

Student: _____ Date: _____

Instructor: Alfredo Alvarez
Course: Math 1314 Sullivan Coreq

Assignment:
finalm1314kellymathlaw31

1. Solve the equation.

$$8x^3 + x^2 - 72x - 9 = 0$$

Use synthetic division

The solution set is { }.

(Simplify your answer. Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: $-\frac{1}{8}, -3, 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(-3)} \\ \overline{)8 \quad 1 \quad -72 \quad -9} \\ 8 \quad 25 \quad 3 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

rem

Poss. sol. last = ± 9
First = ± 8
 $\pm 9, \pm 3, \pm 1$
 $\pm 8, \pm 4, \pm 2, \pm 1$

Use synthetic division

ID: PF.4.39

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \quad 1 \quad 0 \\ \overline{)8x+1=0} \\ 8x+1-1=0-1 \end{array}$$

rem

$$\begin{aligned} 8x &= -1 & [3, -3, -\frac{1}{8}] \\ \frac{8x}{8} &= \frac{-1}{8} & \text{Good} \\ x &= -\frac{1}{8} & \text{Good} \end{aligned}$$

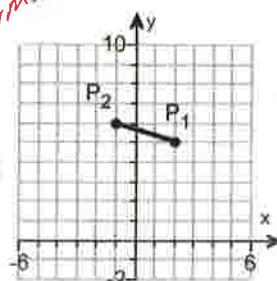
2. Find the distance $d(P_1, P_2)$ between the given points

P_1 and P_2 .

$$P_1 = (2, 5)$$

$$P_2 = (-1, 6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{((2) - (-1))^2 + ((5) - (6))^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{(2+1)^2 + (5-6)^2} \\ d &= \sqrt{3^2 + (-1)^2} \end{aligned}$$



$$d(P_1, P_2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer, using radicals as needed.)

Answer: $\sqrt{10}$

$$d = \sqrt{9+1}$$

$$d = \sqrt{10}$$

OR $d = 3.16227766$

OR $d = 3.16$

ID: F.1.21

3. Find the midpoint of the line segment joining the points P_1 and P_2 .

$$P_1 = (2, -5); P_2 = (4, 9)$$

$$\text{midpoint} = \left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2} \right) \quad \begin{matrix} (2, -5) & (4, 9) \\ x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \end{matrix}$$

The midpoint of the line segment joining the points P_1 and P_2 is _____.

(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair.)

Answer: $(3, 2)$

$$\text{mid point} = \left(\frac{(2)+(4)}{2}, \frac{(-5)+(9)}{2} \right)$$

ID: F.1.39

$$\text{mid point} = \left(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{-5+9}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{midpoint} = \left(\frac{6}{2}, \frac{4}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Mid point} = (3, 2)$$

4.

For the equation $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 8y - 16 = 0$, do the following.

- Find the center (h,k) and radius r of the circle.
- Graph the circle.
- Find the intercepts, if any.

(a) The center is _____.
(Type an ordered pair.)

The radius is $r =$ _____.

(b) Use the graphing tool to graph the circle.

(c) Find the intercepts, if any. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

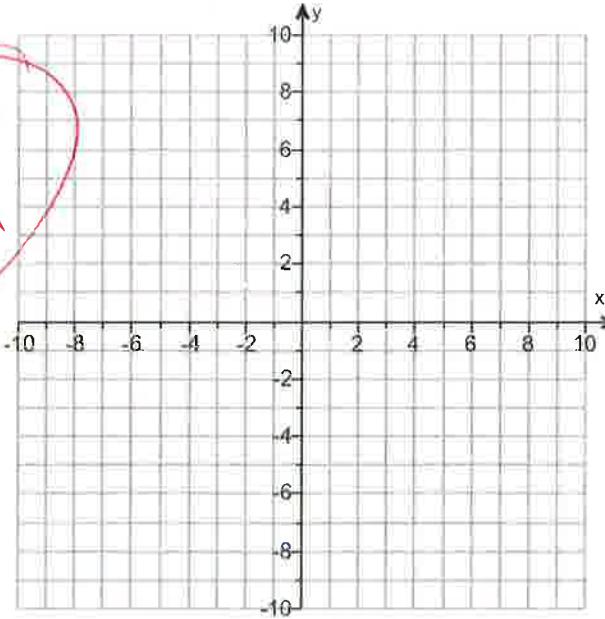
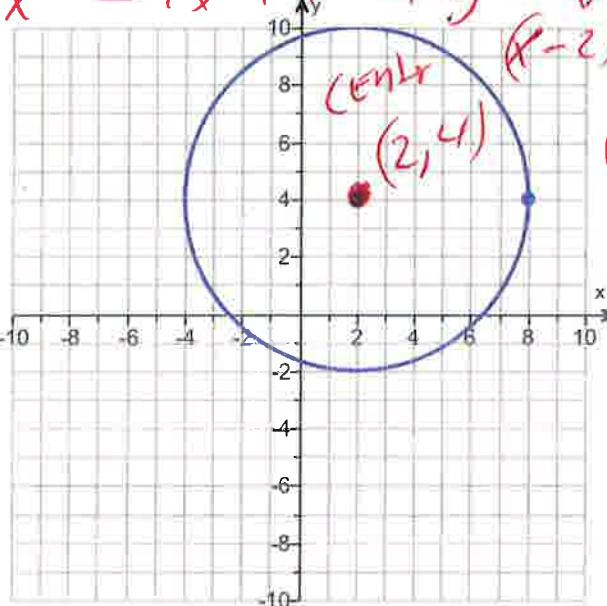
A. The intercept(s) is/are _____.

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed. Type exact answers for each coordinate, using radicals as needed.)

B. There is no intercept.

Answers (2,4)

6



A. The intercept(s) is/are $(2-2\sqrt{5}, 0), (2+2\sqrt{5}, 0), (0, 4-4\sqrt{2}), (0, 4+4\sqrt{2})$.

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed. Type exact answers for each coordinate, using radicals as needed.)

ID: F.4.27

5. Find the domain of the function.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 10}$$

The domain is _____ . (Type your answer in interval notation.)

Answer: $[5, \infty)$

ID: 1.1.59

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 10}$$

set $2x - 10 \geq 0$
 $2x - 10 + 10 \geq 0 + 10$
 $2x \geq 10$
 ~~$\frac{2x}{2} \geq \frac{10}{2}$~~

$$x \geq 5$$

formula
domain

$$f(x) = \sqrt{Ax + B}$$

set $Ax + B \geq 0$

$$\begin{matrix} \rightarrow \\ 5 \end{matrix}$$

$$[5, \infty)$$

6. For the given functions f and g , complete parts (a)-(h). For parts (a)-(d), also find the domain.

$$f(x) = 5x + 1; g(x) = 3x - 4$$

- (a) Find $(f + g)(x)$.

$$(f + g)(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Simplify your answer.})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) + g(x) &= \\ (5x+1) + (3x-4) &= \text{domain } (-\infty, \infty) \\ 5x+1 + 3x-4 &= \\ 8x-3 &= \end{aligned}$$

What is the domain of $f + g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x | \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

- (b) Find $(f - g)(x)$.

$$(f - g)(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Simplify your answer.})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) - g(x) &= \\ (5x+1) - (3x-4) &= \text{domain } (-\infty, \infty) \\ 5x+1 - 3x+4 &= \\ 2x+5 &= \end{aligned}$$

What is the domain of $f - g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x | \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

- (c) Find $(f \cdot g)(x)$.

