



3. For the given functions  $f$  and  $g$ , complete parts (a)-(h). For parts (a)-(d), also find the domain.

$$f(x) = 5x + 4; g(x) = 9x - 1$$

- (a) Find  $(f + g)(x)$ .

$$(f + g)(x) =$$

(Simplify your answer.)

$$(f+g)(x) =$$

$$f(x) + g(x) =$$

$$(5x+4) + (9x-1) =$$

$$5x+4+9x-1 =$$

$$5x+9x+4-1 =$$

$$14x+3 =$$

domain

$(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of  $f + g$ ? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$$14x+3$$

- A. The domain is  $\{x | \text{ } \}$ .

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is  $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

- (b) Find  $(f - g)(x)$ .

$$(f - g)(x) =$$

(Simplify your answer.)

$$(f-g)(x) =$$

$$(5x+4) - (9x-1) =$$

$$5x+4-9x+1 =$$

$$-4x+5 =$$

domain

$(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of  $f - g$ ? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$$(f-g)(x) =$$

- A. The domain is  $\{x | \text{ } \}$ .

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is  $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

- (c) Find  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ .

$$(f \cdot g)(x) =$$

(Simplify your answer.)

$$(f \cdot g)(x) =$$

$$(5x+4)(9x-1) =$$

$$45x^2 - 5x + 36x - 4 =$$

$$45x^2 + 31x - 4 =$$

domain

$(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of  $f \cdot g$ ? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$$(f \cdot g)(x) =$$

$9x-1=0 \Rightarrow$

$$9x-1+1=0+1$$

$$9x=1$$

$$\frac{9x}{9}=\frac{1}{9}$$

$$x=\frac{1}{9}$$

- A. The domain is  $\{x | \text{ } \}$ .

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is  $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

- (d) Find  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$ .

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) =$$

(Simplify your answer.)

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} =$$

$$\frac{5x+4}{9x-1} =$$

domain

$x \neq \frac{1}{9}$

What is the domain of  $\frac{f}{g}$ ? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$$\frac{f+g(x)}{g(x)} = 14x+3$$

$$(f+g)(4) = 14(4)+3$$

- A. The domain is  $\{x | \text{ } \}$ .

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is  $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

$$(f+g)(4) = 56+3$$

$$(f+g)(4) = 59$$

$\checkmark$

(e) Find  $(f + g)(4)$ .

$$(f + g)(4) =$$

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(f) Find  $(f - g)(3)$ .

$$(f - g)(3) =$$

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(g) Find  $(f \cdot g)(2)$ .

$$(f \cdot g)(2) =$$

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(h) Find  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1)$ .

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) =$$

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

Answers 14x + 3

B. The domain is  $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

$$-4x + 5$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{5x+4}{9x-1}$$

B. The domain is  $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

$$45x^2 + 31x - 4$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \frac{5(1)+4}{9(1)-1}$$

B. The domain is  $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$ .

$$\frac{5x+4}{9x-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \frac{5+4}{9-1}$$

A. The domain is  $\left\{x \mid x \neq \frac{1}{9}\right\}$ .

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \frac{9}{8}$$

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

59

-7

238

$$\frac{9}{8}$$

ID: 1.1.67

4. Find the difference quotient of  $f$ ; that is, find  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ ,  $h \neq 0$ , for the following function. Be sure to simplify.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 7x + 2$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer:  $2x + h - 7$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 7x + 2$$

ID: 1.1.83

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} =$$

$$\frac{(x+h)^2 - 7(x+h) + 2 - (x^2 - 7x + 2)}{h} =$$

$$\frac{(x+h)(x+h) - 7x - 7h + 2 - x^2 + 7x - 2}{h} =$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2xh + h^2 - 7x - 7h + 2 - x^2 + 7x - 2}{h} =$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2xh + h^2 - 7x - 7h + 2 - x^2 + 7x - 2}{h} =$$

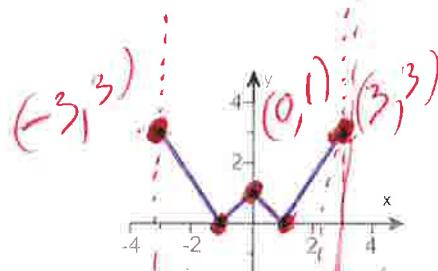
$$\frac{2xh + h^2 - 7h}{h} =$$

$$\frac{2xh}{h} + \frac{h^2}{h} - \frac{7h}{h} =$$

$$2x + h - 7 =$$

5. Using the given graph of the function  $f$ , find the following.

- (a) the intercepts, if any
- (b) its domain and range
- (c) the intervals on which it is increasing, decreasing, or constant
- (d) whether it is even, odd, or neither



- x-intercept* *x-intercept* *y-intercept*
- (a) What are the intercepts?  
 $(-1, 0)$   $(1, 0)$   $(0, 1)$

(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- (b) The domain is  $[-3, 3]$  ←

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

- The range is  $[0, 3]$  ←

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

*(-1, 0) (1, 0)*

*Example favorite place for a double meat, double cheese double bacon Hamburger with a diet soda*

- (c) On which interval(s) is the graph increasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is increasing on  $[-1, 0]$   $[1, 3]$

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The graph is not increasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph decreasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is decreasing on  $[-3, -1]$   $[0, 1]$

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The graph is not decreasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph constant? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is constant on \_\_\_\_\_

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

- (d) The function is (1) \_\_\_\_\_

- (1)  even.

- odd.

- neither odd nor even.

Answers (-1,0),(1,0),(0,1)

[-3,3]

[0,3]

A. The graph is increasing on [-1,0],[1,3].

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The graph is decreasing on [-3,-1],[0,1].

