

$(2y) - y = 4$

$2y - y = 4$

$2y - 1y = 4$

$y = 4$

(187) Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} x+y=6 \\ x-y=2 \\ \hline 2x=8 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2}=\frac{8}{2}$$

$$x=4$$

(188) Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} x+2y=9 \\ x=y \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x+2(x)=9$$

$$x+2x=9$$

$$1x+2x=9$$

$$3x=9$$

$$\frac{3x}{3}=\frac{9}{3}$$

$$x=3$$

(189) Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} x+y=50 \\ x-y=0 \\ \hline 2x=50 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2}=\frac{50}{2}$$

$$x=25$$

190. Solve for x

$$2x+3y=5$$
$$4x-2y=2$$

$(2x+3y=5)(2)$
$(4x-2y=2)(3)$

$$4x+6y=10$$
$$12x-6y=6$$

$$16x=16$$
$$\frac{16x}{16}=\frac{16}{16}$$
$$x=1$$

191. Solve for x

$$3x+2y=5$$
$$4x+7y=11$$

$(3x+2y=5)(-7)$
$(4x+7y=11)(2)$

$$-21x-14y=-35$$
$$8x+14y=22$$

$$-13x=-13$$

$$\frac{-13x}{-13}=\frac{-13}{-13}$$

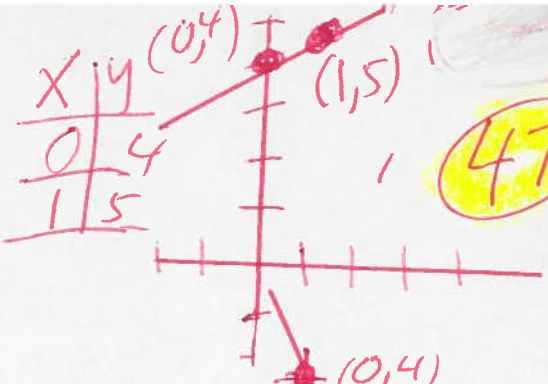
$$x=1$$

(192) Graph $y = x + 4$

$y = (0) + 4$
$y = 0 + 4$
$y = 4$

$y = (1) + 4$
$y = 1 + 4$
$y = 5$

x	y
0	4
1	5

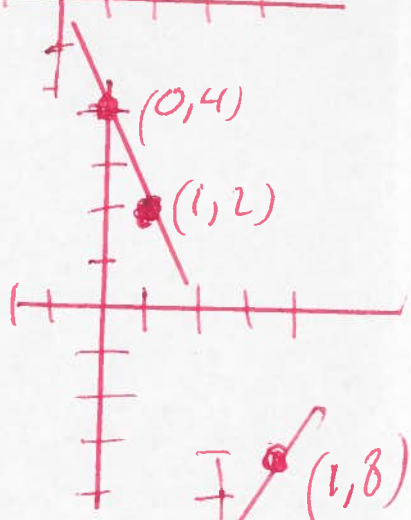


(193.) Graph $y = -2x + 4$

$y = -2(0) + 4$
$y = 0 + 4$
$y = 4$

$y = -2(1) + 4$
$y = -2 + 4$
$y = 2$

x	y
0	4
1	2

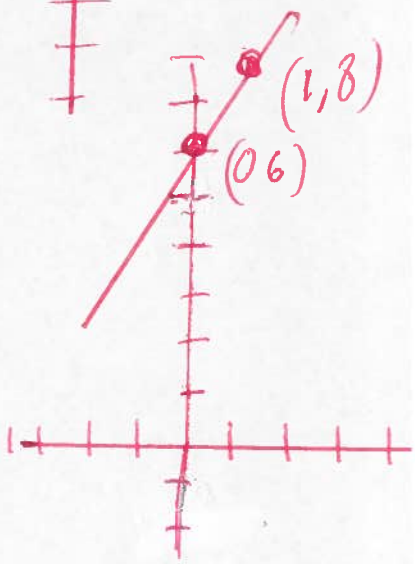


(194) Graph $y = 2x + 6$

$y = 2(0) + 6$
$y = 0 + 6$
$y = 6$

$y = 2(1) + 6$