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Simplify your answer.})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) \cdot g(x) &= \\ (5x+1)(3x-4) &= \\ 15x^2 - 20x + 3x - 4 &= \\ 15x^2 - 17x - 4 &= \end{aligned}$$

What is the domain of $f \cdot g$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x | \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

- (d) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$.

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Simplify your answer.})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \text{set } 3x-4 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 4 \\ g(x) &= 3x-4 \\ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} &= \\ \frac{5x+1}{3x-4} &= \\ 5x+1 &= \\ 3x-4 &= \\ 5x &= 4 \\ x &= \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Domain } x \neq \frac{4}{3}$$

What is the domain of $\frac{f}{g}$? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x | \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain is $\{x | x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 8x-3 \\ f(4) &= 8(4)-3 \\ f(4) &= 32-3 \\ f(4) &= 29 \end{aligned}$$

(e) Find $(f + g)(4)$.

$$(f + g)(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Type an integer or a simplified fraction.})$$

(f) Find $(f - g)(2)$.

$$(f - g)(2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Type an integer or a simplified fraction.})$$

(g) Find $(f \circ g)(3)$.

$$(f \circ g)(3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Type an integer or a simplified fraction.})$$

(h) Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1)$.

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad (\text{Type an integer or a simplified fraction.})$$

Answers $8x - 3$ B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$$2x + 5$$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$$15x^2 - 17x - 4$$

B. The domain is $\{x \mid x \text{ is any real number}\}$.

$$\frac{5x+1}{3x-4}$$

A. The domain is $\left\{x \mid x \neq \frac{4}{3}\right\}$.

(Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

$$29$$

$$9$$

$$80$$

$$-6$$

ID: 1.1.67

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x+5$$

$$(f-g)(2) = 2(2)+5$$

$$(f-g)(2) = 8+5$$

$$(f-g)(2) = 9$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = 15x^2 - 17x - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 15(3)^2 - 17(3) - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 15(3)(3) - 17(3) - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 15(3) - 17(3) - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 135 - 51 - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 84 - 4$$

$$(f \circ g)(3) = 80$$

$$(f)(x) = \frac{5x+1}{3x-4}$$

$$(f)(1) = \frac{5(1)+1}{3(1)-4}$$

$$(f)(1) = \frac{5+1}{3-4}$$

$$(f)(1) = \frac{6}{-1}$$

$$(f)(1) = -6$$

7. Find the difference quotient of f , that is, find $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$, $h \neq 0$, for the following function. Be sure to simplify.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 9$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer: $2x + h - 8$

ID: 1.1.83

$$f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 9$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} =$$

$$\frac{(x+h)^2 - 8(x+h) + 9 - (x^2 - 8x + 9)}{h} =$$

$$\frac{(x+h)(x+h) - 8x - 8h + 9 - x^2 + 8x - 9}{h} =$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 1xh + 1xh + h^2 - 8x - 8h + 9 - x^2 + 8x - 9}{h} =$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2xh + h^2 - 8x - 8h + 9 - x^2 + 8x - 9}{h} =$$

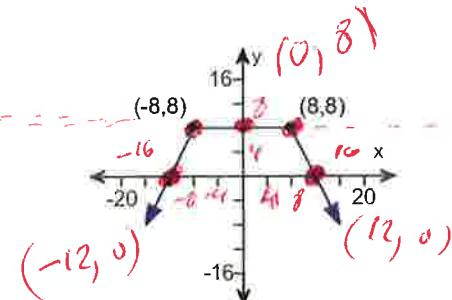
$$\frac{2xh + h^2 - 8h}{h} =$$

$$\frac{2xh}{h} + \frac{h^2}{h} - \frac{8h}{h} = \cancel{\cancel{\cancel{h}}}$$

$$2x + h - 8 \Rightarrow$$

8.

- Determine whether the graph is that of a function by using the vertical-line test. If it is, use the graph to find
- its domain and range.
 - the intercepts, if any.
 - any symmetry with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, or the origin.



Is the graph that of a function?

- Yes
 No

If the graph is that of a function, what are the domain and range of the function? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$. The range is $(-\infty, 8]$ (bottom, top)
- B. The graph is not a function.

What are the intercepts? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. $(-12, 0)$ $(12, 0)$ $(0, 8)$ (x-intercept, y-intercept)
- (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There are no intercepts.
- C. The graph is not a function.

Determine if the graph is symmetrical.

- A. It is symmetrical with respect to the y-axis.
- B. It is symmetrical with respect to the origin.
- C. It is symmetrical with respect to the x-axis.
- D. The graph is not symmetrical.
- E. The graph is not a function.

Answers Yes

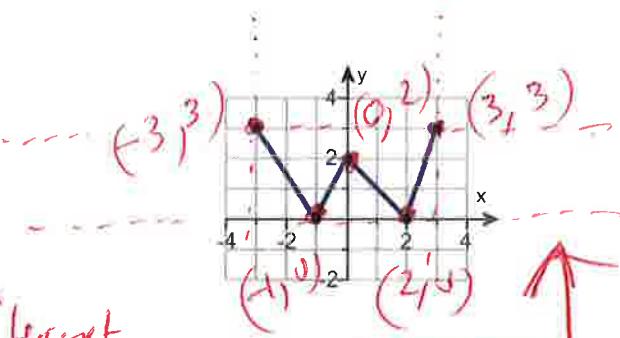
- A. The domain is $(-\infty, \infty)$. The range is $(-\infty, 8]$.
- (Type your answers in interval notation.)

- A. $(12, 0), (-12, 0), (0, 8)$ (Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- A. It is symmetrical with respect to the y-axis.

ID: 1.2.21

9. Using the given graph of the function f , find the following.

- (a) the intercepts, if any
- (b) its domain and range
- (c) the intervals on which it is increasing, decreasing, or constant
- (d) whether it is even, odd, or neither



(a) What are the intercepts?

(-1, 0) (2, 0) (0, 2)

(Simplify your answer. Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

(b) The domain is $[-3, 3]$ ← [left, right]

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range is $[0, 3]$ ← [bottom, top]

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) On which interval(s) is the graph increasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is increasing on $[-1, 0]$ $[2, 3]$

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not increasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph decreasing? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is decreasing on $[-3, -1]$ $[0, 2]$

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not decreasing on any interval.

On which interval(s) is the graph constant? Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

A. The graph is constant on _____.

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(d) The function is (1) _____

(1) odd.

neither odd nor even.

even.

Answers (-1,0),(2,0),(0,2)

[- 3,3]

[0,3]

A. The graph is increasing on [-1,0],[2,3].

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The graph is decreasing on [-3,-1],[0,2].

(Type your answer in interval notation. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. The graph is not constant on any interval.

(1) neither odd nor even.

ID: 1.3.25

10. The function f is defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 + x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the domain of the function.
 (b) Locate any intercepts.
 (c) Graph the function.
 (d) Based on the graph, find the range.

