

Student: _____
Date: _____

Instructor: Alfredo Alvarez
Course: Math 1314 Sullivan Coreq

Assignment: Relay
finalm1314COC054sulllljRZZ22Y

1. Solve the quadratic equation by factoring.

$$t^2 - 3t = 28$$

The solution set is $t = -4$ OR $t = 7$
(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: -4,7

ID: Quick Check PF.4.9

2. Solve the equation.

$$9x^3 + x^2 - 36x - 4 = 0$$

The solution set is $x = -\frac{1}{9}, -2, 2$
(Simplify your answer. Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: $-\frac{1}{9}, -2, 2$

ID: PF.4.39

3. Find the distance $d(P_1, P_2)$ between the given points P_1 and P_2 .

$P_1 = (4, 4)$
 $P_2 = (-1, 6)$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(4 - (-1))^2 + (4 - 6)^2}$$

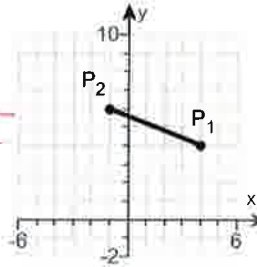
$$d = \sqrt{(4+1)^2 + (4-6)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{5^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$d(P_1, P_2) =$
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer, using radicals as needed.)

Answer: $\sqrt{29}$

ID: F.1.21



$(4, 4)$ $(-1, 6)$
 x_1, y_1 x_2, y_2

~~5.385164807~~
 $d = 5.385164807$

~~5.385~~
 $d = 5.385$ OR Round

4. Find the midpoint of the line segment joining the points P_1 and P_2 .

$$P_1 = (2, -4); P_2 = (8, 4)$$

The midpoint of the line segment joining the points P_1 and P_2 is .
(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair.)

Answer: (5,0)

$$\begin{array}{cc} (2, -4) & (8, 4) \\ x_1 & x_2 \\ y_1 & y_2 \end{array}$$

ID: F.1.39

$$\text{Midpoint} = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Mid point} = \left(\frac{(2) + (8)}{2}, \frac{(-4) + (4)}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Midpoint} = \left(\frac{2+8}{2}, \frac{-4+4}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Mid point} = \left(\frac{10}{2}, \frac{0}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Mid point} = (5, 0) \checkmark$$

5. For the equation $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 4y - 3 = 0$, do the following.

- (a) Find the center (h,k) and radius r of the circle.
- (b) Graph the circle.
- (c) Find the intercepts, if any.

(a) The center is .
(Type an ordered pair.)

The radius is r = .

(b) Use the graphing tool to graph the circle.

(c) Find the intercepts, if any. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

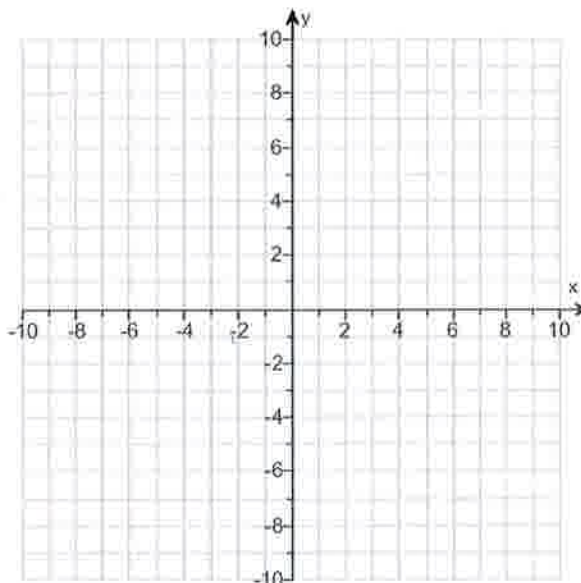
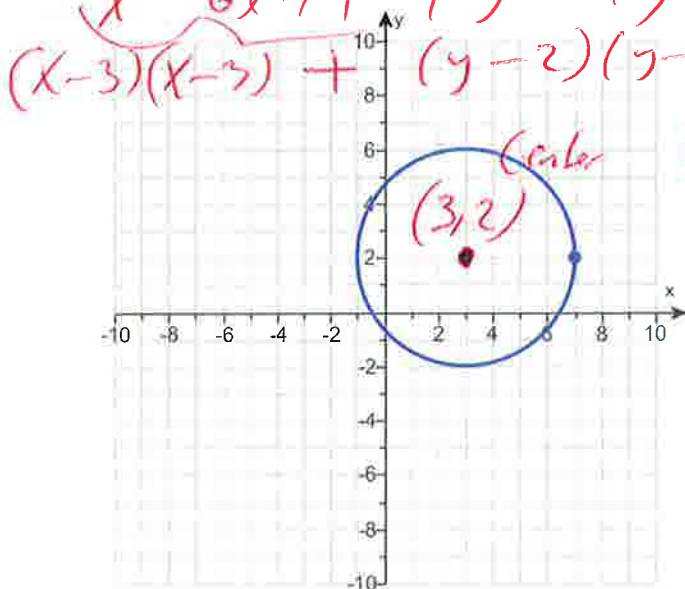
A. The intercept(s) is/are .

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed. Type exact answers for each coordinate, using radicals as needed.)

B. There is no intercept.

Answers (3,2)

4



A. The intercept(s) is/are .

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed. Type exact answers for each coordinate, using radicals as needed.)

6. Find the domain of the function.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 18}$$

The domain is : (Type your answer in interval notation.)

Answer: $[9, \infty)$

ID: 1.1.59

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 18}$$

$$\text{Let } 2x - 18 \geq 0$$

$$2x - 18 + 18 \geq 0 + 18$$

$$2x \geq 18$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} \geq \frac{18}{2}$$

$$x \geq 9$$



$$[9, \infty)$$

formula
domain

$$f(x) = \sqrt{Ax + B}$$

Let $Ax + B \geq 0$

7. For the given functions f and g , complete parts (a)-(h). For parts (a)-(d), also find the domain.

$f(x) = 5x + 6; g(x) = 7x - 9$

(a) Find $(f + g)(x)$.

$(f + g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

$(f+g)(x) =$
 $f(x) + g(x) =$
 $(5x+6) + (7x-9) =$
 $5x+6 + 7x-9 =$
 $12x-3 =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of $f + g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

(b) Find $(f - g)(x)$.

$(f - g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

$(f-g)(x) =$
 $f(x) - g(x) =$
 $(5x+6) - (7x-9) =$
 $5x+6 - 7x+9 =$
 $-2x+15 =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of $f - g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

(c) Find $(f \cdot g)(x)$.

$(f \cdot g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

$(f \cdot g)(x) =$
 $f(x) \cdot g(x) =$
 $(5x+6)(7x-9) =$
 $35x^2 - 5x + 42x - 54 =$
 $35x^2 - 3x - 54 =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

What is the domain of $f \cdot g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

(d) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$.

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) =$
 $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} =$
 $\frac{5x+6}{7x-9} =$

Let $7x-9=0$
 $7x-9+9=0+9$
 $7x=9$
 $\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{9}{7}$

What is the domain of $\frac{f}{g}$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$(f+g)(x) = 12x-3$
 $(f+g)(3) = 12(3)-3$
 $(f+g)(3) = 36-3$
 $(f+g)(3) = 33$

Domain $x \neq \frac{9}{7}$

(e) Find $(f + g)(3)$.

$(f + g)(3) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

$(f - g)(x) = -2x + 15$

→ (f) Find $(f - g)(4)$.

$(f - g)(4) = -2(4) + 15$

$(f - g)(4) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

$(f - g)(4) = -8 + 15$

→ (g) Find $(f \cdot g)(2)$.

$(f - g)(4) = 7$ ✓

$(f \cdot g)(2) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

$(f \cdot g)(x) = 35x^2 - 3x - 54$

(h) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1)$.

$(f \cdot g)(2) = 35(2)^2 - 3(2) - 54$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

$(f \cdot g)(2) = 35(2)(2) - 3(2) - 54$

$(f \cdot g)(2) = 35(4) - 3(2) - 54$

$(f \cdot g)(2) = 140 - 6 - 54$

Answers $12x - 3$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$

$-2x + 15$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$35x^2 - 3x - 54$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{5x + 6}{7x - 9}$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$\frac{5x + 6}{7x - 9}$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \frac{5(1) + 6}{7(1) - 9}$

A. The domain is $\left\{x \mid \boxed{x \neq \frac{9}{7}}\right\}$.

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

33

7

80

$-\frac{11}{2}$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \frac{5 + 6}{7 - 9}$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = -\frac{11}{2}$ ✓

ID: 1.1.67

8. For the given functions f and g , complete parts (a)-(h). For parts (a)-(d), also find the domain.

$f(x) = x - 6; g(x) = 9x^2$

(a) Find $(f + g)(x)$.

$(f + g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

$(f+g)(x) =$
 $f(x) + g(x) =$
 $(x-6) + (9x^2) =$
 $x-6 + 9x^2 =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

$9x^2 + x - 6 \equiv$

What is the domain of $f + g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$(f-g)(x) =$
 $f(x) - g(x) =$
 $(x-6) - (9x^2) =$
 $x-6 - 9x^2 =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

$-9x^2 + x - 6 \equiv$

(b) Find $(f - g)(x)$.

$(f - g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

What is the domain of $f - g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$(f \cdot g)(x) =$
 $f(x) \cdot g(x) =$
 $(x-6)(9x^2) =$

Domain
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

$9x^3 - 54x^2 \equiv$

(c) Find $(f \cdot g)(x)$.

$(f \cdot g)(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

What is the domain of $f \cdot g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$(\frac{f}{g})(x) =$
 $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} =$
 $\frac{x-6}{9x^2} =$

NA $9x^2 = 0$
 $\frac{9x^2}{9} = \frac{0}{9}$
 $x^2 = 0$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{0}$
 $x = 0$

$\frac{x-6}{9x^2} \equiv$

(d) Find $(\frac{f}{g})(x)$.

$(\frac{f}{g})(x) = \text{[]}$ (Simplify your answer.)