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(1) even.

ID: 1.3.25

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6. The function  $f$  is defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2+x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the domain of the function.
- (b) Locate any intercepts.
- (c) Graph the function.
- (d) Based on the graph, find the range.

(a) The domain of the function  $f$  is  $(-\infty, \infty)$

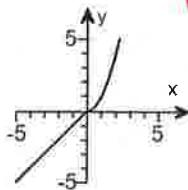
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(b) Locate any intercepts. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

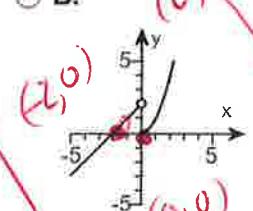
- A. The intercept(s) is/are  $(-2, 0), (0, 0)$ .  
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There are no intercepts.

(c) Choose the correct graph of  $f(x)$  below.

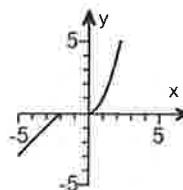
A.



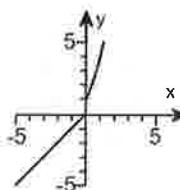
B.



C.



D.



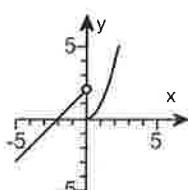
(d) The range of the function  $f$  is  $(-\infty, \infty)$

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

Answers  $(-\infty, \infty)$

A. The intercept(s) is/are  $(-2, 0), (0, 0)$ .

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)



B.

$(-\infty, \infty)$

window

$$x_{\min} = -18$$

$$x_{\max} = 12$$

$$y_{\min} = -10$$

$$y_{\max} = 14$$

use graphing  
calculator

2nd Math

$$y_1 = 2+x \quad (x < 0) \quad \text{open circle}$$

2nd Math

$$y_2 = x^2 \quad (x \geq 0) \quad \text{close circle}$$

ID: 1.4.37

7. The graph of a function  $f$  is illustrated to the right. Use the graph of  $f$  as the first step toward graphing each of the following functions.

(a)  $F(x) = f(x) + 2$

(b)  $G(x) = f(x + 5)$

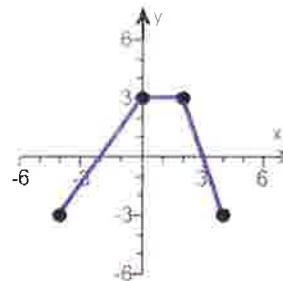
(c)  $P(x) = -f(x)$

(d)  $H(x) = f(x + 2) - 2$

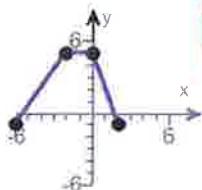
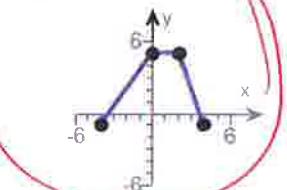
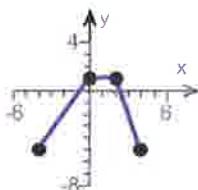
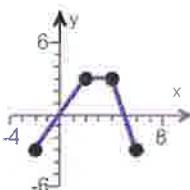
(e)  $Q(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x)$

(f)  $g(x) = f(-x)$

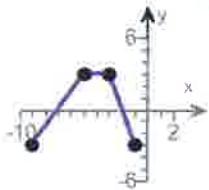
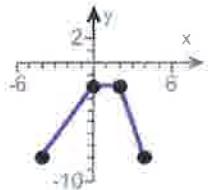
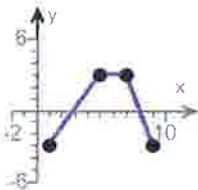
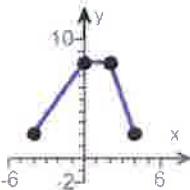
(g)  $h(x) = f(2x)$



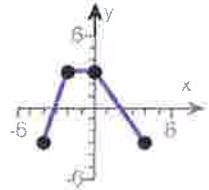
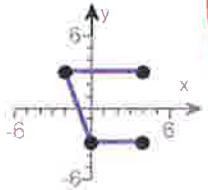
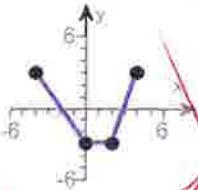
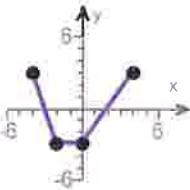
- (a) Choose the correct graph of  $F(x) = f(x) + 2$  below.

 A. B. C. D.

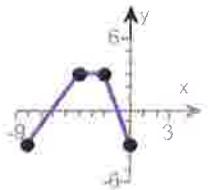
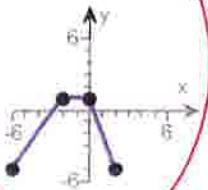
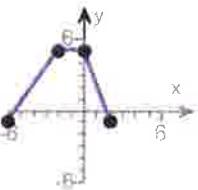
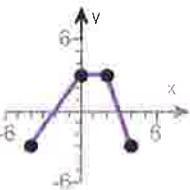
- (b) Choose the correct graph of  $G(x) = f(x + 5)$  below.

 A. B. C. D.

- (c) Choose the correct graph of  $P(x) = -f(x)$  below.

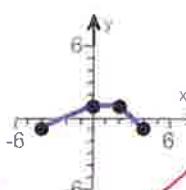
 A. B. C. D.

- (d) Choose the correct graph of  $H(x) = f(x + 2) - 2$  below.

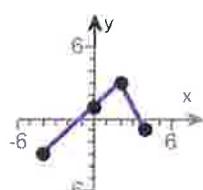
 A. B. C. D.