(a) The domain of the function f is $(-\infty, \infty)$ ← (left, right)

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

X-intercept

X-intercept also

y-intercept

A. The intercept(s) is/are

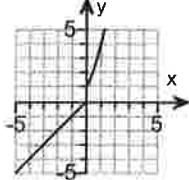
$(-4, 0), (0, 0)$

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

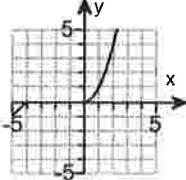
B. There are no intercepts.

(c) Choose the correct graph of $f(x)$ below.

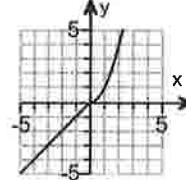
A.



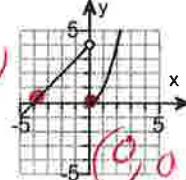
B.



C.



D.



(d) The range of the function f is

$(-\infty, \infty)$ ← (bottom, top)

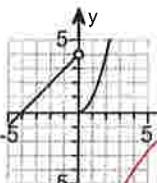
Answers $(-\infty, \infty)$

A. The intercept(s) is/are $(-4, 0), (0, 0)$.

(Type an ordered pair. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

D.

$(-\infty, \infty)$



windows

x-min = -12

x-max = 12

y-min = -10

y-max = 10

*using
graphing
calculator*

2nd Math

$$y_1 = 4 + x \quad (x < 0) \quad \text{open circle}$$

$$y_2 = x^2 \quad (x \geq 0) \quad \text{closed circle}$$

ID: 1.4.37

11. The graph of a function f is illustrated to the right. Use the graph of f as the first step toward graphing each of the following functions.

(a) $F(x) = f(x) + 2$

(b) $G(x) = f(x + 5)$

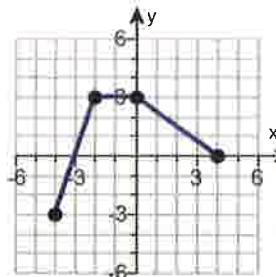
(c) $P(x) = -f(x)$

(d) $H(x) = f(x + 1) - 1$

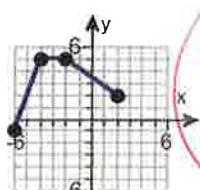
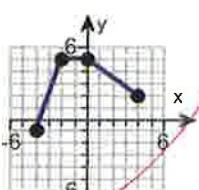
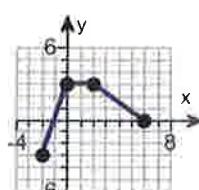
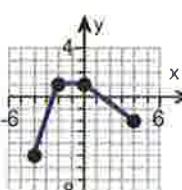
(e) $Q(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x)$

(f) $g(x) = f(-x)$

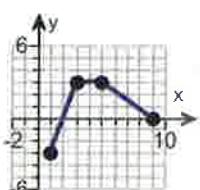
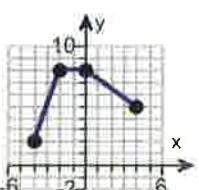
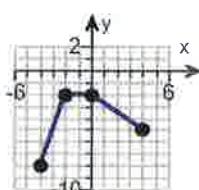
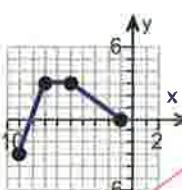
(g) $h(x) = f(2x)$



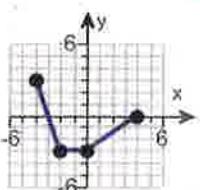
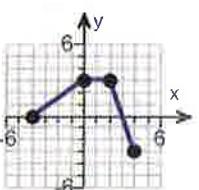
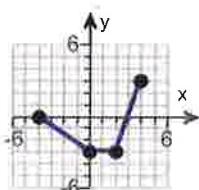
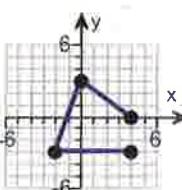
- (a) Choose the correct graph of $F(x) = f(x) + 2$ below.

 A. B. C. D.

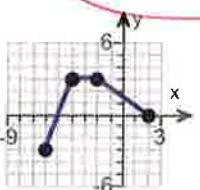
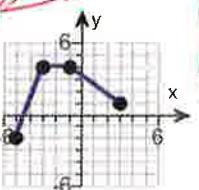
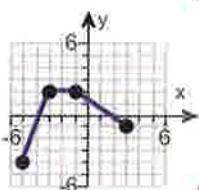
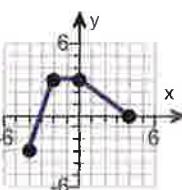
- (b) Choose the correct graph of $G(x) = f(x + 5)$ below.

 A. B. C. D.

- (c) Choose the correct graph of $P(x) = -f(x)$ below.

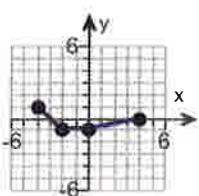
 A. B. C. D.

- (d) Choose the correct graph of $H(x) = f(x + 1) - 1$ below.

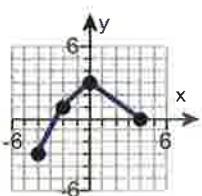
 A. B. C. D.

(e) Choose the correct graph of $Q(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x)$ below.

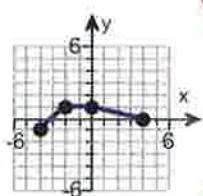
A.



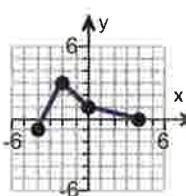
B.



C.

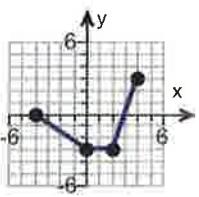


D.

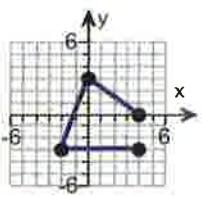


(f) Choose the correct graph of $g(x) = f(-x)$ below.

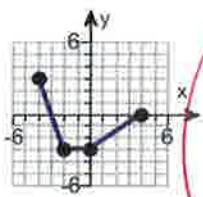
A.



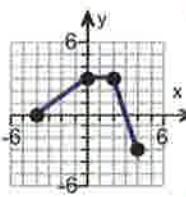
B.



C.

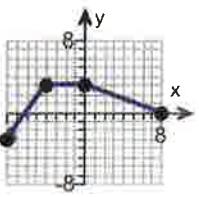


D.

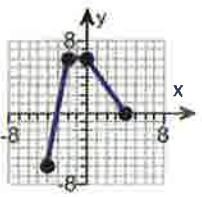


(g) Choose the correct graph of $h(x) = f(2x)$ below.

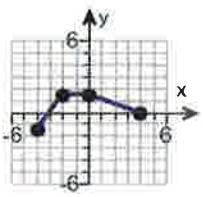
A.



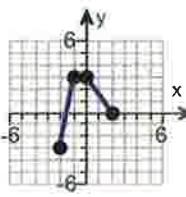
B.



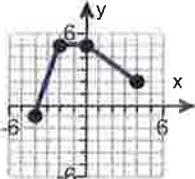
C.



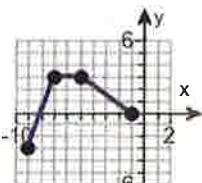
D.