What is the domain of $\frac{f}{g}$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[]}\}$.
 (Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$(f+g)(x) = 9x^2 + x - 6$
 $(f+g)(3) = 9(3)^2 + (3) - 6$
 $(f+g)(3) = 9(3)(3) + 3 - 6$
 $(f+g)(3) = 9(9) + 3 - 6$
 $(f+g)(3) = 81 + 3 - 6$
 $(f+g)(3) = 78$

(e) Find $(f + g)(3)$.

$(f + g)(3) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(f) Find $(f - g)(2)$.

$(f - g)(2) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(g) Find $(f \cdot g)(4)$.

$(f \cdot g)(4) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

(h) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4)$.

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4) = \text{[]}$ (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

$(f - g)(x) = -9x^2 + x - 6$
 $(f - g)(2) = -9(2)^2 + (2) - 6$
 $(f - g)(2) = -9(4) + (2) - 6$
 $(f - g)(2) = -36 + 2 - 6$
 $(f - g)(2) = -40$

$(f \cdot g)(x) = 9x^3 - 54x^2$
 $(f \cdot g)(4) = 9(4)^3 - 54(4)^2$
 $(f \cdot g)(4) = 9(64) - 54(16)$
 $(f \cdot g)(4) = 576 - 864$
 $(f \cdot g)(4) = -288$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{x - 6}{9x^2}$

Answers $9x^2 + x - 6$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$-9x^2 + x - 6$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$9x^3 - 54x^2$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$\frac{x - 6}{9x^2}$

A. The domain is $\{x \mid \text{[] } x \neq 0 \}$.

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

78

-40

-288

$-\frac{1}{72}$

$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4) = \frac{(4) - 6}{9(4)^2}$
 $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4) = \frac{4 - 6}{9(16)}$
 $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4) = \frac{-2}{144}$
 $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4) = -\frac{1}{72}$

ID: 1.1.69

9. Find the difference quotient of f ; that is, find $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$, $h \neq 0$, for the following function. Be sure to simplify.

$f(x) = x^2 - 9x + 6$
 $\frac{(x+h)^2 - 9(x+h) + 6 - (x^2 - 9x + 6)}{h} =$

$\frac{(x+h)(x+h) - 9x - 9h + 6 - x^2 + 9x - 6}{h} =$

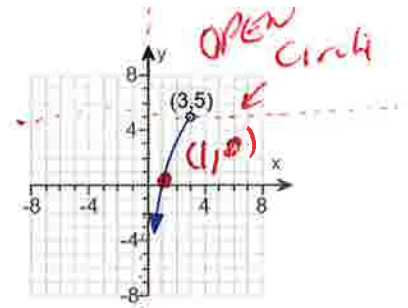
Answer: $2x + h - 9$
 $\frac{x^2 + 2xh + 1xh + h^2 - 9x - 9h + 6 - x^2 + 9x - 6}{h} =$

ID: 1.1.83

$\frac{2xh + h^2 - 9h}{h} = \frac{2xh}{h} + \frac{h^2}{h} - \frac{9h}{h} = 2x + h - 9$

10. Determine whether the graph on the right is that of a function by using the vertical-line test. If it is, use the graph to find the following.

- (a) the domain and range
 (b) the intercepts, if any
 (c) any symmetry with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, or the origin



Does the graph represent a function? Choose the correct answer below.

- A. Yes, the graph is a function because every vertical line intersects the graph in at most one point.
- B. No, the graph is not a function because a vertical line $x = 2$ intersects the graph at two points.
- C. No, the graph is not a function because a vertical line $x = 2$ intersects the graph at only one point.
- D. Yes, the graph is a function because every vertical line intersects the graph in more than one point.

(a) What are the domain and range of the function? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box(es) to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $(-\infty, 5)$. The range is $(0, 3)$.
 (Type your answers in interval notation. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expressions.)
- B. The graph is not that of a function.

(b) What is/are the intercept(s)? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The intercept(s) is/are $(1, 0)$.
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There are no intercepts.
- C. The graph is not that of a function.

(c) Determine if the graph is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, or the origin. Select all that apply.

- A. The graph is symmetric with respect to the x-axis.
- B. The graph is symmetric with respect to the y-axis.
- C. The graph is symmetric with respect to the origin.
- D. The graph has no symmetry.
- E. The graph is not that of a function.

Answers A. Yes, the graph is a function because every vertical line intersects the graph in at most one point.

A. The domain is . The range is .

(Type your answers in interval notation. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expressions.)

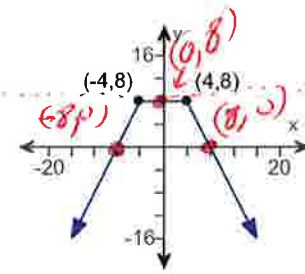
A. The intercept(s) is/are .(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

D. The graph has no symmetry.

ID: 1.2.19

11.

- Determine whether the graph is that of a function by using the vertical-line test. If it is, use the graph to find
- its domain and range.
 - the intercepts, if any.
 - any symmetry with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, or the origin.



Is the graph that of a function?

- Yes
 No

If the graph is that of a function, what are the domain and range of the function? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$ The range is $(-\infty, 8]$
 (Type your answers in interval notation.)

- B. The graph is not a function.

What are the intercepts? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. $(-8, 0), (8, 0), (0, 8)$
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There are no intercepts.

- C. The graph is not a function.

Determine if the graph is symmetrical.

- A. It is symmetrical with respect to the origin.

- B. It is symmetrical with respect to the x-axis.

- C. It is symmetrical with respect to the y-axis.

- D. The graph is not symmetrical.

- E. The graph is not a function.

Answers Yes

A. The domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$. The range is $(-\infty, 8]$. (Type your answers in interval notation.)

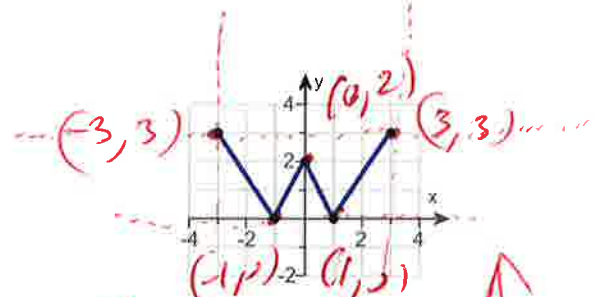
A. $(8, 0), (-8, 0), (0, 8)$ (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

C. It is symmetrical with respect to the y-axis.

ID: 1.2.21

12. Using the given graph of the function f , find the following.

- (a) the intercepts, if any
- (b) its domain and range
- (c) the intervals on which it is increasing, decreasing, or constant
- (d) whether it is even, odd, or neither



(a) What are the intercepts?

$(-1, 0)$ $(1, 0)$ $(0, 2)$

(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

(b) The domain is $[-3, 3]$

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range is $[0, 3]$

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) On which interval(s) is the graph increasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is increasing on $[-1, 0]$ $[1, 3]$
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not increasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph decreasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is decreasing on $[-3, -1]$ $[0, 1]$
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not decreasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph constant? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is constant on _____
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(d) The function is (1)

- (1) odd.
- neither odd nor even.
- even.

Favorite
Hamburger
Place!
At 2:33 am
SATURDAY
night

Answers $(-1,0),(1,0),(0,2)$

$[-3,3]$

$[0,3]$

A. The graph is increasing on $[-1,0],[1,3]$.

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The graph is decreasing on $[-3,-1],[0,1]$.

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

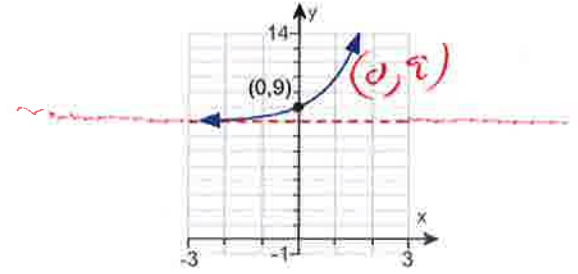
B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(1) even.

ID: 1.3.25

13. Using the given graph of the function f , find the following.

- (a) the intercepts, if any
- (b) its domain and range
- (c) the intervals on which it is increasing, decreasing, or constant
- (d) whether it is even, odd, or neither



(a) What are the intercepts?

(0, 9) y-intercept
 (Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

(b) The domain is *(-∞, ∞) ← (left, right)*
 (Type your answer in interval notation. Round to the nearest integer as needed.)

The range is *(8, ∞) ← (bottom, top)*
 (Type your answer in interval notation. Round to the nearest integer as needed.)

(c) On which interval(s) is the graph increasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is increasing on *(∞, ∞)*
 (Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no interval on which the graph is increasing.

On which interval(s) is the graph decreasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is decreasing on _____
 (Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no interval on which the graph is decreasing.

On which interval(s) is the graph constant? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is constant on _____
 (Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no interval on which the graph is constant.

(d) The function is (1)

- (1) even.
- odd.
- neither even nor odd.

Answers (0,9)

 $(-\infty, \infty)$ $(8, \infty)$ A. The graph is increasing on .

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no interval on which the graph is decreasing.

B. There is no interval on which the graph is constant.

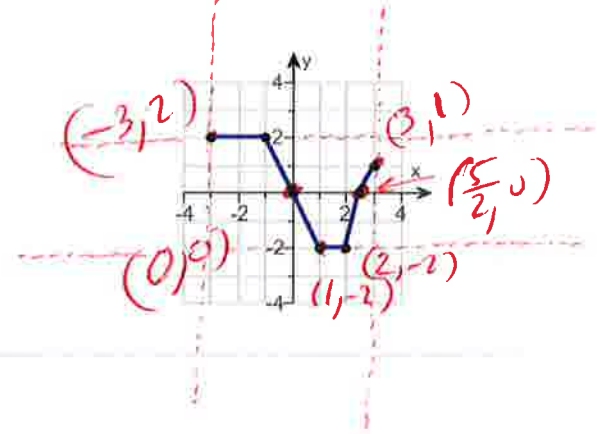
(1) neither even nor odd.