(e) Choose the correct graph of  $Q(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x)$  below.

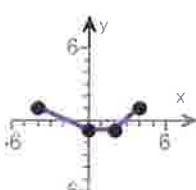
A.



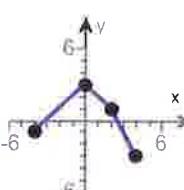
B.



C.

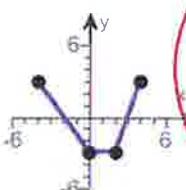


D.

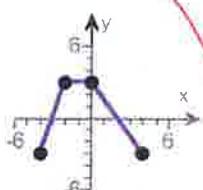


(f) Choose the correct graph of  $g(x) = f(-x)$  below.

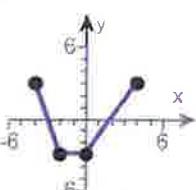
A.



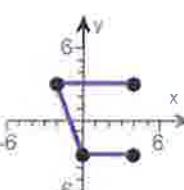
B.



C.

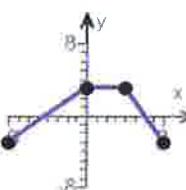


D.

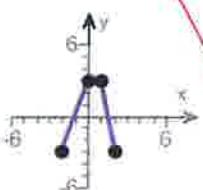


(g) Choose the correct graph of  $h(x) = f(2x)$  below.

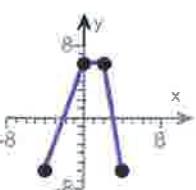
A.



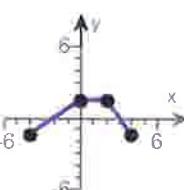
B.



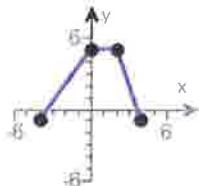
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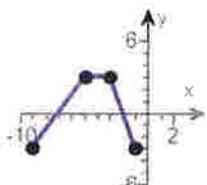
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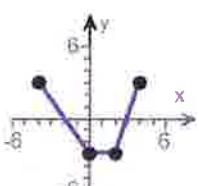
## Answers



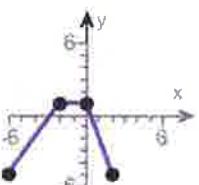
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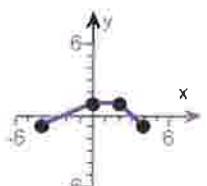
A.



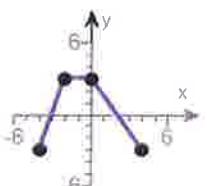
C.



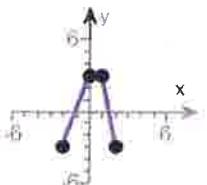
B.



A.



B.



B.

ID: 1.5.63

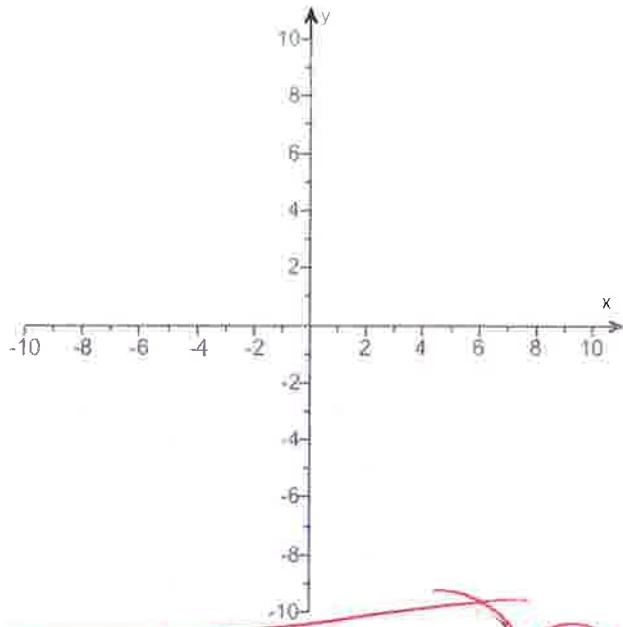
8.

- (a) Graph  $f(x) = |x + 5| - 4$  using transformations.  
 (b) Find the area of the region bounded by  $f$  and the  $x$ -axis that lies below the  $x$ -axis.

(a) Graph  $f(x)$ .

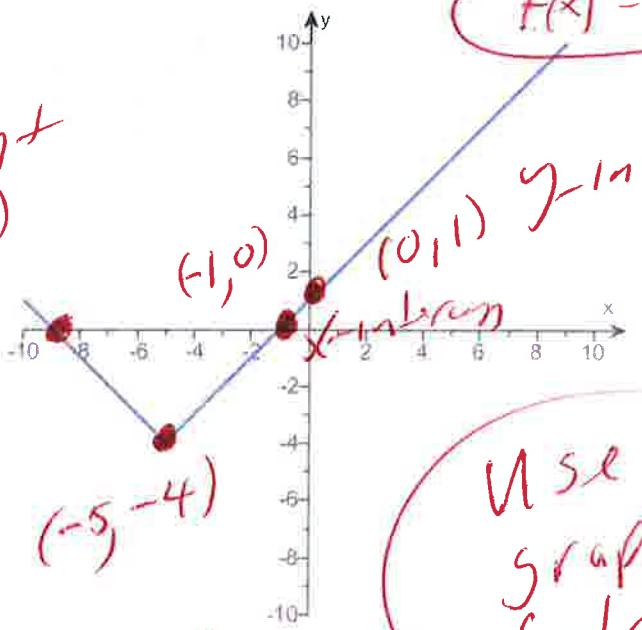
(Use the graphing tool provided to graph the function.)