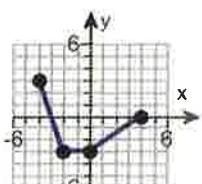
Answers



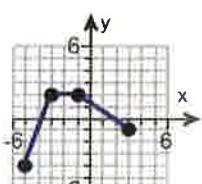
B.



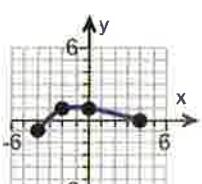
D.



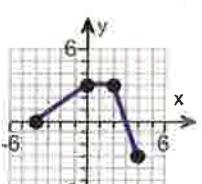
A.



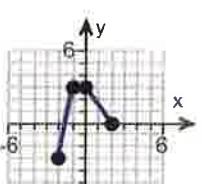
C.



C.



D.



D.

ID: 1.5.63

12.

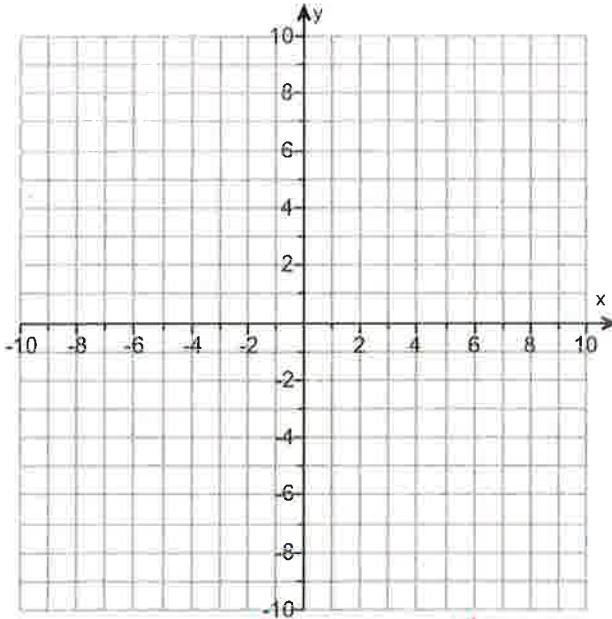
- (a) Graph $f(x) = |x + 7| - 2$ using transformations.
 (b) Find the area of the region bounded by f and the x -axis that lies below the x -axis.

(a) Graph $f(x)$.

(Use the graphing tool provided to graph the function.)

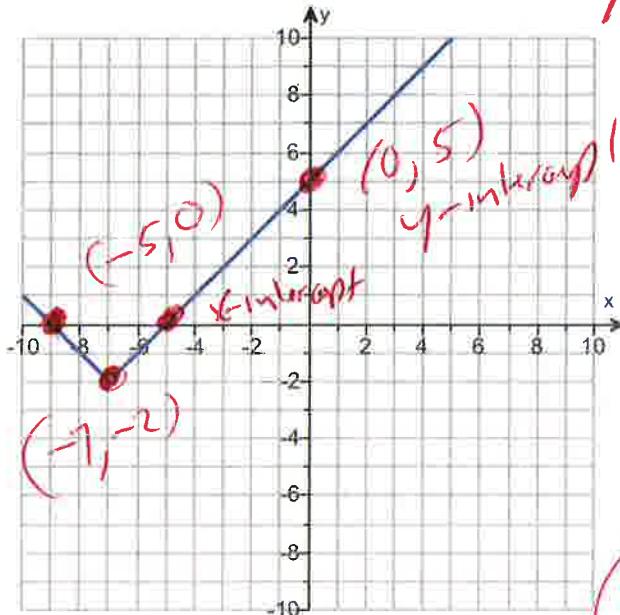
(b) The area of the region bounded by f and the x -axis that lies below the x -axis is _____ square units.

(Simplify your answer.)



Answers

x -intercept
 $(-9, 0)$



$$f(x) = |x + 7| - 2$$

x	$f(x)$
-9	0
-7	-2
-5	0
0	5

use
graphing calculator

4

Windows

ID: 1.5.81

$$x_{\text{min}} = -12$$

$$x_{\text{max}} = 12$$

$$y_{\text{min}} = -10$$

$$y_{\text{max}} = 10$$

$y = \text{Math, Num, abs}$

$$y_1 = \text{abs}(x + 7) - 2$$

shift left \rightarrow
opp

shift
down
-2

13. Find the zeros, if any, of the quadratic function using the quadratic formula. What are the x-intercepts, if any, of the graph of the function?

$$f(x) = 8x^2 + 12x + 3$$

$$f(x) = 8x^2 + 12x + 3 \quad (\text{rewrite})$$

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.
(Simplify your answer, including any radicals. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are _____.
- B. The zeros and the x-intercepts are different. The zeros are _____, the x-intercepts are _____.
- C. There is no real zero solution and no x-intercept.

Answer: A. The zeros and the x-intercepts are the same. They are $\frac{-3 + \sqrt{3}}{4}, \frac{-3 - \sqrt{3}}{4}$.

ID: 2.3.47

$$a = 8, b = 12, c = 3$$

$$x = \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-(12) + \sqrt{(12)^2 - 4(8)(3)}}{2(8)}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 96}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{48}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{16 \cdot 3}}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{16} \sqrt{3}}{16}$$

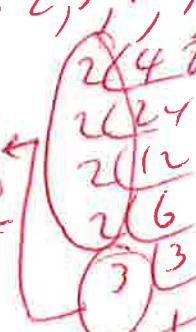
$$x = \frac{-12 \pm 4\sqrt{3}}{16}$$

rewrite

Primes 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

$$48 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$

$$48 = 16 \cdot 3$$



14
VLT
PLK

(14)

For the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$, answer parts (a) through (c).

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

Does the graph of f open up or down?

- up
- down

What are the coordinates of the vertex?

The vertex of the parabola is _____.

(Type an ordered pair. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

What is the equation of the axis of symmetry?

The axis of symmetry is _____.
(Type an equation.)

What is/are the x-intercept(s)? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The x-intercept(s) is/are _____.

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There are no x-intercepts.

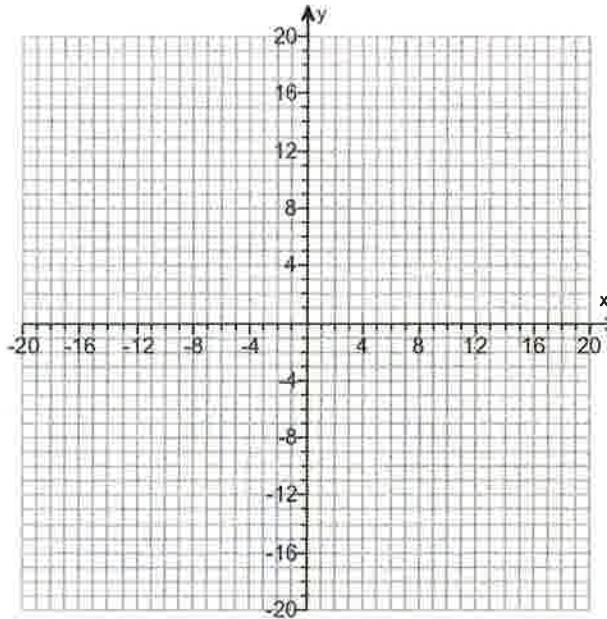
What is the y-intercept? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The y-intercept is _____.