ID: 1.3.27

14. Using the given graph of the function f , find the following.



- (a) the intercepts, if any
- (b) its domain and range
- (c) the intervals on which it is increasing, decreasing, or constant
- (d) whether it is even, odd, or neither



(a) What are the intercepts?

(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)



(b) The domain is ← [left, right]

(Type your answer in interval notation.)



The range is ← [bottom, top]

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) On which interval(s) is the graph increasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is increasing on .
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The graph is not increasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph decreasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is decreasing on .
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The graph is not decreasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph constant? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The graph is constant on .
(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(d) The function is (1)

- (1) odd.
- neither odd nor even.
- even.

Answers $(0,0)$, $\left(\frac{5}{2},0\right)$

$[-3,3]$

$[-2,2]$

A. The graph is increasing on .

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The graph is decreasing on .

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

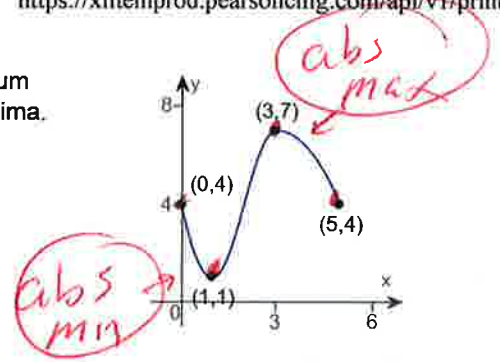
A. The graph is constant on .

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

(1) neither odd nor even.

ID: 1.3.31

15. For the graph of a function $y = f(x)$ shown to the right, find the absolute maximum and the absolute minimum, if they exist. Identify any local maxima or local minima.



Select the correct answer below and, if necessary, fill in the answer boxes to complete your choice.

- A. The absolute maximum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\underline{3}) = \underline{7}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There is no absolute maximum for $y = f(x)$.

*absolute max
(3, 7)*

Select the correct answer below and, if necessary, fill in the answer boxes to complete your choice.

- A. The absolute minimum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\underline{1}) = \underline{1}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There is no absolute minimum for $y = f(x)$.

*abs min
(1, 1)*

Select the correct answer below and, if necessary, fill in the answer boxes to complete your choice.

- A. The local maximum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\underline{3}) = \underline{7}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. The local maxima of $y = f(x)$ are $f(\underline{\quad}) = \underline{\quad}$ and $f(\underline{\quad}) = \underline{\quad}$.
(Use ascending order with respect to x . Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- C. There is no local maximum for $y = f(x)$.

*local max
(3, 7)*

Select the correct answer below and, if necessary, fill in the answer boxes to complete your choice.

- A. The local minimum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\underline{1}) = \underline{1}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. The local minima of $y = f(x)$ are $f(\underline{\quad}) = \underline{\quad}$ and $f(\underline{\quad}) = \underline{\quad}$.
(Use ascending order with respect to x . Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- C. There is no local minimum for $y = f(x)$.

*local min
(1, 1)*

Answers A. The absolute maximum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\boxed{3}) = \boxed{7}$. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

A. The absolute minimum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\boxed{1}) = \boxed{1}$. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

A. The local maximum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\boxed{3}) = \boxed{7}$. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

A. The local minimum of $y = f(x)$ is $f(\boxed{1}) = \boxed{1}$. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

ID: 1.3.51

16. The function f is defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2x + 3 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 2x - 1 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$


- (a) Find the domain of the function.
- (b) Locate any intercepts.
- (c) Graph the function.
- (d) Based on the graph, find the range.

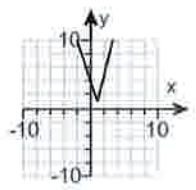
(a) The domain of the function f is $(-\infty, \infty)$ ← (left, right)
 (Type your answer in interval notation.)

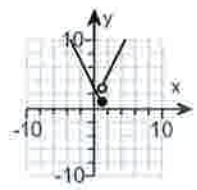
(b) Locate any intercepts. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

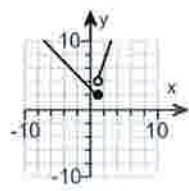
- A. The intercept(s) is/are $(0, 3)$.
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There are no intercepts.

(c) Choose the correct graph below.

A. 

B. 

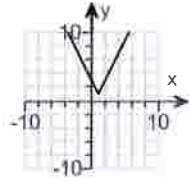
C. 

D. 

(d) The range of the function f is $[1, \infty)$ ← (bottom, top)

Answers $(-\infty, \infty)$

A. The intercept(s) is/are $(0, 3)$.
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. 
 $[1, \infty)$

ID: 1.4.33

Window
 $x\text{-min} = -12$
 $x\text{-max} = 12$
 $y\text{-min} = -10$
 $y\text{-max} = 10$

Use graphing calculator

$y_1 = -2x + 3 \circ (x < 1)$ Open Circle
 $y_2 = 2x - 1 \circ (x \geq 1)$ Closed Circle

17. The function f is defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 + x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

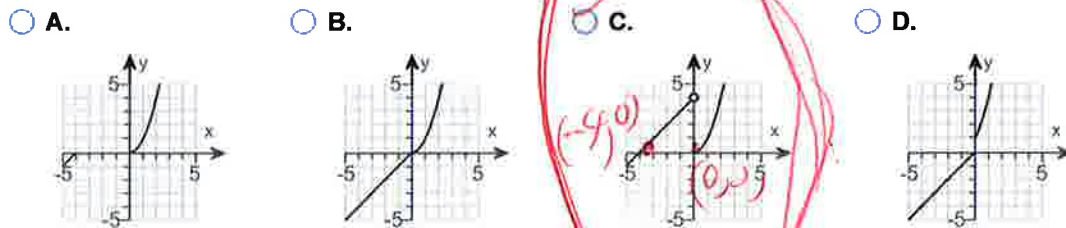
- (a) Find the domain of the function.
- (b) Locate any intercepts.
- (c) Graph the function.
- (d) Based on the graph, find the range.

(a) The domain of the function f is $(-\infty, \infty)$ ← (left, right)
 (Type your answer in interval notation.)

(b) Locate any intercepts. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The intercept(s) is/are $(-4, 0), (0, 0)$
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There are no intercepts.

(c) Choose the correct graph of $f(x)$ below.



(d) The range of the function f is $(-\infty, \infty)$ ← (bottom, top)

Answers $(-\infty, \infty)$

- A. The intercept(s) is/are $(-4, 0), (0, 0)$
 (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)



- C.
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

ID: 1.4.37

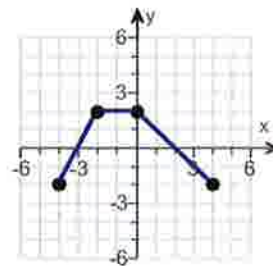
$x_{\min} = -12$
 $x_{\max} = 12$
 $y_{\min} = -10$
 $y_{\max} = 10$

Use graphing calculator

2nd math

$y_1 = 4 + x \div (x < 0)$ OPEN Circle
 $y_2 = x^2 \div (x \geq 0)$ CLOSE Circle

18. The graph of a function f is illustrated to the right. Use the graph of f as the first step toward graphing each of the following functions.



- (a) $F(x) = f(x) + 3$
- (b) $G(x) = f(x + 5)$
- (c) $P(x) = -f(x)$
- (d) $H(x) = f(x + 1) - 2$
- (e) $Q(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$
- (f) $g(x) = f(-x)$
- (g) $h(x) = f(2x)$

(a) Choose the correct graph of $F(x) = f(x) + 3$ below.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

(b) Choose the correct graph of $G(x) = f(x + 5)$ below.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

(c) Choose the correct graph of $P(x) = -f(x)$ below.

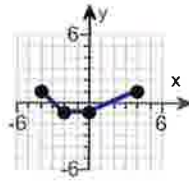
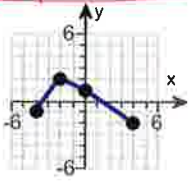
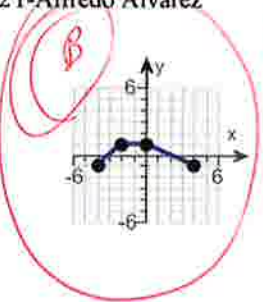
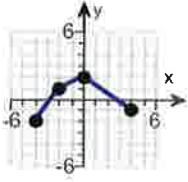
- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

(d) Choose the correct graph of $H(x) = f(x + 1) - 2$ below.

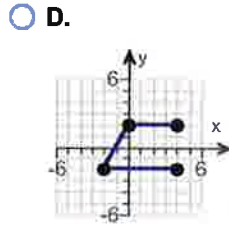
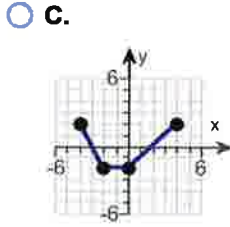
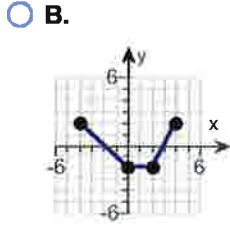
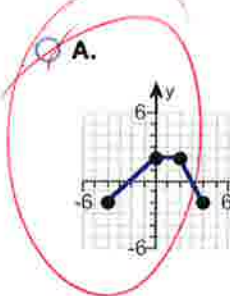
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
- Handwritten notes: "Shift left 1" and "Shift down 2" with arrows pointing to the transformations. A blue arrow points to the question text.*

(e) Choose the correct graph of $Q(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$ below.

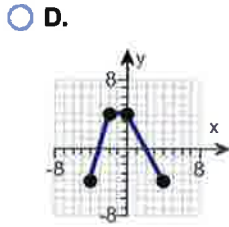
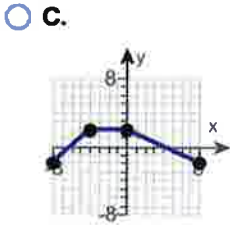
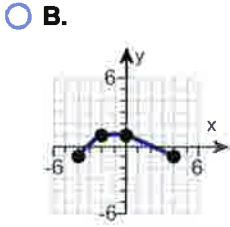
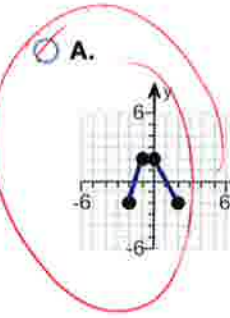
$Q(x) = \frac{1}{2} f(x)$



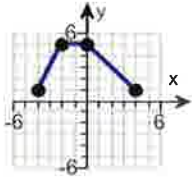
(f) Choose the correct graph of $g(x) = f(-x)$ below.