- (b) The area of the region bounded by  $f$  and the  $x$ -axis that lies below the  $x$ -axis is \_\_\_\_\_ square units.  
 (Simplify your answer.)



Answers

$(-1, 0)$   $(9, 0)$



$$f(x) = |x + 5| - 4$$

| X  | f(x) |
|----|------|
| -9 | 0    |
| -5 | -4   |
| -1 | 0    |
| 0  | 1    |

Use  
graphing  
calculator

16

ID: 1.5.81

$$x_{\min} = -12$$

$$x_{\max} = 12$$

$$y_{\min} = -10$$

$$y_{\max} = 10$$

$y_1 = \text{math, Num, abs}$

$$y = \text{abs}(x + 5) - 4$$

Shift left -5 ↑

Shift down -4 ↓

9. Find the zeros, if any, of the quadratic function using the quadratic formula. What are the x-intercepts, if any, of the graph of the function?

$$f(x) = 8x^2 + 3 + 12x$$

$$f(x) = 8x^2 + 12x + 3$$

Rewrite

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

(Simplify your answer, including any radicals. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are different. The zeros are \_\_\_\_\_, the x-intercepts are \_\_\_\_\_.
- B. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are \_\_\_\_\_.
- C. There is no real zero solution and no x-intercept.

$$f(x) = 8x^2 + 12x + 3$$

Answer: B. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are  $\frac{-3 + \sqrt{3}}{4}, \frac{-3 - \sqrt{3}}{4}$ .

$$a = 8, b = 12, c = 3$$

ID: 2.3.47

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (\text{Quadratic formula})$$

$$x = \frac{-(12) \pm \sqrt{(12)^2 - 4(8)(3)}}{2(8)} \quad x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 96}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{48}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{16 \cdot 3}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{16 \cdot 3}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm 4\sqrt{3}}{16}$$

(Simplify)

Primes: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, ...

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$$

$$48 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$

$$48 = 16 \cdot 3$$

10  
Next Page

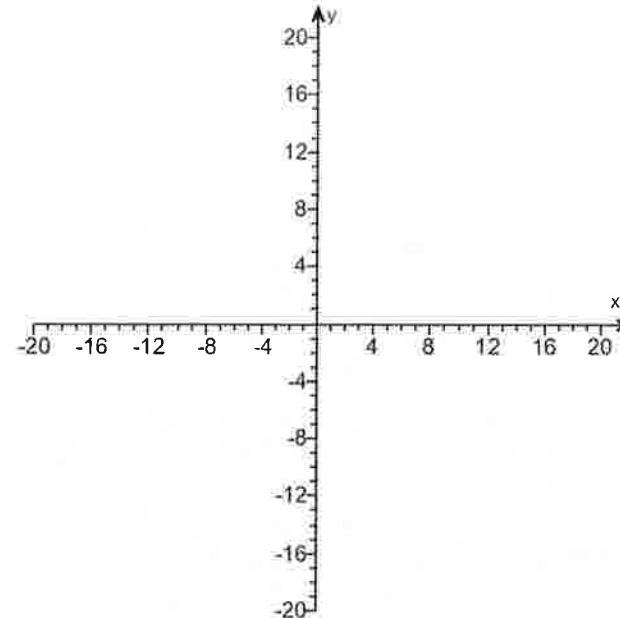
(10)

For the quadratic function  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$ , answer parts (a) through (c).

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

Does the graph of  $f$  open up or down?

- down
- up



What are the coordinates of the vertex?

The vertex of the parabola is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Type an ordered pair. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

What is the equation of the axis of symmetry?

The axis of symmetry is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Type an equation.)

What is/are the x-intercept(s)? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The x-intercept(s) is/are \_\_\_\_\_.

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There are no x-intercepts.

What is the y-intercept? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The y-intercept is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Type an integer or a decimal.)

- B. There is no y-intercept.

Use the graphing tool to graph the function.

(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

The domain of  $f$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of  $f$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.

Answers up

(2, -16)

 $x = 2$ A. The x-intercept(s) is/are 6, -2

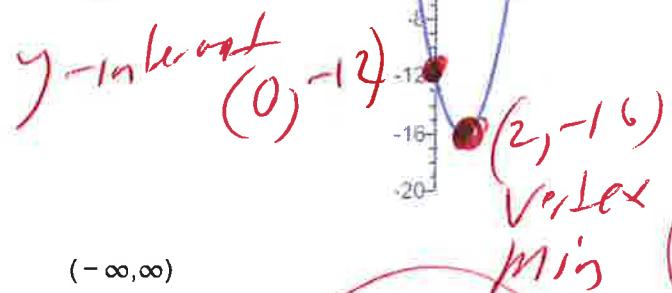
(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The y-intercept is -12. (Type an integer or a decimal.)

Example Swimming in the ocean at  
238 am on Saturday night by yourself

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

Shark Law  
Sharks eat only in  
the day and always  
sleep at night  
 $x$ -intercept  $(-2, 0)$



- $(-\infty, \infty)$
- $[-16, \infty)$
- $[2, \infty)$
- $(-\infty, 2]$

ID: 2.4.37

Vertex

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
|-----|--------|
| -2  | 0      |
| 0   | -12    |
| 2   | -16    |
| 6   | 0      |

You can find  
vertex.