(Type an integer or a decimal.)

- B. There is no y-intercept.

Use the graphing tool to graph the function.



(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

The domain of f is _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of f is _____.

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.

Answers up

(1, -1)

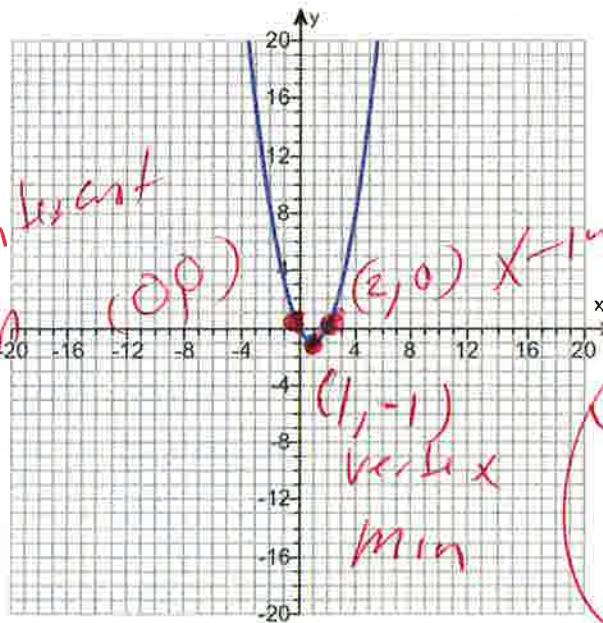
 $x = 1$

*Example
Swimming in the ocean
at 23° at night by yourself*

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x$$

A. The x-intercept(s) is/are 0, 2.

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The y-intercept is 0. (Type an integer or a decimal.)

Lucky
Sharks eat unts
in the bay.

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline x & f(x) \\ \hline 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

 $(-\infty, \infty)$ $[-1, \infty)$ $[1, \infty)$ $(-\infty, 1]$

ID: 2.4.33

Windows

$$x_{\text{min}} = -12$$

$$x_{\text{max}} = 12$$

$$y_{\text{min}} = -10$$

$$y_{\text{max}} = 10$$

USP

graphing

calculator

$$y_1 = x^2 - 2x$$

BIG

15
Nett
Please

15

For the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$, answer parts (a) through (c).

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

Does the graph of f open up or down?

- down
- up

What are the coordinates of the vertex?

The vertex of the parabola is _____.
(Type an ordered pair. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

What is the equation of the axis of symmetry?

The axis of symmetry is _____.
(Type an equation.)

What is/are the x-intercept(s)? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The x-intercept(s) is/are

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There are no x-intercepts.

What is the y-intercept? Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The y-intercept is _____.
(Type an integer or a decimal.)

- B. There is no y-intercept.

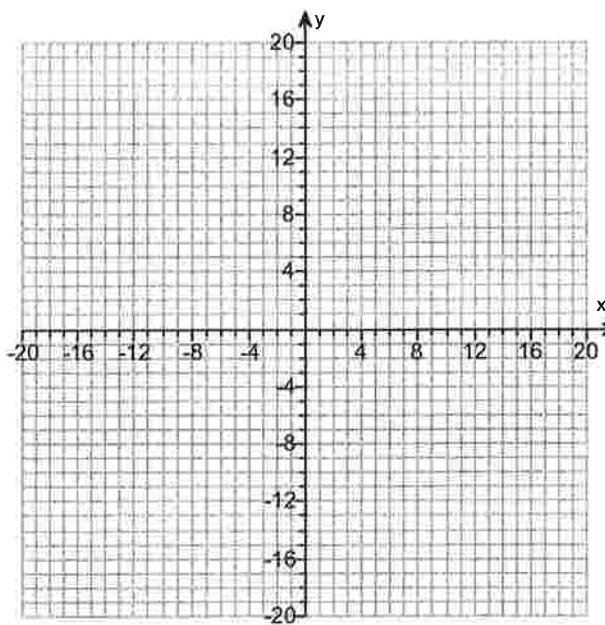
Use the graphing tool to graph the function.

(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

The domain of f is _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of f is _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.



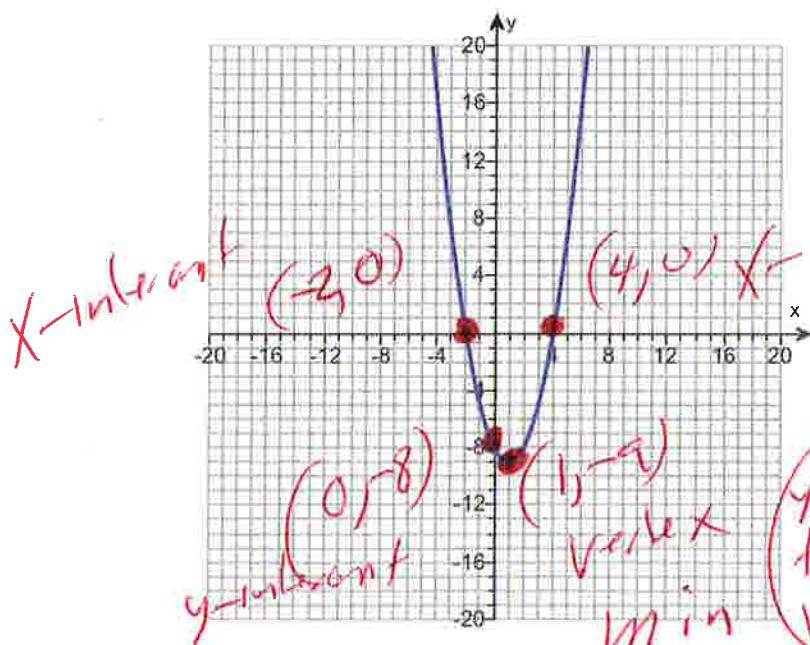
Answers up

(1, -9)

x = 1

A. The x-intercept(s) is/are 4, -2

(Type an integer or a decimal. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

A. The y-intercept is -8. (Type an integer or a decimal.)

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$$

*(Explain)
Swimming in the
Sea at 3:34 am on
Saturday night after
eating a double meat
double cheese double bacon
double hamburger.*

x	f(x)
-2	0
0	-8
1	-9
4	0

(-∞, ∞)

[-9, ∞)

[1, ∞)

(-∞, 1]

ID: 2.4.37

windows

$$x_{\text{min}} = -12$$

$$x_{\text{max}} = 12$$

$$y_{\text{min}} = -10$$

$$y_{\text{max}} = 10$$

*use
graphing
calculator*

*Shakes
Sleep at
night +
Always*

$$Y_1 = x^2 - 2x - 8$$

BIG

BIG

16) Next page

(16)

For the quadratic function $f(x) = -2x^2 + 2x - 4$, answer parts (a) through (c). Verify the results using a graphing utility.

(a) Graph the quadratic function by determining whether its graph opens up or down and by finding its vertex, axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and x-intercepts, if any.

The graph of f opens (1) _____.

The vertex of f is _____.
(Type an ordered pair.)

The axis of symmetry is _____.
(Type an equation. Simplify your answer.)

Determine the y-intercept. Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The y-intercept is _____.
(Type an integer or a decimal.)