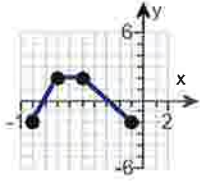
(g) Choose the correct graph of $h(x) = f(2x)$ below.



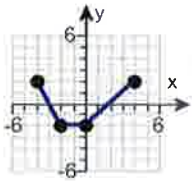
Answers



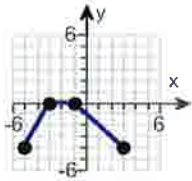
B.



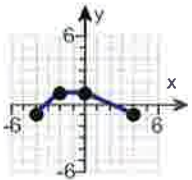
A.



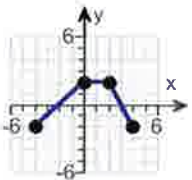
B.



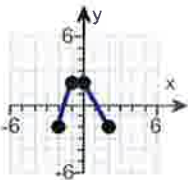
C.



B.



A.



A.

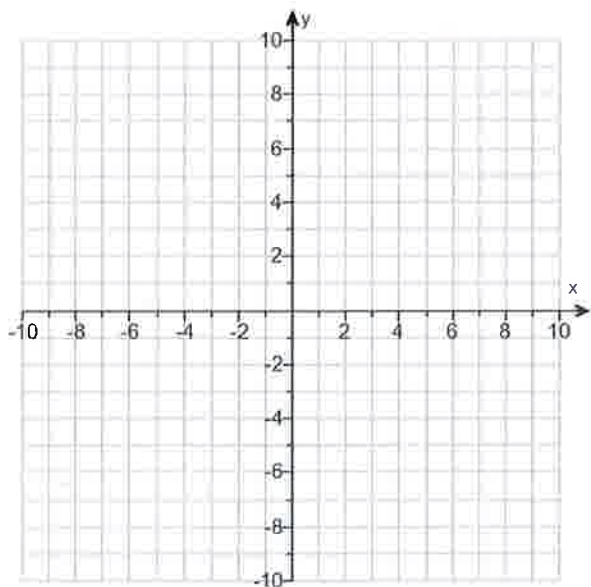
ID: 1.5.63

19.

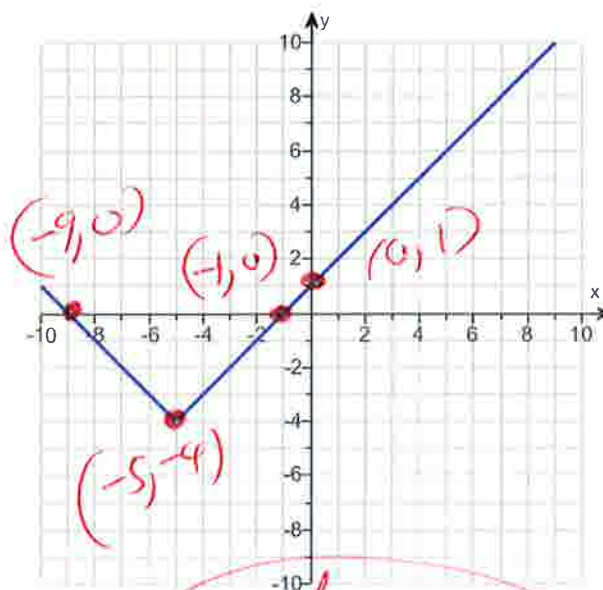
- (a) Graph $f(x) = |x + 5| - 4$ using transformations.
- (b) Find the area of the region bounded by f and the x -axis that lies below the x -axis.



- (a) Graph $f(x)$.
(Use the graphing tool provided to graph the function.)
- (b) The area of the region bounded by f and the x -axis that lies below the x -axis is square units.
(Simplify your answer.)



Answers



$f(x) = |x + 5| - 4$

USE
graphing
calculator

x	f(x)
-9	0
-5	-4
-1	0
0	1

16

ID: 1.5.81

window
 $x - \min = -12$
 $x - \max = 12$
 $y - \min = -10$
 $y - \max = 10$

$y_1 = \text{math, Num, abs}$
 BIC

$y_1 = \text{abs}(x + 5) - 4$

Shift left -5

Shift
down
 -4

20. Solve the following equation using the quadratic formula.

$$5x^2 - 18x - 8 = 0$$

$a=5, b=-18, c=-8$
The solution set is

(Type an exact answer, using radicals and i as needed. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: $4, -\frac{2}{5}$

ID: Quick Check P2.2.2

Handwritten work for Q20:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-(-18) \pm \sqrt{(-18)^2 - 4(5)(-8)}}{2(5)} = \frac{18 \pm \sqrt{324 + 160}}{10}$$

$$= \frac{18 \pm \sqrt{484}}{10} = \frac{18 \pm 22}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{18+22}{10} \text{ OR } x = \frac{18-22}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{40}{10} \text{ OR } x = \frac{-4}{10}$$

$$x = 4 \text{ OR } x = -\frac{2}{5}$$

21. Find the zeros, if any, of the quadratic function using the quadratic formula. What are the x-intercepts, if any, of the graph of the function?

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 3 + 2x$$

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice. (Simplify your answer, including any radicals. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are .
- B. The zeros and the x-intercepts are different. The zeros are , the x-intercepts are .
- C. There is no real zero solution and no x-intercept.

Answer: A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are

$$\frac{-1 + \sqrt{7}}{2}, \frac{-1 - \sqrt{7}}{2}$$

ID: 2.3.47

Handwritten work for Q21:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(2)(-3)}}{2(2)}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 24}}{4} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{28}}{4} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 \cdot 7}}{4} = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{4} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{7}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{7}}{2} \text{ OR } x = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{7}}{2}$$

22. Find the real zeros of the function. What are the x-intercepts of the graph of the function?

$$g(x) = x + 3\sqrt{x} - 18$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are .
- B. The zeros and the x-intercepts are different. The zeros are , the x-intercepts are .

(Simplify your answer, including any radicals. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are

Handwritten work for Q22:

$$x + 3\sqrt{x} - 18 = 0$$

$$x - 18 = -3\sqrt{x}$$
 Set equal to zero
 Rewrite

ID: 2.3.75

(22) Part 2 $(x-18)^2 = (-3\sqrt{x})^2$ Square Both Sides

$$(x-18)(x-18) = (-3)^2 \sqrt{x}^2$$

$$x^2 - 18x - 18x + 324 = (-3)(-3) (\sqrt{x})^2$$

$$x^2 - 36x + 324 = 9(x)$$

$$x^2 - 36x + 324 = 9x$$

$$x^2 - 36x + 324 - 9x = 0$$

$$x^2 - 45x + 324 = 0$$

$$(x-9)(x-36) = 0$$

$$x-9=0 \quad \text{OR} \quad x-36=0$$

$$x-9+9=0+9 \quad \text{OR} \quad x-36+36=0+36$$

$$x=9 \quad \text{OR} \quad x=36$$

Check

Try $x=9$

$$x + 3\sqrt{x} - 18 = 0$$

$$(9) + 3\sqrt{9} - 18 = 0$$

$$9 + 3(3) - 18 = 0$$

$$9 + 9 - 18 = 0$$

$$18 - 18 = 0$$

22 Part 3

$$18 - 18 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ Good}$$

Try $x = 36$

$$x + 3\sqrt{x} - 18 = 0$$

$$(36) + 3\sqrt{36} - 18 = 0$$

$$36 + 3(6) - 18 = 0$$

$$36 + 18 - 18 = 0$$

$$54 - 18 = 0$$

$$36 \neq 0$$

BAD

answer

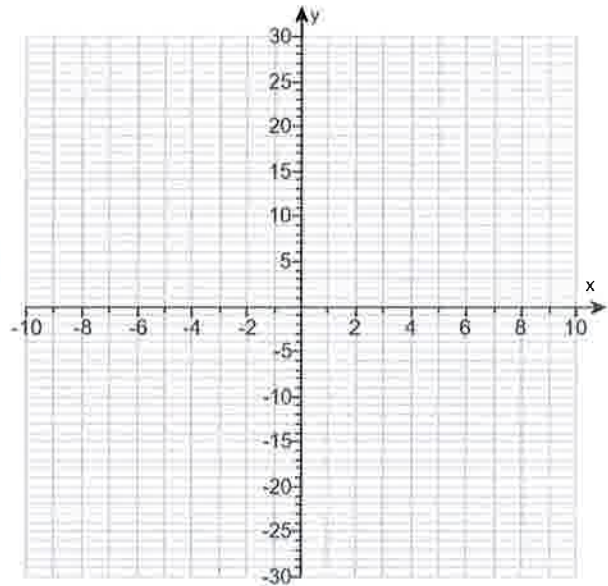
$$\boxed{x = 9}$$

only

23.

Graph the function $f(x) = -x^2 - 6x$ by starting with the graph of $y = x^2$ and using transformations (shifting, stretching/compressing, and/or reflecting).