Use  
graphing  
calculator

window  
 $x_{\text{min}} = -12$   
 $x_{\text{max}} = 12$   
 $y_{\text{min}} = -16$   
 $y_{\text{max}} = 16$

$$y_1 = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

BIG BIG

11. Find the vertical, horizontal, and oblique asymptotes, if any, for the following rational function.

$$R(x) = \frac{7x}{x+5}$$

$$R(x) = \frac{7x}{x+5} \text{ set } x+5=0$$

$$x+5=0-5$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= -5 \\x &= -5\end{aligned}$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are  $x =$   
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There is no vertical asymptote.

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are  $y =$   
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There is no horizontal asymptote.

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The oblique asymptote(s) is/are  $y =$   
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There is no oblique asymptote.

Answers A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are  $x = -5$   
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are  $y = 7$ .  
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no oblique asymptote.

ID: 3.4.45

Since highest power on top is same  
as highest power on bottom then  
there is no oblique asymptote

12. For  $f(x) = 9x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 6x$ , find the following composite functions and state the domain of each.

- (a)  $f \circ g$       (b)  $g \circ f$       (c)  $f \circ f$       (d)  $g \circ g$

(a)  $(f \circ g)(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of  $f \circ g$  is  $\{x \mid \text{_____}\}$ .

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of  $f \circ g$  is all real numbers.

(b)  $(g \circ f)(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of  $g \circ f$  is  $\{x \mid \text{_____}\}$ .

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of  $g \circ f$  is all real numbers.

(c)  $(f \circ f)(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of  $f \circ f$  is  $\{x \mid \text{_____}\}$ .

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of  $f \circ f$  is all real numbers.

(d)  $(g \circ g)(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of  $g \circ g$  is  $\{x \mid \text{_____}\}$ .

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of  $g \circ g$  is all real numbers.

Answers 54x + 4

B. The domain of  $f \circ g$  is all real numbers.

$$54x + 24$$

B. The domain of  $g \circ f$  is all real numbers.

$$81x + 40$$

B. The domain of  $f \circ f$  is all real numbers.

$$36x$$

B. The domain of  $g \circ g$  is all real numbers.

ID: 4.1.23

(12a)  $f(x) = 9x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 6x$

$$(f \circ g)(x) =$$

$$f(g(x)) =$$

$$f(6x) =$$

$$9(6x) + 4 =$$

$$54x + 4 =$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

inside here

(12b)  $(g \circ f)(x)$   $f(x) = 9x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 6x$

$$g(f(x)) =$$

$$g(9x + 4) =$$

$$6(9x + 4) =$$

$$54x + 24 =$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

Q3  
Next Problem  
11.  $f(x) = 9x + 4$

Inside it self  
 $f(x) = 9x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 6x$

$$(f \circ f)(x) =$$

$$f(f(x)) =$$

$$f(9x + 4) =$$

$$9(9x + 4) + 4 =$$

$$81x + 36 + 4 =$$

$$81x + 40 =$$

domain  
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

12.  $f(x) = 9x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 6x$

$$(g \circ g)(x) =$$

$$g(g(x)) =$$

$$g(6x) =$$

$$6(6x) =$$

$$36x =$$

domain  
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

(13)

The function  $f(x) = 8x - 2$  is one-to-one.

- Find the inverse of  $f$  and check the answer.
- Find the domain and the range of  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$ .
- Graph  $f$ ,  $f^{-1}$ , and  $y = x$  on the same coordinate axes.

(a)  $f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

(b) Find the domain of  $f$ . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is  $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- B. The domain is  $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- C. The domain is  $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