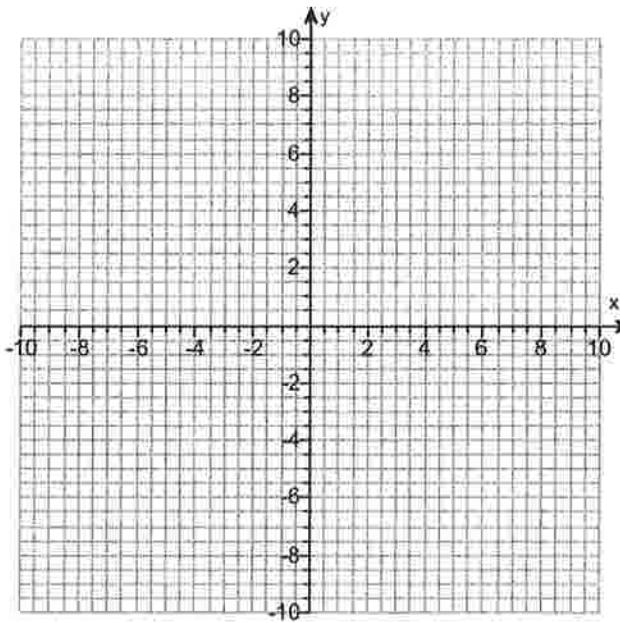
B. There is no y-intercept.

Determine the x-intercept(s). Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

A. The x-intercept(s) is/are _____.
(Type an integer or a decimal rounded to two decimal places as needed. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

B. There is no x-intercept.

Use the graphing tool to graph the function.



(b) Determine the domain and the range of the function.

The domain of f is _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of f is _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

(c) Determine where the function is increasing and where it is decreasing.

The function is increasing on the interval _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The function is decreasing on the interval _____.
(Type your answer in interval notation.)

- (1) down.
 up.

Answers (1) down.

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{7}{2}\right)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

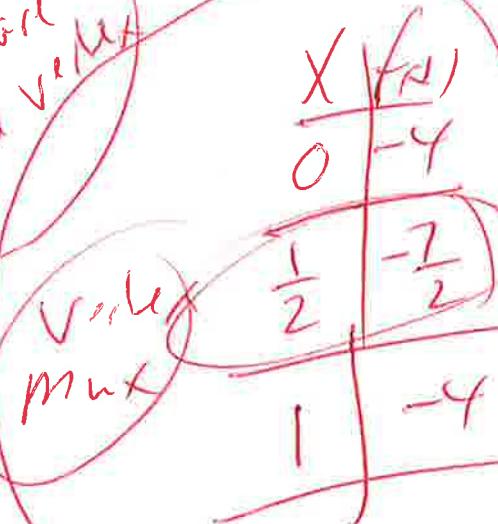
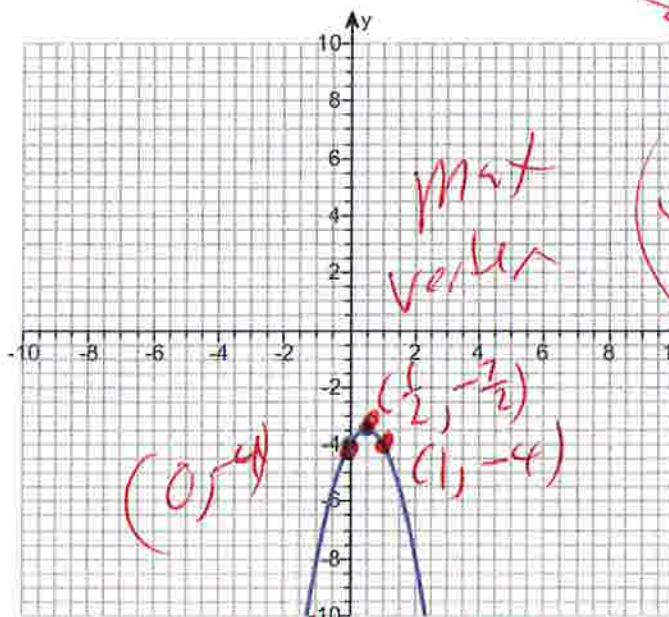
A. The y-intercept is -4. (Type an integer or a decimal.)

B. There is no x-intercept.

*Shark law
Sharks eat only
in Day.*

$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 2x - 4$$

*Ex: A. Swimming in the
ocean at 2:34 a.m. on
Saturday night for only
2 hours by yourself.*



$(-\infty, \infty)$

$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{7}{2}\right]$$

$$\left(-\infty, \frac{1}{2}\right]$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$x - \min = -12$$

$$x - \max = 12$$

$$y - \min = -10$$

$$y - \max = 10$$

USP

Graph

Calculator

ID: 2.4.43

$$y_1 = -2x^2 + 2x - 4$$

L14
BIC

17. Find the vertical, horizontal, and oblique asymptotes, if any, for the following rational function.

$$R(x) = \frac{16x}{x+5}$$

$$R(x) = \frac{16x}{x+5}$$

(Set bottom = 0)

$$x+5 = 0$$

$$x+5 - 5 = 0 - 5$$

$$x = -5$$

$$x = -5$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are $x =$ _____.
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no vertical asymptote.

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are $y =$ _____.
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no horizontal asymptote.

$$R(x) = \frac{16x}{x+5}$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The oblique asymptote(s) is/are $y =$ _____.
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. There is no oblique asymptote.

$$y = HA = \frac{\text{highest Power Top}}{\text{highest Power Bottom}}$$

$$y = \frac{16x}{1x}$$

Answers A. The vertical asymptote(s) is/are $x =$ _____.
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

$$y = \frac{16}{1}$$

A. The horizontal asymptote(s) is/are $y =$ _____.
(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

$$y = 16$$

B. There is no oblique asymptote.

$$y = 16$$

ID: 3.4.45

Since highest power on top is the same as highest power on the bottom then there is no oblique asymptote

18. For $f(x) = 2x + 8$ and $g(x) = 4x$, find the following composite functions and state the domain of each.

- (a) $f \circ g$ (b) $g \circ f$ (c) $f \circ f$ (d) $g \circ g$

(a) $(f \circ g)(x) =$ _____ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $f \circ g$ is $\{x |$ _____ $\}$.

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of $f \circ g$ is all real numbers.

(b) $(g \circ f)(x) =$ _____ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $g \circ f$ is $\{x |$ _____ $\}$.

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of $g \circ f$ is all real numbers.

(c) $(f \circ f)(x) =$ _____ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $f \circ f$ is $\{x |$ _____ $\}$.

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of $f \circ f$ is all real numbers.

(d) $(g \circ g)(x) =$ _____ (Simplify your answer.)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The domain of $g \circ g$ is $\{x |$ _____ $\}$.

(Type an inequality. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. The domain of $g \circ g$ is all real numbers.