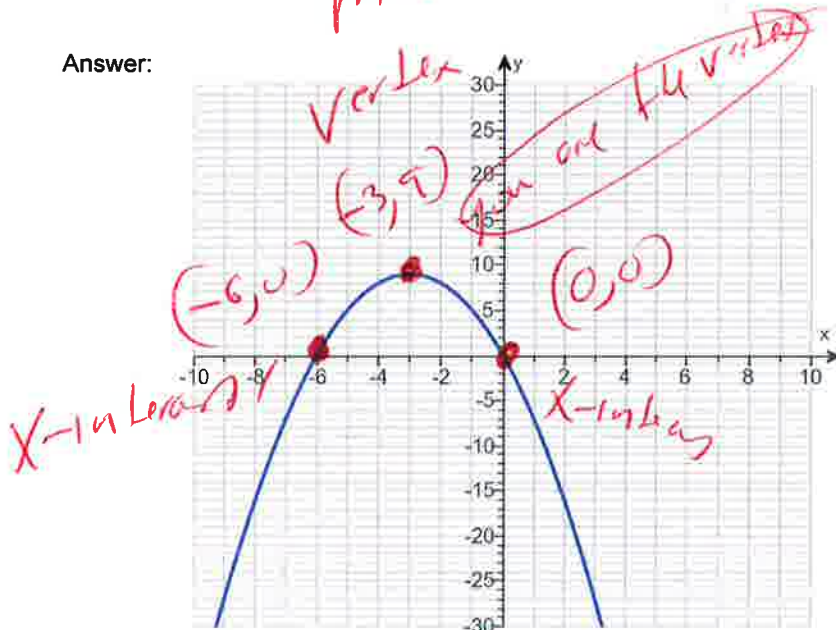
Use the graphing tool to graph the function.



Example Swimming in the ocean at 2:38 am on Saturday night by yourself

Sharks never eat at night.
MCT

Answer:



$f(x) = -x^2 - 6x$

x	f(x)
-6	0
-3	9
0	0

Use graphing calculator

ID: 2.4.29

Window
 $x_{min} = -12$
 $x_{max} = 12$
 $y_{min} = -10$
 $y_{max} = 10$

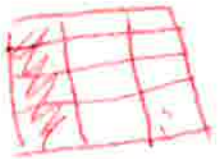
with BIG
 $y_1 = -x^2 - 6x$



SMART Bird

5-8-17
DATE

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{4}{12}, \quad \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$



$$\frac{4}{12} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{12}{12} - \frac{10}{12} = \frac{2}{12} \text{ or } \frac{1}{6}$$



For the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$, answer parts (a) through (c).

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

Does the graph of f open up or down?

- down
- up

What are the coordinates of the vertex?

The vertex of the parabola is .

(Type an ordered pair. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

What is the equation of the axis of symmetry?

The axis of symmetry is .

(Type an equation.)

What is/are the x-intercept(s)? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The x-intercept(s) is/are

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There are no x-intercepts.

What is the y-intercept? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The y-intercept is .

(Type an integer or a decimal.)

- B. There is no y-intercept.

Use the graphing tool to graph the function.

(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

The domain of f is .

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

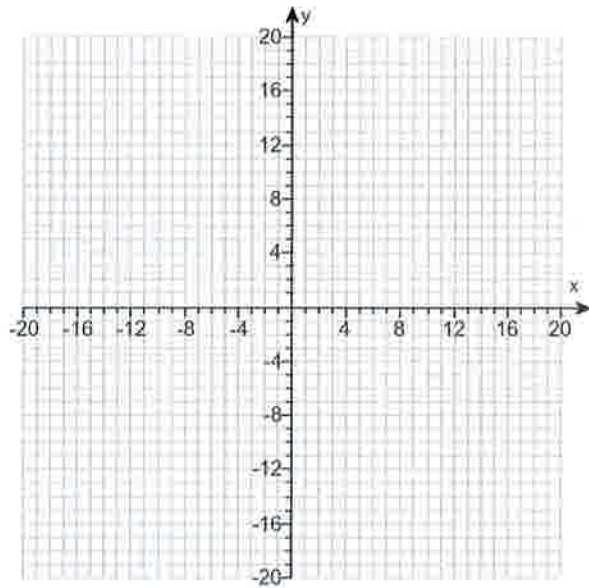
The range of f is .

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.

The function is increasing on the interval .

(Type your answer in interval notation.)



Answers up

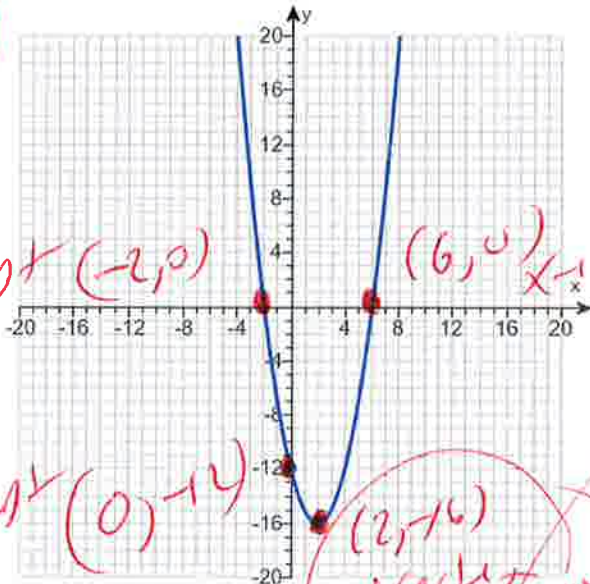
(2, -16)

x = 2

A. The x-intercept(s) is/are .

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The y-intercept is . (Type an integer or a decimal.)



$(-\infty, \infty)$

$[-16, \infty)$

$[2, \infty)$

$(-\infty, 2]$

Window

$x\text{-min} = -12$
 $x\text{-max} = 12$
 $y\text{-min} = -10$
 $y\text{-max} = 10$

Use
 graphing
 calculator

BIG BIG

$$y_1 = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

Food with a diet
Soda

Example swimming in the sea at 236 am on Saturday night after eating a double meat double cheese, double bacon, hamburgers

Sharks EAT in the day only

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

x	f(x)
-2	0
0	-12
2	-16
6	0

Vertex
 Min
 you at the vertex

Vertex

ID: 2.4.37

25.

For the quadratic function $f(x) = -2x^2 - 2x - 5$, answer parts (a) through (c). Verify the results using a graphing utility.

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

The graph of f opens (1)

The vertex of f is .
(Type an ordered pair.)

The axis of symmetry is .
(Type an equation. Simplify your answer.)

Determine the y-intercept. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The y-intercept is .
(Type an integer or a decimal.)
- B. There is no y-intercept.

Determine the x-intercept(s). Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The x-intercept(s) is/are .
(Type an integer or a decimal rounded to two decimal places as needed. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no x-intercept.

Use the graphing tool to graph the function.

(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

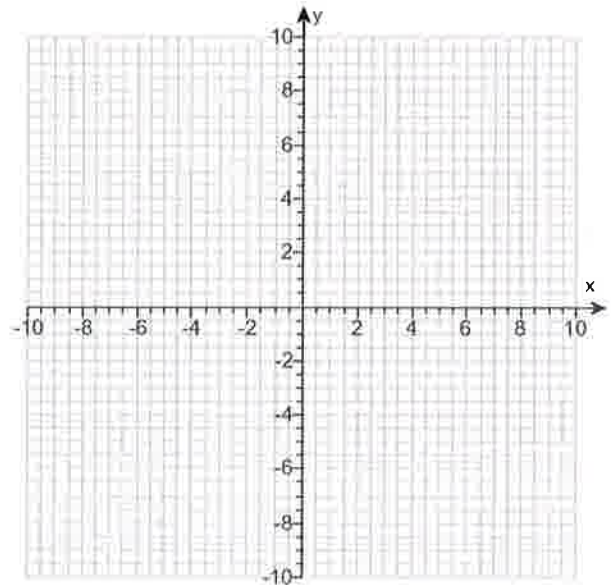
The domain of f is .
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of f is .
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.

The function is increasing on the interval .
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The function is decreasing on the interval .
(Type your answer in interval notation.)



- (1) up.
 down.

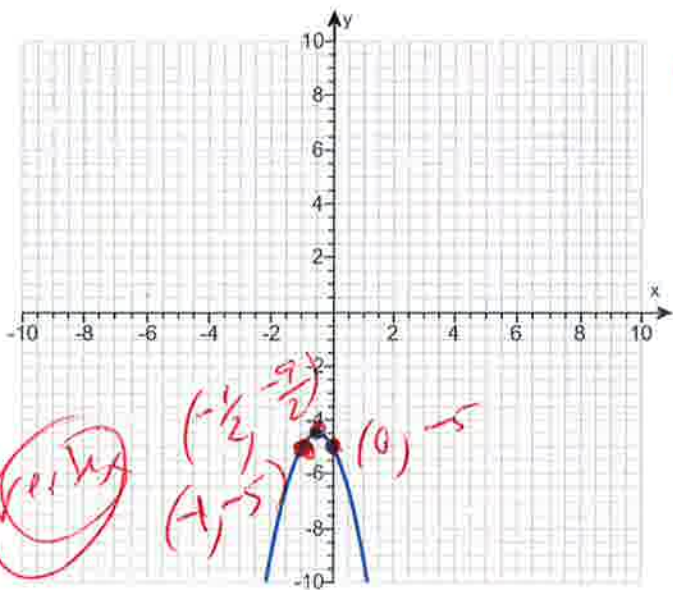
Answers (1) down.

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{9}{2}\right)$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

A. The y-intercept is (Type an integer or a decimal.)

B. There is no x-intercept.



you are the vertex
vertex
vertex

$\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{9}{2}\right)$
 $(0, -5)$

- $(-\infty, \infty)$
- $\left[-\infty, -\frac{9}{2}\right]$
- $\left[-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right]$
- $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right]$

vertex
 $x_{\text{min}} = -1/2$
 $x_{\text{max}} = 1/2$
 $y_{\text{min}} = -10$
 $y_{\text{max}} = 10$

use graphy calculator

$$y = -2x^2 - 2x - 5$$

BIG BIG

Example in the ocean at 234 am swimming on Saturday night and do not swim more than 2 hours because you could get Leg & Arm Cramps

$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 2x - 5$$

Sharks always sleep at night.

x	$f(x)$
-1	-5
$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{9}{2}$
0	-5

ID: 2.4.43

26. Determine, without graphing, whether the given quadratic function has a maximum value or a minimum value and then find the value.

$f(x) = -3x^2 + 18x - 5$

$a = -3, b = 18, c = -5$

Does the quadratic function f have a minimum value or a maximum value?

- The function f has a maximum value.
- The function f has a minimum value.

What is this minimum or maximum value?

(Simplify your answer.)

Answers The function f has a maximum value.