Find the range of  $f$ . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

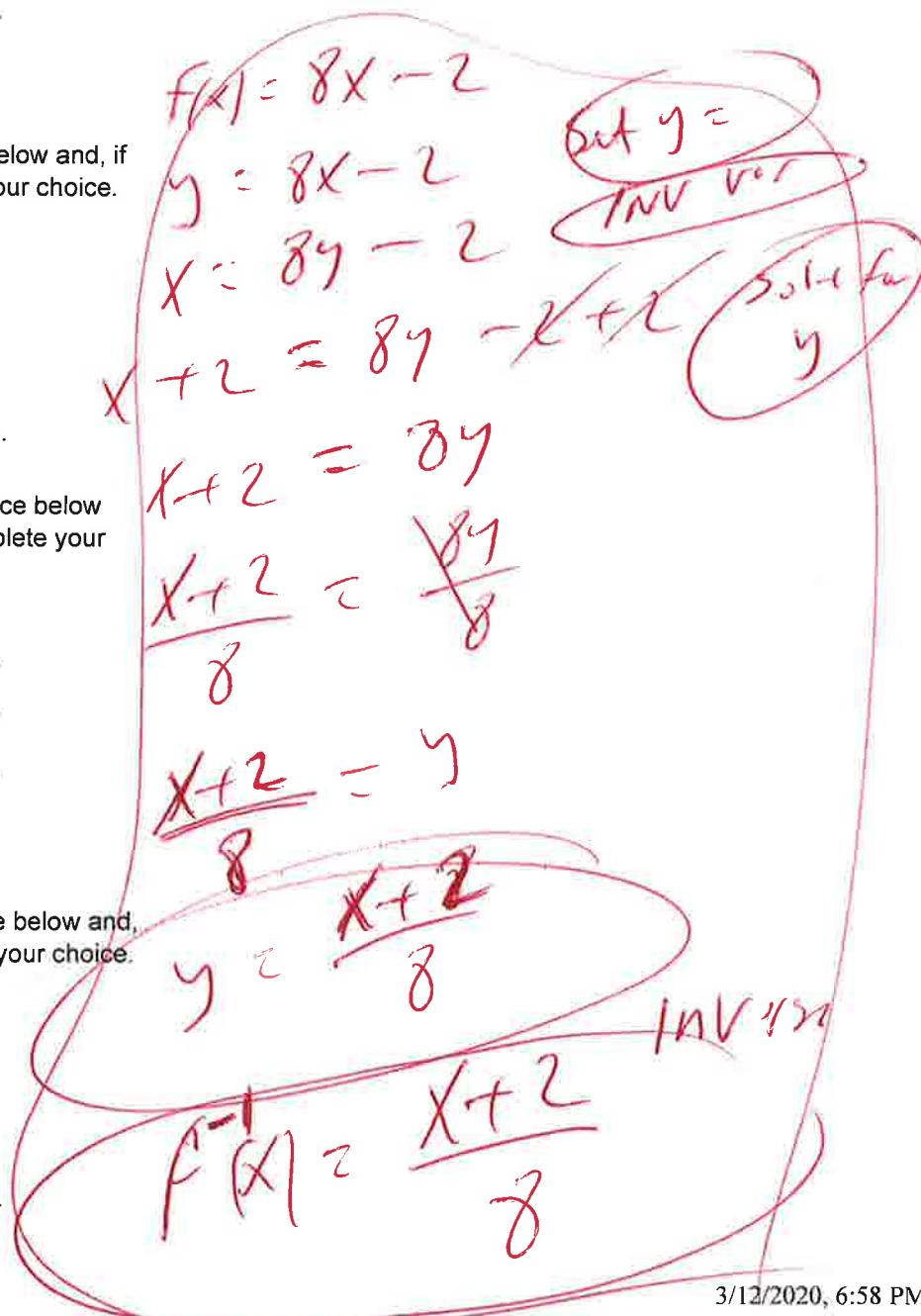
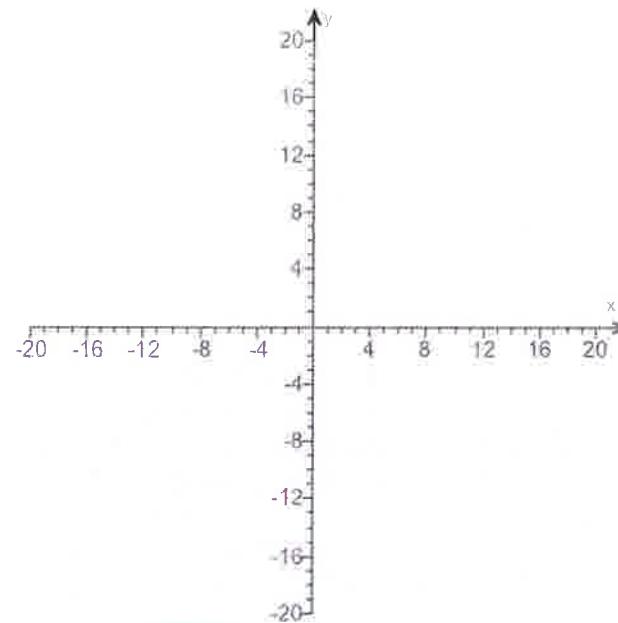
- A. The range is  $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- B. The range is  $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- C. The range is  $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.

Find the domain of  $f^{-1}$ . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is  $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- B. The domain is  $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- C. The domain is  $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

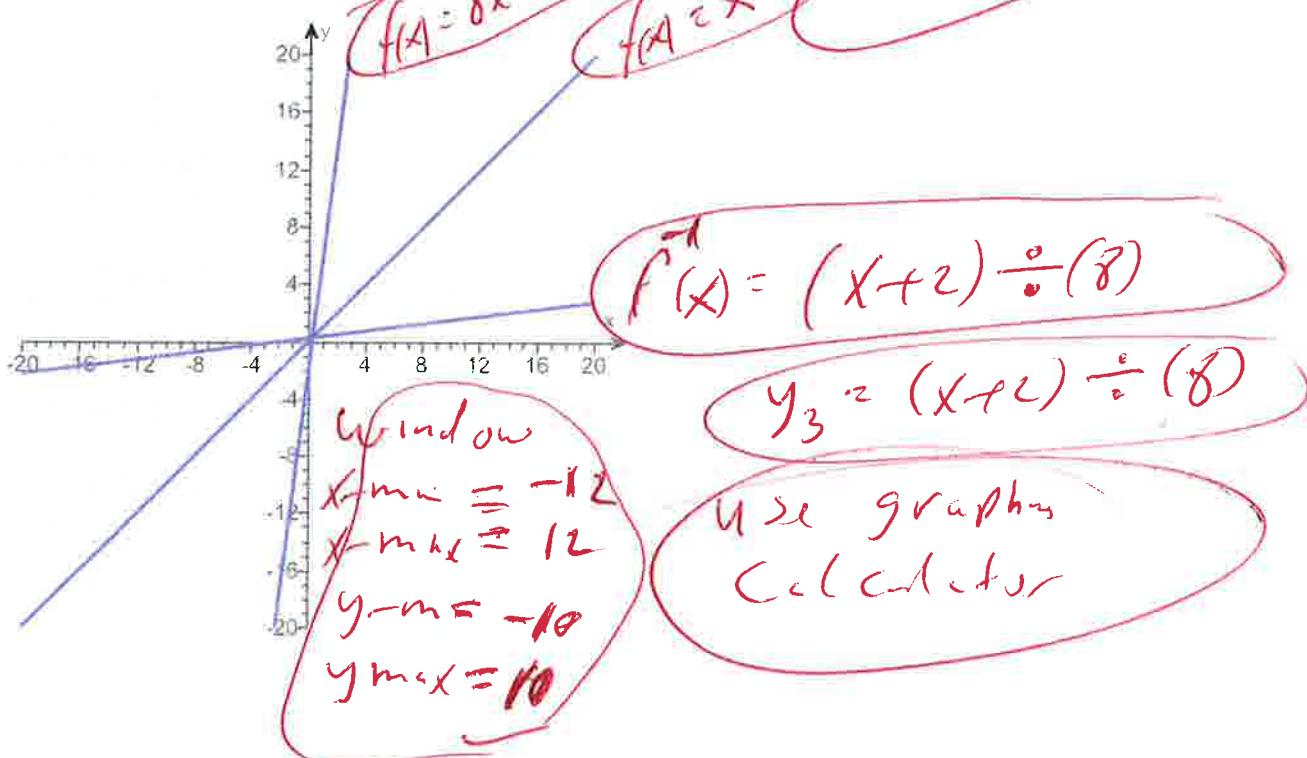
Find the range of  $f^{-1}$ . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The range is  $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- B. The range is  $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- C. The range is  $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.