Answers $8x + 8$

B. The domain of $f \circ g$ is all real numbers.

$$8x + 32$$

B. The domain of $g \circ f$ is all real numbers.

$$4x + 24$$

B. The domain of $f \circ f$ is all real numbers.

$$16x$$

B. The domain of $g \circ g$ is all real numbers.

ID: 4.1.23

(18) a $f(x) = 2x + 8$ and $g(x) = 4x$ *this side here*

$$(f \circ g)(x) =$$

$$f(g(x)) =$$

$$f(4x) =$$

$$2(4x) + 8 =$$

$$8x + 8 =$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

(18) b $f(x) = (2x + 8)$ and $g(x) = 4x$ *this side here*

$$(g \circ f)(x) =$$

$$g(f(x)) =$$

$$g(2x + 8) =$$

$$4(2x + 8) = \cancel{4} \cancel{4}$$

$$8x + 32 =$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

19
 ⑧c $f(x) = (2x+8)$ and $g(x) = 4x$
 $(f \circ f)(x) =$
 $f(f(x)) =$
 $f(2x+8) =$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(2x+8)+8 &= \\ 4x+16+8 &= \\ 4x+24 & \end{aligned}$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

⑧d $f(x) = 2x+8$ and $g(x) = 4x$
 inside 17sec

$$(g \circ g)(x) =$$

$$g(g(x)) =$$

$$g(4x) =$$

$$4(4x) =$$

$$16x =$$

domain

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

19.

The function $f(x) = 6x + 3$ is one-to-one.

- Find the inverse of f and check the answer.
- Find the domain and the range of f and f^{-1} .
- Graph f , f^{-1} , and $y = x$ on the same coordinate axes.

(a) $f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(Simplify your answer. Use integers or fractions for any numbers in the expression.)

(b) Find the domain of f . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The domain is $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The domain is $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

Find the range of f . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

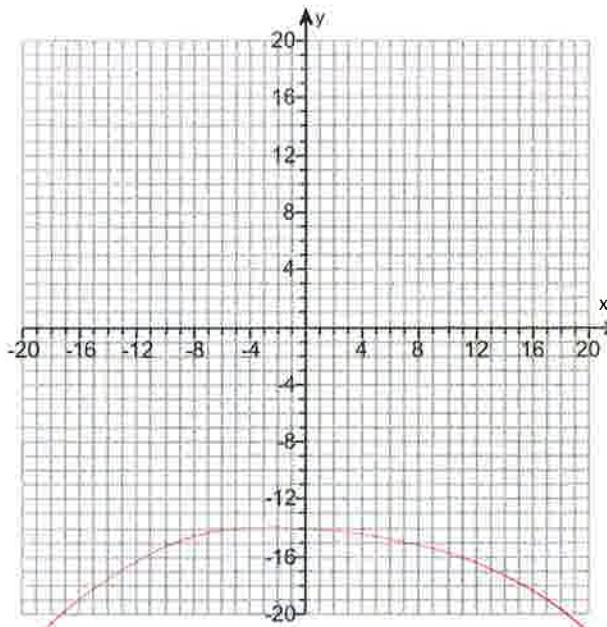
- A. The range is $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The range is $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The range is $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.

Find the domain of f^{-1} . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The domain is $\{x|x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The domain is $\{x|x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The domain is $\{x|x \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.

Find the range of f^{-1} . Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The range is $\{y|y \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- B. The range is $\{y|y \neq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- C. The range is $\{y|y \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\}$.
- D. The range is the set of all real numbers.



$$f(x) = 6x + 3$$

$$y = 6x + 3$$

$$x = 6y + 3$$

$$\cancel{x - 3} = 6y + \cancel{3} - 3$$

$$x - 3 = 6y$$

$$\frac{x - 3}{6} = \frac{6y}{6}$$

$$\frac{x - 3}{6} = y$$

$$y = \frac{x - 3}{6}$$

set $y =$
Env var
Solve for y

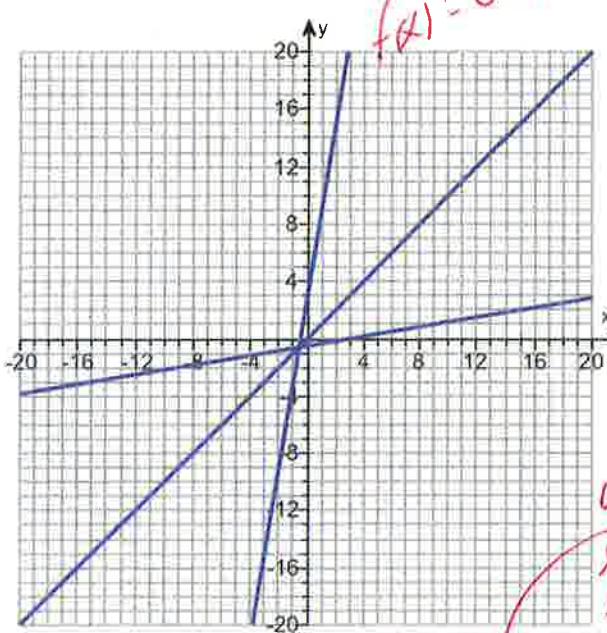
rewrite

inverse

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x - 3}{6}$$

Answers $\frac{x-3}{6}$

- D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.
 D. The range is the set of all real numbers.
 D. The domain is the set of all real numbers.
 D. The range is the set of all real numbers.



$$\begin{aligned}y_1 &= 6^{x+3} \\y_2 &= x\end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = (x-3) \div (6)$$

$$f(x) = (x-3) \div (6)$$

Windows
 $x_{\text{min}} = -10$
 $x_{\text{max}} = 10$
 $y_{\text{min}} = -10$
 $y_{\text{max}} = 10$

MSI
 Graphing
 Calculator

ID: 4.2.53

20. Solve the equation.

$$32^{-x+26} = 256^x$$

Primes
 $2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, \dots$

$$(2^5)^{-x+26} = (2^8)^x$$

(Rewrite)

The solution set is { }.

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answer: 10

$$\begin{aligned}2^{-5x+130} &= 2^{8x} \\-5x + 130 &= 8x\end{aligned}$$

$$-5x + 130 - 8x = 8x - 8x$$

$$-5x = 8x - 130$$

$$-5x - 8x = 8x - 130 - 8x$$

$$-13x = -130$$

$$\frac{-13x}{-13} = \frac{-130}{-13}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 2 \sqrt{32} \\ \hline 16 \\ 16 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 256 \\ 2 \sqrt{256} \\ \hline 128 \\ 128 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

factorial

$$256 = 2^8$$

21. The function

$$D(h) = 7e^{-0.61h}$$

$$D(h) = 7e^{-0.61h}$$

can be used to find the number of milligrams D of a certain drug that is in a patient's bloodstream h hours after the drug has been administered. How many milligrams will be present after 1 hour? After 11 hours?

After 1 hour, there will be _____ milligrams. (Round to two decimal places as needed.)

After 11 hours, there will be _____ milligrams. (Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answers 3.80

0.01

$$D(1) = 7e^{1(-0.61(1))}$$

$$D(1) = 3.803456984$$

$$D(1) = 3.80 \text{ Round}$$

$$D(11) = 7e^{1(-0.61(11))}$$

$$D(11) = 0.0085306989$$

$$D(11) = 0.01 \text{ Round}$$

ID: 4.3.111

22. Solve the equation.

$$\log_2(2x+1) = 4$$

formula
Work on
work off

$$\log_2(2x+1) = 4$$

$$2^4 = 2x+1$$

rewrile

Change the given logarithmic equation to exponential form.