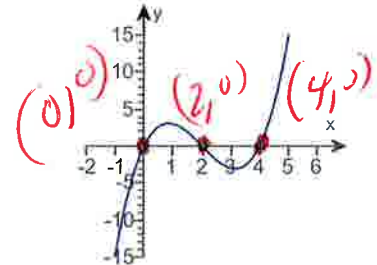
22

ID: 2.4.59



$x(x-2)(x-4) = 0$

$x=0$ OR $x-2=0$ OR $x-4=0$
 $x-2+2=0+2$ OR $x-4+4=0+4$
 $x=2$ OR $x=4$



Choose the correct answer below.

- A. $f(x) = x^2(x-2)(x-4)$
- B. $f(x) = x^2(x+2)(x+4)$
- C. $f(x) = x(x+2)(x+4)$
- D. $f(x) = x(x-2)(x-4)$

Answer: D. $f(x) = x(x-2)(x-4)$

ID: 3.1.73

x -intercepts $(0, 0)$ $(2, 0)$ $(4, 0)$

Window
 x -min = -12
 x -max = 12
 y -min = -10
 y -max = 10

$y_1 = x(x-2)(x-4)$

use graphing calculator

28. Solve the equation in the complex number system.

$x^2 - 12x + 45 = 0$

The solution set is . (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: $6 - 3i, 6 + 3i$

ID: 3.3.2

$x^2 - 12x + 45 = 0$
 $a = 1, b = -12, c = 45$

#28

Part 2

$$1x^2 - 12x + 45 = 0$$

$$a=1, b=-12, c=45$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad \text{Formula}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(1)(45)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 180}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{-36}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm 6i}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{12}{2} \pm \frac{6i}{2}$$

$$x = 6 \pm 3i$$

$$x = 6 + 3i$$

OR

$$x = 6 - 3i$$

Formula

$$\sqrt{-1} = i$$

$$\sqrt{-4} = 2i$$

$$\sqrt{-9} = 3i$$

$$\sqrt{-16} = 4i$$

$$\sqrt{-25} = 5i$$

Complex

29. Find the complex zeros of the following polynomial function. Write f in factored form.

$f(x) = x^3 - 15x^2 + 79x - 145$

The complex zeros of f are

(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer, using radicals and i as needed. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Use the complex zeros to factor f.

f(x) =

(Type your answer in factored form. Type an exact answer, using radicals and i as needed. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

Answers 5, $5 - 2i$, $5 + 2i$

$(x - 5)(x - 5 + 2i)(x - 5 - 2i)$

ID: 3.3.33

30. Find the vertical, horizontal, and oblique asymptotes, if any, for the following rational function.

$R(x) = \frac{10x}{x + 19}$

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are $x = -19$. (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no vertical asymptote.

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are $y = 10$. (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no horizontal asymptote.

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The oblique asymptote(s) is/are $y = 10$. (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no oblique asymptote.

Answers A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are $x = -19$. (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are $y = 10$. (Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no oblique asymptote.

ID: 3.4.45

Since power highest on top is same as highest power on bottom then there is no oblique asymptote

31. For $f(x) = 5x + 1$ and $g(x) = 5x$, find the following composite functions and state the domain of each.

- (a) $f \circ g$ (b) $g \circ f$ (c) $f \circ f$ (d) $g \circ g$

(a) $(f \circ g)(x) = \boxed{}$ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $f \circ g$ is $\{x \mid \}$.
(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The domain of $f \circ g$ is all real numbers.

(b) $(g \circ f)(x) = \boxed{}$ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $g \circ f$ is $\{x \mid \}$.
(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The domain of $g \circ f$ is all real numbers.

(c) $(f \circ f)(x) = \boxed{}$ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $f \circ f$ is $\{x \mid \}$.
(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The domain of $f \circ f$ is all real numbers.

(d) $(g \circ g)(x) = \boxed{}$ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $g \circ g$ is $\{x \mid \}$.
(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The domain of $g \circ g$ is all real numbers.

Answers $25x + 1$

B. The domain of $f \circ g$ is all real numbers.

$25x + 5$

B. The domain of $g \circ f$ is all real numbers.

$25x + 6$

B. The domain of $f \circ f$ is all real numbers.

$25x$

B. The domain of $g \circ g$ is all real numbers.

ID: 4.1.23

(31) a $f(x) = 5x + 1$ and $g(x) = 5x$

inside here

$$(f \circ g)(x) =$$

$$f(g(x)) =$$

$$f(5x) =$$

$$5(5x) + 1 =$$

$$25x + 1 =$$

Domain

 $(-\infty, \infty)$

(31) b $f(x) = 5x + 1$ and $g(x) = 5x$

inside here

$$(g \circ f)(x) =$$

$$g(f(x)) =$$

$$g(5x + 1) =$$

$$5(5x + 1) =$$

$$25x + 5 =$$

Domain

 $(-\infty, \infty)$

32.

31) c $f(x) = 5x+1$ and $g(x) = 5x$

in side 1+ self

$$(f \circ f)(x) =$$

$$f(f(x)) =$$

$$f(5x+1) =$$

$$5(5x+1)+1 =$$

$$25x+5+1 =$$

$$25x+6 =$$

domain
($-\infty, \infty$)

31) $f(x) = 5x+1$ and $g(x) = 5x$

in side 1+ self

$$(g \circ g)(x) =$$

$$g(g(x)) =$$

$$g(5x) =$$

$$5(5x) =$$

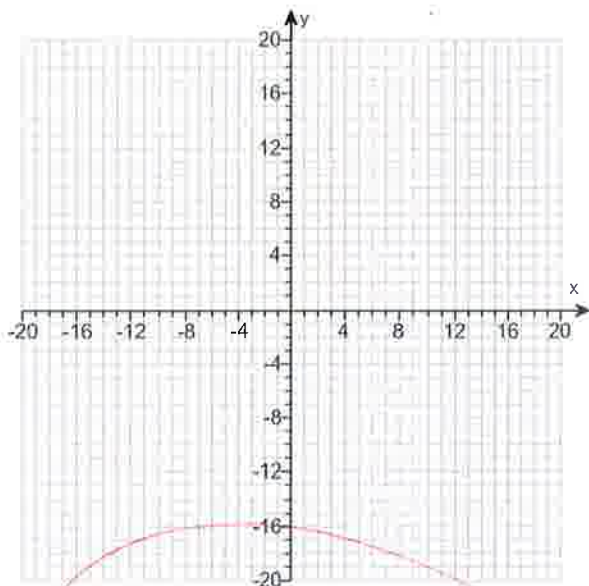
$$25x =$$

domain
($-\infty, \infty$)

32

The function $f(x) = 12x - 4$ is one-to-one.

- (a) Find the inverse of f and check the answer.
- (b) Find the domain and the range of f and f^{-1} .
- (c) Graph f , f^{-1} , and $y = x$ on the same coordinate axes.



(a) $f^{-1}(x) =$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

(b) Find the domain of f . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The domain is $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The domain is $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

Find the range of f . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The range is $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The range is $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The range is $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.

Find the domain of f^{-1} . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The domain is $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The domain is $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

Find the range of f^{-1} . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The range is $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The range is $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The range is $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.

(c) Graph f , f^{-1} , and $y = x$ on the same coordinate axes. Use the graphing tool to graph the functions.

Handwritten work for finding the inverse of $f(x) = 12x - 4$:

$$f(x) = 12x - 4$$

$$y = 12x - 4 \quad \text{Set } y =$$

$$x = 12y - 4 \quad \text{INV. OP } x-y$$

$$x + 4 = 12y - 4 + 4$$

$$x + 4 = 12y$$

$$\frac{x+4}{12} = \frac{12y}{12}$$

$$\frac{x+4}{12} = y$$

$y = \frac{x+4}{12}$ (circled)

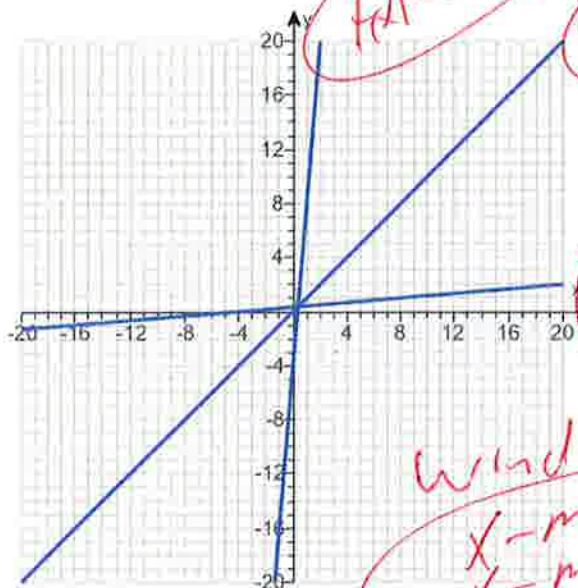
rewrite

inverse

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{12}$$

Answers $\frac{x+4}{12}$

- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.



$f(x) = 12x - 4$

$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+4}{12}$

$y = 12x - 4$

$y = x$

$y = x$

$y = \frac{(x+4)}{12}$

Use graphing calculator

Window

X-min = -12

X-max = 12

Y-min = -10

Y-max = 10

ID: 4.2.53

33. Solve the equation.

$32^{-x+26} = 256^x$

The solution set is

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: 10

ID: 4.3.73

$(2^5)^{-x+26} = (2^8)^x$

Rewrite factor

Prime 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

$2^{-5x+130} = 2^{8x}$

$-5x + 130 = 8x$

$-5x + 130 - 130 = 8x - 130$

$-5x = 8x - 130$

$-5x - 8x = 8x - 130 - 8x$

$-13x = -130$

$\frac{-13x}{-13} = \frac{-130}{-13}$

$x = 10$

2|32

2|16

2|8

2|4

2|2

1

2|256

2|128

2|64

2|32

2|16

2|8

2|4

2|2

1

34. The percentage of patients P who have survived t years after initial diagnosis of a certain disease is modeled by the function $P(t) = 100(0.2)^t$.