Answers  $\frac{x+2}{8}$

- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.  
 D. The range is the set of all real numbers.  
 D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.  
 D. The range is the set of all real numbers.



ID: 4.2.53

14. Solve the equation.

$$8^{-x+21} = 16^x$$

$$(2^3)^{-x+21} = (2^4)^x \quad \text{Rewrite}$$

The solution set is { }.

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: 9

$$\begin{aligned} 2^{-3x+63} &= 2^{4x} \\ -3x+63 &= 4x \end{aligned}$$

ID: 4.3.73

$$\begin{aligned} -3x+63 &= 4x \\ -3x-4x &= 4x-63 \\ -7x &= -63 \\ -7x &= -\frac{63}{-7} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 2(8) & 2(16) \\ 2(4) & 2(8) \\ 1 & 2(4) \\ & 2(2) \\ & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ 8 = 2^3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 16 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ 16 = 2^4 \end{array}$$

15. Solve the equation.

$$\log_2(2x+1) = 3$$

formula  
base x on  
base 2 off

$$\log_2(2x+1) = 3$$

$$2^3 = 2x+1$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 2x+1$$

$$8 = 2x+1$$

$$8-1 = 2x+1-1$$

$$7 = 2x$$

$$\frac{7}{2} = x$$

$$\frac{7}{2} = x$$

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

The solution set is  $\{\}$ .

(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answers  $2x+1 = 2^3$

$$\frac{7}{2}$$

ID: 4.4.91-Setup & Solve

16. Find the amount that results from the given investment.

\$600 invested at 8% compounded quarterly after a period of 4 years

After 4 years, the investment results in \$

(Round to the nearest cent as needed.)

Answer: 823.67

$$A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$$

$$A = 600(1 + \frac{0.08}{4})^{(4)(4)}$$

$$A = 600(1 + \frac{0.08}{4})^{16}$$

$$P = 600 \\ r = 8\% = .08 \\ n = 4 = \text{Quarterly} \\ t = 4 = \text{Years}$$

$$A = 823.6714231$$

$$A = 823.67 \text{ found}$$

17. How many years will it take for an initial investment of \$30,000 to grow to \$45,000? Assume a rate of interest of 14% compounded continuously.

It will take about \_\_\_\_\_ years for the investment to grow to \$45,000.

(Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answer: 2.90

$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

$$45000 = 30000e^{0.14t}$$

$$1.5 = e^{0.14t}$$

$$\ln(1.5) = \ln(e^{0.14t})$$

$$\ln(1.5) = 0.14t \ln(e)$$

$$\ln(1.5) = 0.14t(1)$$

$$\ln(1.5) = 0.14t$$

$$\ln(1.5) = 0.14t$$

$$2.90 = t$$

Round

formula  $\ln(A^a) = a \ln(A)$

$$\ln(e) = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 3y = 6 \\ 5x + y = 17 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} (1) \\ (3) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} 4x - 3y & = & 6 \\ 15x + 3y & = & 51 \\ \hline 19x + 0 & = & 57 \end{array}$$

$$19x = 57$$

$$\frac{19x}{19} = \frac{57}{19}$$

$$x = 3$$

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution of the system is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)

- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered pairs, the solution can be written as  
 $\{(x,y) | x = \text{_____}, y \text{ any real number}\}$ .  
(Simplify your answer. Type an expression using  $y$  as the variable as needed.)

- C. The system is inconsistent.

Answer: A. The solution of the system is  $x =$  3 and  $y =$  2.  
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)

ID: 6.1.33

$$(x, y) \in (3, 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4x - 3y & = & 6 \\ 4(3) - 3y & = & 6 \\ -3y & = & -6 \\ \hline -3y & = & -6 \\ \hline y & = & 2 \end{array}$$

19. Solve the given system of equations. If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y + 4z = 8 \\ 2x + y + z = 2 \\ -2x + 3y - 3z = -8 \end{cases}$$

2nd, Matrix, edit, [A], 3x4 etc

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 & 8 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -3 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_,  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_, and  $z =$  \_\_\_\_\_. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as  
 $\{(x,y,z) | x = \text{_____}, y = \text{_____}, z \text{ any real number}\}$ .  
(Simplify your answers. Type expressions using  $z$  as the variable as needed.)
- C. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as  
 $\{(x,y,z) | x = \text{_____}, y \text{ any real number}, z \text{ any real number}\}$ .  
(Simplify your answer. Type an expression using  $y$  and  $z$  as the variables as needed.)
- D. The system is inconsistent.

Answer: A.

The solution is  $x =$  1,  $y =$  -1, and  $z =$  1. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

ID: 6.1.45

2nd, Matrix, Math, rref()

$$\text{rref}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(x, y, z) = (1, -1, 1)$$

20. Find the real solutions of the equation.

$$3 + \sqrt{2x+2} = x$$

$$\sqrt{2x+2} = x - 3$$

*(Rewrite)*

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your answer.