$y = 2 + 6$
$y = 8$

x	y
0	6
1	8

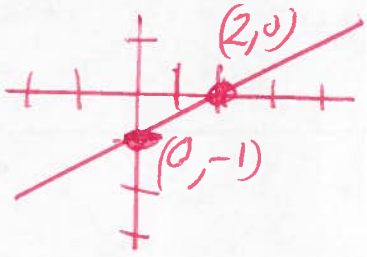


(195.) Graph $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

$y = \frac{1}{2}(0) - 1$
$y = 0 - 1$
$y = -1$

$y = \frac{1}{2}(2) - 1$
$y = 1 - 1$
$y = 0$

x	y
0	-1
2	0



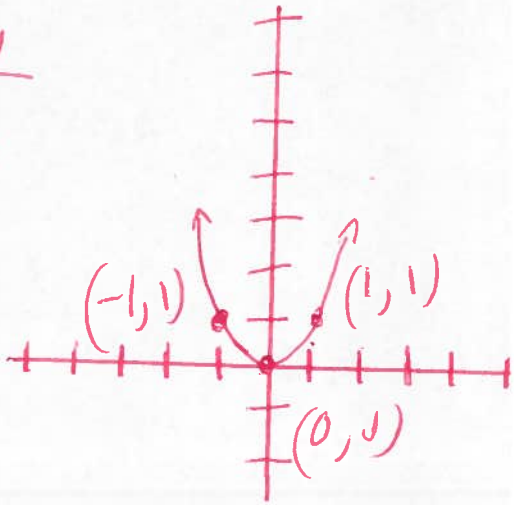
(196.) Graph $y = x^2$

$y = (-1)^2$
$y = (-1)(-1)$
$y = 1$

$y = (0)^2$
$y = (0)(0)$
$y = 0$

$y = (1)^2$
$y = (1)(1)$
$y = 1$

x	y
-1	1
0	0
1	1



(197) Graph $y = x^2 - 4$

$y = (-1)^2 - 4$
$y = (-1)(-1) - 4$
$y = 1 - 4$
$y = -3$

$y = (0)^2 - 4$
$y = (0)(0) - 4$
$y = 0 - 4$
$y = -4$

$y = (1)^2 - 4$
$y = (1)(1) - 4$
$y = 1 - 4$
$y = -3$

x	y
-1	-3
0	-4
1	-3

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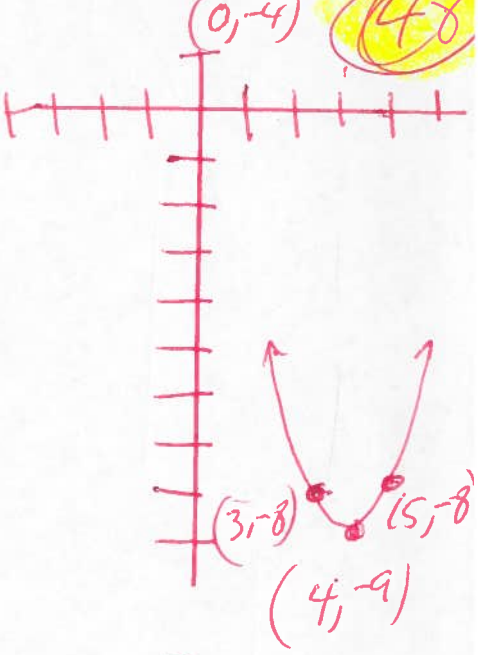
(198) Graph $y = (x-4)^2 - 9$

$y = (3-4)^2 - 9$
$y = (-1)^2 - 9$
$y = (-1)(-1) - 9$
$y = 1 - 9$
$y = -8$

$y = (4-4)^2 - 9$
$y = (0)^2 - 9$
$y = (0)(0) - 9$
$y = 0 - 9$
$y = -9$

$y = (5-4)^2 - 9$
$y = (1)^2 - 9$
$y = (1)(1) - 9$
$y = 1 - 9$
$y = -8$

x	y
3	-8
4	-9
5	-8



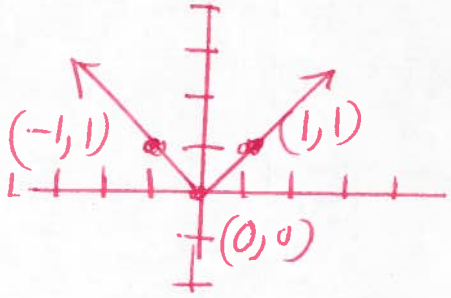
(199) Graph $y = |x|$

$y = |-1|$
$y = 1$

$y = |0|$
$y = 0$

$y = |1|$
$y = 1$

x	y
-1	1
0	0
1	1



(200) Graph $y = |x-2| + 4$

$y = |1-2| + 4$
$y = |-1| + 4$
$y = 1 + 4$
$y = 5$

$y = |2-2| + 4$
$y = |0| + 4$
$y = 0 + 4$
$y = 4$

$y = |3-2| + 4$
$y = |1| + 4$
$y = 1 + 4$
$y = 5$

x	y
1	5
2	4
3	5