- (a) According to the model, what percent of patients survive 1 year after initial diagnosis?
- (b) What percent of patients survive 2 years after initial diagnosis?
- (c) Explain the meaning of the base 0.2 in the context of this problem.

(a) According to the model, % of patients survive 1 year after initial diagnosis.
(Type an integer or a decimal.)

(b) According to the model, % of patients survive 2 years after initial diagnosis.
(Type an integer or a decimal.)

(c) Explain the meaning of the base 0.2 in the context of this problem. Select the correct choice below and fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. As each year passes, _____ % of the previous survivors take the diagnosis.
- B. As each year passes, _____ % of the total patients have survived.
- C. As each year passes, _____ % of the previous year's survivors have survived.

Answers 20

4

C. As each year passes, % of the previous year's survivors have survived.

Handwritten work for problem 34:

$$P(t) = 100(0.2)^t$$

$$P(1) = 100(0.2)^1$$

$$P(1) = 100(0.2)^1$$

$$P(1) = 20$$

$$P(t) = 100(0.2)^t$$

$$P(2) = 100(0.2)^2$$

$$P(2) = 100(0.2)^2$$

$$P(2) = 4$$

ID: 4.3.109

35. The function

$$D(h) = 3e^{-0.53h}$$

$$D(h) = 3e^{-0.53h}$$

can be used to find the number of milligrams D of a certain drug that is in a patient's bloodstream h hours after the drug has been administered. How many milligrams will be present after 1 hour? After 7 hours?

After 1 hour, there will be milligrams. (Round to two decimal places as needed.)

After 7 hours, there will be milligrams. (Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answers 1.77

0.07

ID: 4.3.111

Handwritten work for problem 35:

$$D(1) = 3e^{(-0.53(1))}$$

$$D(1) = 1.765814909$$

$$D(1) = 1.77 \text{ Round OK}$$

Handwritten work for problem 35 (continued):

$$D(7) = 3e^{(-0.53(7))}$$

$$D(7) = 0.0734325698$$

$$D(7) = 0.07 \text{ Round OK}$$

36. Find the domain of the function.

$h(x) = \ln(x + 7)$

The domain of h is .
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

Answer: $(-7, \infty)$

ID: 4.4.39

$h(x) = \ln(x+7)$
 set $x+7 > 0$
 $x+7-7 > 0-7$
 $x > -7$
 $(-7, \infty)$

Formula domain
 $f(x) = \ln(Ax+B)$
 set $Ax+B > 0$

37. Solve the equation.

$\log_2(4x + 5) = 5$

Change the given logarithmic equation to exponential form.

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

The solution set is .
(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answers $4x + 5 = 2^5$
 $\frac{27}{4}$

ID: 4.4.91-Setup & Solve

$\log_2(4x+5) = 5$
 $2^5 = 4x+5$ (rewrite)
 $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 4x+5$
 $32 = 4x+5$
 $32-5 = 4x+5-5$
 $27 = 4x$
 $\frac{27}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$
 $\frac{27}{4} = x$

38. Solve the equation. Write the answer in terms of the natural logarithm.

$5e^{0.5x} = 11$

The solution set is .
(Type an exact answer. Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: $\frac{\ln 2.2}{0.5}$

ID: 4.4.109

Formula
 $\ln(A^N) = N \ln(A)$
 $\ln(1) = 0$

$\frac{5e^{0.5x}}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$
 $e^{0.5x} = \frac{11}{5}$
 $\ln(e^{0.5x}) = \ln(\frac{11}{5})$
 $0.5x \ln(e) = \ln(\frac{11}{5})$
 $0.5x (1) = \ln(\frac{11}{5})$
 $0.5x = \ln(\frac{11}{5})$
 $\frac{0.5x}{0.5} = \frac{\ln(\frac{11}{5})}{0.5}$

$x = \frac{\ln(\frac{11}{5})}{0.5}$
 $x = \frac{\ln(2.2)}{0.5}$ OR
 $x = 1.576914721$ OR
 $x = 1.5769$ Round

39. The formula

$$D = 10e^{-0.5h}$$

can be used to find the number of milligrams D of a certain drug that is in a patient's bloodstream h hours after the drug was administered. When the number of milligrams reaches 2, the drug is to be administered again. What is the time between injections?

The time between injections is hour(s).
(Type an integer or a decimal rounded to two decimal places as needed.)

Answer: 3.22

ID: 4.4.125

$$2 = 10e^{-0.5h}$$

$$\frac{2}{10} = \frac{10e^{-0.5h}}{10}$$

formula $\ln(x^a) = a \ln(x)$

$\ln(e) = 1$

$$2 = e^{-0.5h}$$

$$\ln(0.2) = \ln(e^{-0.5h})$$

$$\ln(0.2) = -0.5h \ln(e)$$

$$\ln(0.2) = -0.5h(1)$$

$$\ln(0.2) = -0.5h$$

$$h(0.2) = \frac{-0.5h}{-0.5}$$

$$3.218875825 = h / \text{OR}$$

$$3.22 = h \quad \text{Round}$$

40. Write the expression as a sum and/or difference of logarithms. Express powers as factors.

$$\log \left[\frac{x(x+6)}{(x+7)^2} \right], x > 0$$

$$\log \left[\frac{x(x+6)}{(x+7)^2} \right] = \text{} \quad \text{(Simplify your answer.)}$$

Answer: $\log x + \log(x+6) - 2 \log(x+7)$

ID: 4.5.51

$$\log(x(x+6)) - \log(x+7)^2 =$$

$$\log(x) + \log(x+6) - 2 \log(x+7) =$$

formula $\log\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) = \log(A) - \log(B)$

$\log(AB) = \log(A) + \log(B)$

$\log(A^N) = N \log(A)$

41. Solve the logarithmic equation.

$$\log_9(x+4) = \log_9 7$$

Determine the equation to be solved after removing the logarithm.

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The solution set is { }.
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no solution.

Answers $x + 4 = 7$

A. The solution set is { }.
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

ID: 4.6.9-Setup & Solve

$$\log_9(x+4) = \log_9(7)$$

$$x+4 = 7$$

$$x+4-4 = 7-4$$

$$x = 3$$

42. Solve the logarithmic equation.

log x + log (x - 9) = 1

Log(x)(x-9) = 1
10^1 = x(x-9)
10 = x^2 - 9x
0 = x^2 - 9x - 10

Formula
Log(A) + Log(B)
Log(AB)

Determine the equation to be solved after removing the logarithm.

[]

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

0 = (x + 1)(x - 10)

A. The solution set is { }
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no solution.

x+1=0 OR x-10=0
x+1-1=0-1 OR x-10+10=0+10

Answer

Answers x(x - 9) = 10

~~x = -1~~ OR ~~x = 10~~

x = 10
ans

A. The solution set is { 10 }
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

ID: 4.6.17-Setup & Solve

Log(-1) + Log(-1-9) = 1 | Log(10) + Log(10-9) = 1
Log(-1) + Log(-10) = 1 | Log(10) + Log(1) = 1
BAD BAD | Good Good

43. Solve the following logarithmic equation.

log (2x + 7) = 1 + log (x - 1)

Log(2x+7) - Log(x-1) = 1

Log(2x+7)/(x-1) = 1 (rewrite)

Formula
Log(A) - Log(B)
Log(A/B)

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The solution set is { }
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no solution.

10^1 = (2x+7)/(x-1)

10 = (2x+7)/(x-1)

Answer: A. The solution set is { 17/8 }
(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Cross multiply

ID: 4.6.19

10(x-1) = 1(2x+7) | Log(2(2.125)+7) = 1 + Log(2.125-1)
10x - 10 = 2x + 7 | Log(11.25) = 1 + Log(1.125)

10x - 10 + 10 = 2x + 7 + 10 | Good Good

10x = 2x + 17

10x - 2x = 2x + 17 - 2x

8x = 17

8x/8 = 17/8

Answer OR

x = 17/8 OR x = 2.125

44. Solve the following exponential equation. Express irrational solutions in exact form and as a decimal rounded to three decimal places.

$8^{x-3} = 64$

$8^{x-3} = 8^2$ rewrite

$\ln(8^{x-3}) = \ln(64)$
 $(x-3) \ln(8) = \ln(64)$

Formula
 $\ln(A^x)$
 $x \ln(A)$

What is the exact answer? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$x-3 = 2$
 $x-3+3 = 2+3$

$\frac{(x-3) \ln(8)}{\ln(8)} = \frac{\ln(64)}{\ln(8)}$
 $x-3 = \frac{\ln(64)}{\ln(8)}$

A. The solution set is { }.
 (Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer.)

B. There is no solution.

$x=5$

What is the answer rounded to three decimal places? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

$x-3+3 = \frac{\ln(64)}{\ln(8)} + 3$

A. The solution set is { }.
 (Simplify your answer. Type an integer or decimal rounded to three decimal places as needed.)

B. There is no solution.

$x = \frac{\ln(64)}{\ln(8)} + 3$

Answers A. The solution set is { } (Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer.)

A. The solution set is { } (Simplify your answer. Type an integer or decimal rounded to three decimal places as needed.)

$x=5$

ID: 4.6.41

Answer $x=5$

45. Find the amount that results from the given investment.

\$200 invested at 7% compounded quarterly after a period of 3 years

After 3 years, the investment results in \$.
 (Round to the nearest cent as needed.)

Answer: 246.29

$A = \$200(1 + \frac{.07}{4})^{4(3)}$

$A = \$200(1 + \frac{.07}{4})^{12}$

$A = \$200(1 + \frac{.07}{4})^{12}$

$A = \$200(1 + \frac{.07}{4})^{12}$

$A = \$246.287863$

$A = \$246.29$ Round

Formula
 $A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$
 $P = 200$
 $r = 7\% = .07$
 $n = 4 = \text{Quarterly}$
 $t = 3 = \text{Years}$

46. How long does it take for an investment to double in value if it is invested at 4% compounded quarterly? Compounded continuously?

100
↓
200

At 4% compounded quarterly, the investment doubles in about years.
(Round to two decimal places as needed.)