- A. The solution set is  $\{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .  
 (Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The solution is the empty set.

Answer: A. The solution set is  $\{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$ .

(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

ID: A.8.55

$$(\sqrt{2x+2})^2 = (x-3)^2$$

*(Square Both Sides)*

$$2x+2 = (x-3)(x-3)$$

$$2x+2 = x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$$

$$2x+2 = x^2 - 6x + 9$$

$$0 = x^2 - 6x + 9 - 2x - 2$$

$$0 = x^2 - 8x + 7$$

$$0 = (x-1)(x-7)$$

$$x-1=0 \text{ OR } x-7=0$$

$$x-1+1=0+1 \text{ OR } x-7+7=0+7$$

~~x=1~~ or  $x=7$  *(check)*

$$3 + \sqrt{2x+2} = x$$

$$\text{for } x=1 \quad \text{for } x=7$$

$$3 + \sqrt{2(1)+2} = 1$$

$$3 + \sqrt{2(7)+2} = 7$$

$$3 + \sqrt{2+2} = 1$$

$$3 + \sqrt{16} = 7$$

$$3 + \sqrt{4} = 1$$

$$3 + 4 = 7$$

$$3 + 2 = 1$$

$$7 = 7$$

$5 \neq 1$  BAD

Good

*(Answe*

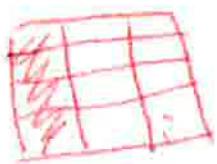
$x=7$

*only*





$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{4}{12}, \quad \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$



SMART Bird

5-8-17  
Mike

$$\frac{4}{12} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{12}{12} - \frac{10}{12} = \frac{2}{12} \text{ or } \frac{1}{6}$$

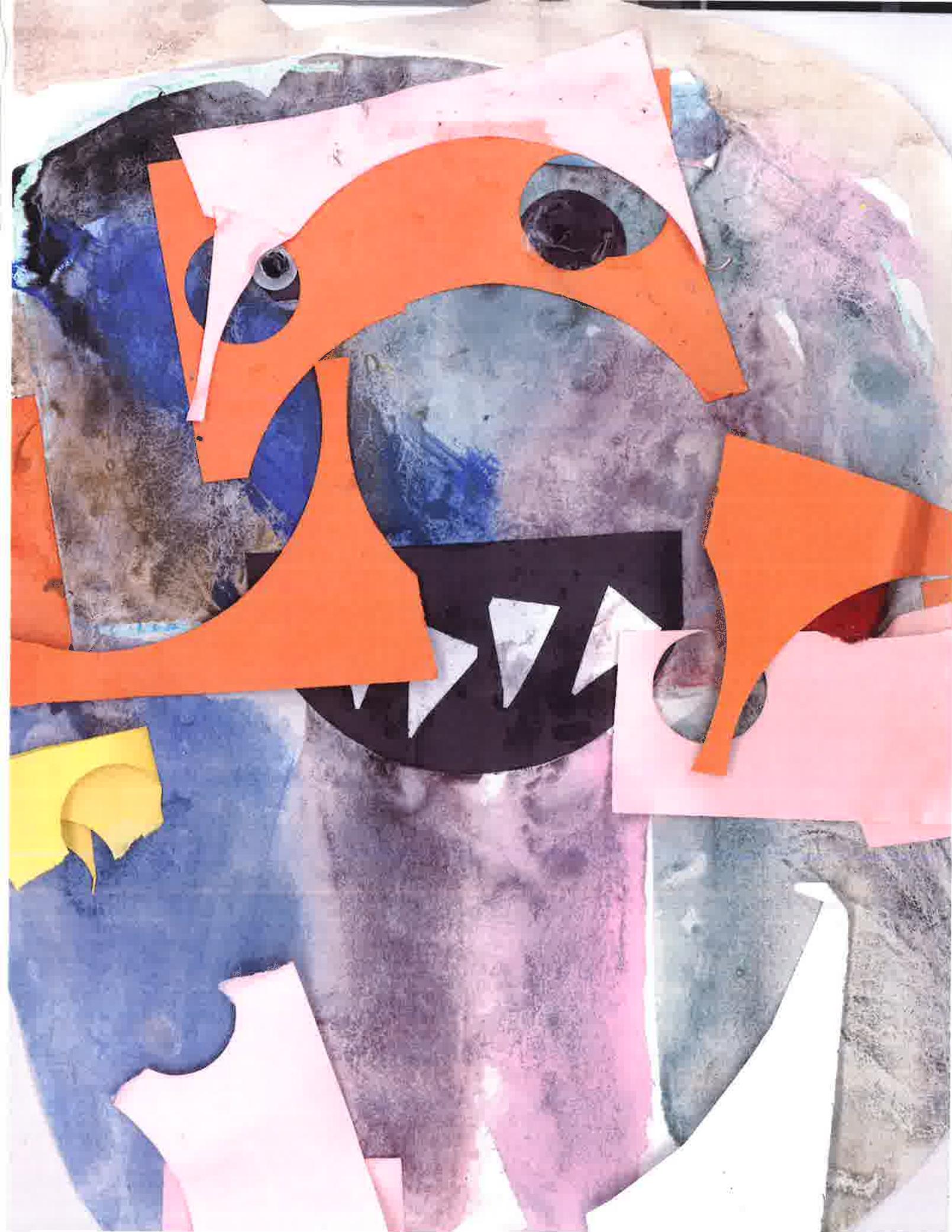
Mike Mike Mike



BROKEN SURFBOARD



12/11/19. Arica





09031an

(exponential  
growth)