At 4% compounded continuously, the investment doubles in about years.
(Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answers 17.42

17.33

ID: 4.7.35

$A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$ $A = Pe^{rt}$

$200 = 100(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})^{4t}$ $200 = 100e^{0.04t}$

$\frac{200}{100} = \frac{100(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})^{4t}}{100}$ $\frac{200}{100} = \frac{100e^{0.04t}}{100}$

$2 = (1 + \frac{0.04}{4})^{4t}$ $2 = e^{0.04t}$

$\ln(2) = \ln(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})^{4t}$ $\ln(2) = \ln(e^{0.04t})$

$\ln(2) = 4t \ln(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})$ $\ln(2) = 0.04t \ln(e)$

$\frac{\ln(2)}{4 \ln(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})} = \frac{4t \ln(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})}{4 \ln(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})}$ $\frac{\ln(2)}{0.04} = \frac{0.04t}{0.04}$

$17.41517922 = t$ $17.42 = t$

$17.32867951 = t$ $17.32 = t$

OR ✓

47. How many years will it take for an initial investment of \$10,000 to grow to \$15,000? Assume a rate of interest of 8% compounded continuously.



It will take about years for the investment to grow to \$15,000.
(Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answer: 5.07

ID: 4.7.41

$15000 = 10000e^{0.08t}$ $A = Pe^{rt}$

$\frac{15000}{10000} = \frac{10000e^{0.08t}}{10000}$ $\ln(1.5) = \ln(e^{0.08t})$

$1.5 = e^{0.08t}$ $\ln(1.5) = 0.08t \ln(e)$

$\ln(1.5) = \ln(e^{0.08t})$ $\ln(1.5) = 0.08t$

$\frac{\ln(1.5)}{0.08} = \frac{0.08t}{0.08}$ $5.068313851 = t$

$5.07 = t$

48. The population of a colony of mosquitoes obeys the law of uninhibited growth. Use this information to answer parts (a) through (c).

(a) If N is the population of the colony and t is the time in days, express N as a function of t . Consider N_0 is the original amount at $t = 0$ and $k \neq 0$ is a constant that represents the growth rate.

$N(t) =$ (Type an expression using t as the variable and in terms of e .)

(b) The population of a colony of mosquitoes obeys the law of uninhibited growth. If there are 1000 mosquitoes initially and there are 1200 after 1 day, what is the size of the colony after 4 days?

Approximately mosquitoes. (Lice)

(Do not round until the final answer. Then round to the nearest whole number as needed.)

(c) How long is it until there are 90,000 mosquitoes?

About days. (Lice)

(Do not round until the final answer. Then round to the nearest tenth as needed.)

Answers $N_0 e^{kt}$

2074

24.7

ID: 4.8.5

$N(t) = N_0 e^{kt}$

$$(48) (b) N(t) = N_0 e^{kt}$$

$$1200 = 1000 e^{k(1)}$$

$$1200 = 1000 e^k$$

$$\frac{1200}{1000} = \frac{1000 e^k}{1000}$$

$$1.2 = e^k$$

$$\ln(1.2) = \ln(e^k)$$

$$\ln(1.2) = k \cdot \ln(e)$$

$$\ln(1.2) = k(1)$$

$$\ln(1.2) = k$$

$$0.1823215568 = k$$

$$N(t) = 1000 e^{0.1823215568 t}$$

$$N(t) = 1000 e^{0.182322 t} \quad \text{Round}$$

$$N(4) = 1000 e^{(0.182322)(4)}$$

$$N(4) = 2073.603676$$

OR

$$N(4) = 2074 \quad \text{Round}$$

(48) (c)

$$M_H = 1000 e^{.182322t}$$

$$90000 = 1000 e^{.182322t}$$

$$\frac{90000}{1000} = \frac{1000 e}{1000}$$

$$90 = e^{.182322t}$$

$$\ln(90) = \ln(e^{.182322t})$$

$$\ln(90) = .182322t \ln(e)$$

$$\ln(90) = .182322t (1)$$

$$\ln(90) = .182322t$$

$$\frac{\ln(90)}{.182322} = \frac{.182322t}{.182322}$$

$$24.68056335 = t$$

$$24.7 = t$$

OR
Round

49. The half-life of carbon-14 is 5600 years. If a piece of charcoal made from the wood of a tree shows only 67% of the carbon-14 expected in living matter, when did the tree die?

$$A = P\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{5600}}$$

The tree died about years ago.

(Do not round until the final answer. Then round to the nearest whole number.)

Answer: 3235

ID: 4.8.11

$$67 = 100\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{5600}}$$

$$\ln(0.67) = \frac{t}{5600} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\ln(0.67)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \frac{t}{5600}$$

$$t = \frac{5600 \ln(0.67)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \approx 3235$$

50. After the release of radioactive material into the atmosphere from a nuclear power plant in a country in 1998, the hay in that country was contaminated by a radioactive isotope (half-life 7 days). If it is safe to feed the hay to cows when 14% of the radioactive isotope remains, how long did the farmers need to wait to use this hay?

The farmers needed to wait approximately days for it to be safe to feed the hay to the cows.
(Round to one decimal place as needed.)

Answer: 19.9

ID: 4.8.21

$$A = P\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{7}}$$

$$14 = 100\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{7}}$$

$$\ln(0.14) = \frac{t}{7} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\ln(0.14)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \frac{t}{7}$$

$$t = \frac{7 \ln(0.14)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \approx 19.9$$

51. Solve the system of equations. If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.



$$\begin{cases} 2x - 4y = -8 \\ 10x + y = 23 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (1) \quad 2x - 4y = -8 \\ (4) \quad 40x + 4y = 92 \\ \hline 42x + 0 = 84 \\ 42x = 84 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution of the system is $x =$ and $y =$.
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered pairs, the solution can be written as $\{(x,y) | x =$, $y \text{ any real number}\}$.
(Simplify your answer. Type an expression using y as the variable as needed.)
- C. The system is inconsistent.

Answer: A. The solution of the system is $x =$ and $y =$.
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)

ID: 6.1.33

$$(x, y) = (2, 3)$$

$$y = 3$$

52. Solve the given system of equations. If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.



$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + 3z = 17 \\ 2x + y + z = -1 \\ -3x + 2y - 2z = -11 \end{cases}$$

2x2D matrix, edit, CAS, 3x4

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 17 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & -2 & -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use Graphing Calculator

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution is $x =$ _____, $y =$ _____, and $z =$ _____. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as $\{(x,y,z) \mid x =$ _____, $y =$ _____, z any real number $\}$. (Simplify your answers. Type expressions using z as the variable as needed.)
- C. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as $\{(x,y,z) \mid x =$ _____, y any real number, z any real number $\}$. (Simplify your answer. Type an expression using y and z as the variables as needed.)
- D. The system is inconsistent. *2x2D, matrix, Math, ↓, rref()*

Answer: A.

The solution is $x =$, $y =$, and $z =$. (Type integers or simplified fractions.)

$rref([A]) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix}$

$(x, y, z) = (-1, -3, 4)$

ID: 6.1.45

53. Find the sum of the sequence.

$$\sum_{k=1}^4 (5k+9) = (5(1)+9) + (5(2)+9) + (5(3)+9) + (5(4)+9) = (5+9) + (10+9) + (15+9) + (20+9) = (14) + (19) + (24) + (29) = 86$$

Answer: 86

OR use graphing calculator Math, ↓, summation \sum

ID: 7.1.73

54. Expand the expression using the binomial theorem.

$$(x+2)^5 = \binom{5}{0}(x)^5(2)^0 + \binom{5}{1}(x)^4(2)^1 + \binom{5}{2}(x)^3(2)^2 + \binom{5}{3}(x)^2(2)^3 + \binom{5}{4}(x)^1(2)^4 + \binom{5}{5}(x)^0(2)^5 = (1)(x^5)(1) + (5)(x^4)(2) + (10)(x^3)(4) + (10)(x^2)(8) + (5)(x)(16) + (1)(1)(32) = x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32$$

Answer: $x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32$

$x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32 =$

ID: 7.5.17

5, Math, Prob, NCr, 0 = 1
 5, Math, Prob, NCr, 1 = 5
 5, Math, Prob, NCr, 2 = 10
 5, Math, Prob, NCr, 3 = 10
 5, Math, Prob, NCr, 4 = 5
 5, Math, Prob, NCr, 5 = 1
 Use graphing calculator



IN THE SEA ON A PIZZA Hot day.

AFTER

COLOMIA

Love
sprinkles
Forever
sufficient

value: 1 ticket

value: 1 ticket



GOLDEN SPRINKLES BEAR SACHOD

value: 1 ticket



$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{4}{12}, \quad \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$



SMART Bird 5-7-17
AMIA

MATH IS FUN

$$\frac{4}{12} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

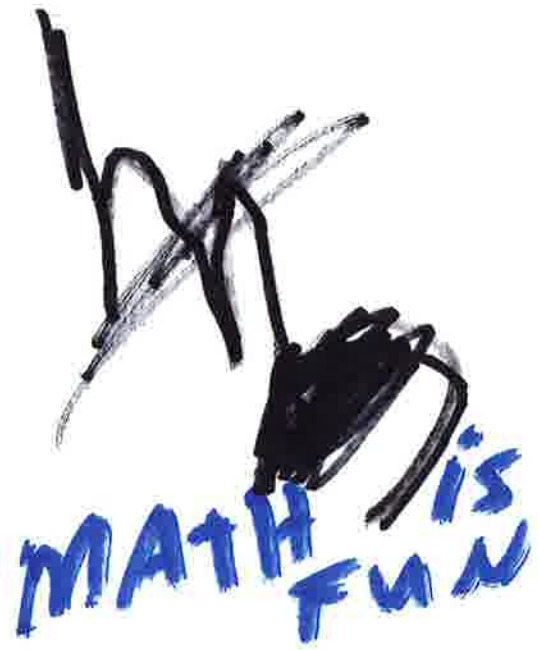
$$\frac{12}{12} - \frac{10}{12} = \frac{2}{12} \text{ or } \frac{1}{6}$$

MARI MARI MARI

BROKEN SURFBOARD



12/11/19





MATH

MATH

MATH is Fun

Exponential
Growth



09036w