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 2x+1$$

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

The solution set is {_____}.

(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

Answers $2x+1 = 2^4$

$$\frac{15}{2}$$

$$16 = 2x+1$$

$$16 - 1 = 2x+1$$

$$15 = 2x$$

$$\frac{15}{2} = x$$

$$\frac{15}{2} = x$$

ID: 4.4.91-Setup & Solve

23. Write the expression as a sum and/or difference of logarithms. Express powers as factors.

$$\log\left[\frac{x(x+7)}{(x+8)^4}\right], x > 0$$

$$\log\left(\frac{x(x+7)}{(x+8)^4}\right) =$$

$$\log\left[\frac{x(x+7)}{(x+8)^4}\right] = \quad \text{(Simplify your answer.)}$$

$$\log x + \log(x+7) - 4 \log(x+8) =$$

Answer: $\log x + \log(x+7) - 4 \log(x+8)$

$$\log x + \log(x+7) - \log(x+8)^4 =$$

ID: 4.5.51

$$\log x + \log(x+7) - 4 \log(x+8) =$$

formula

$$\log\left(\frac{A}{B}\right) = \log(A) - \log(B)$$

$$\log(A^N) = N \log(A)$$

$$\log(A^N) = N \log(A)$$

24. Solve the logarithmic equation.

$$\log x + \log(x+15) = 2$$

$$\log(x)(x+15) = 2$$

$$10^2 = x(x+15)$$

$$100 = x^2 + 15x$$

Rewrite formula
 $\log(A) + \log(B) = \log(AB)$

Determine the equation to be solved after removing the logarithm.

$$0 = x^2 + 15x - 100$$

(Type an equation. Do not simplify.)

$$0 = (x-5)(x+20)$$

Answer

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in the answer box to complete your choice.

- A. The solution set is { }.

(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- B. There is no solution.

Answers $x(x+15) = 10^2$

- A. The solution set is { }.

(Simplify your answer. Type an exact answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

ID: 4.6.17-Setup & Solve

25. Find the amount that results from the given investment.

\$500 invested at 12% compounded quarterly after a period of 3 years

After 3 years, the investment results in \$ _____.

(Round to the nearest cent as needed.)

Answer: 712.88

$$A = 500 \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{4}\right)^{(4)(3)}$$

$$A = 500 \left(1 + \frac{0.12}{4}\right)^{12}$$

ID: 4.7.7

$$A = 712.8804834$$

$$A = 712.88$$

26. How many years will it take for an initial investment of \$20,000 to grow to \$70,000? Assume a rate of interest of 2% compounded continuously.

It will take about _____ years for the investment to grow to \$70,000.

(Round to two decimal places as needed.)

Answer: 62.64

$$70000 = 20000e^{0.02t}$$

$$\ln(3.5) = \frac{0.02t}{0.02}$$

ID: 4.7.41

$$3.5 = e^{0.02t}$$

$$62.63814842 = t$$

$$\ln(3.5) = \ln(e^{0.02t})$$

$$\ln(3.5) = 0.02t \ln(e)$$

$$\ln(3.5) = 0.02t (1)$$

$$\ln(3.5) = 0.02t$$

$$62.64 = t$$

Round

formula
 $\ln(e) = 1$

27. Solve the system of equations. If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = -7 \\ 5x + y = 8 \end{cases} \quad \text{Mult by } 3 \quad \begin{aligned} 2x - 3y &= -7 \\ 15x + 3y &= 24 \\ 17x + 0 &= 17 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17x = 17 \\ \hline 17 \quad 17 \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

Subst

Select the correct choice below and, if necessary, fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution of the system is $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ and $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered pairs, the solution can be written as
 $\{(x,y) | x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, y \text{ any real number}\}$.
(Simplify your answer. Type an expression using y as the variable as needed.)
- C. The system is inconsistent.

Answer: A. The solution of the system is $x = \underline{1}$ and $y = \underline{3}$.
(Type an integers or simplified fractions.)

ID: 6.1.33

$$(x, y) = (1, 3)$$

$$y = 3$$

28. Solve the given system of equations. If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + 3z = 16 \\ 2x + y + z = 2 \\ -3x + 2y - 2z = -15 \end{cases}$$

LND, Matrix, Edit, center, 3x4, ente...
 $[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 16 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 & -2 & -15 \end{bmatrix}$

MSI
Graph
(Calculator)

Select the correct choice below and fill in any answer boxes within your choice.

- A. The solution is $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, and $z = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)
- B. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as
 $\{(x,y,z) | x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, z \text{ any real number}\}$.
(Simplify your answers. Type expressions using z as the variable as needed.)
- C. There are infinitely many solutions. Using ordered triplets, they can be expressed as
 $\{(x,y,z) | x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, y \text{ any real number}, z \text{ any real number}\}$.
(Simplify your answer. Type an expression using y and z as the variables as needed.)
- D. The system is inconsistent.

Answer: A.

The solution is $x = \underline{1}$, $y = \underline{-3}$, and $z = \underline{3}$.
(Type integers or simplified fractions.)

$$\text{rref}([A]) =$$

ID: 6.1.45

$$(1, -3, 3)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right)$$

29. Find the sum of the sequence.

$$\sum_{k=1}^6 (8k + 9)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^6 (8k + 9) =$$

$$(8(1)+9) + (8(2)+9) + (8(3)+9) + (8(4)+9) + (8(5)+9) + (8(6)+9) =$$

Answer: 222

$$(8+9) + (16+9) + (24+9) + (32+9) + (40+9) + (48+9) =$$

ID: 7.1.73

$$(17) + (25) + (33) + (41) + (49) + (57) =$$

222

30. Expand the expression using the binomial theorem.

USE GRAPHING CALCULATOR

$$(x+3)^4 = {}_4^4 C(x) {}_0^4 + {}_4^4 C(x) {}_1^3 + {}_4^4 C(x) {}_2^2 + {}_4^4 C(x) {}_3^1 + {}_4^4 C(x) {}_4^0 =$$

$$(x+3)^4 = (1)(x^4)(1) + (4)(x^3)(3) + (6)(x^2)(9) + (4)(x)(27) + (1)(1)(81) =$$

Answer: $x^4 + 12x^3 + 54x^2 + 108x + 81$

ID: 7.5.17

$$x^4 + 12x^3 + 54x^2 + 108x + 81 =$$

31. Find the real solutions of the equation.

$$7 + \sqrt{3x-11} = x$$

$$\sqrt{3x-11} = x - 7$$

Rewrite

- A. The solution set is $\{ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \}$.
 (Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)
- B. The solution is the empty set.

Answer: A. The solution set is $\{ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \}$.

(Simplify your answer. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

ID: A.8.55

$$(\sqrt{3x-11})^2 = (x-7)^2$$

Square Both Sides

$$3x-11 = (x-7)(x-7)$$

$$3x-11 = x^2 - 7x - 7x + 49$$

$$3x-11 = x^2 - 14x + 49$$

$$0 = x^2 - 14x + 49 - 3x + 11$$

NEXT
PAST
Please

$$0 = x^2 - 17x + 60$$

$$0 = x^2 - 17x + 60$$

$$0 = (x-5)(x-12)$$

$$x-5=0 \quad \text{OR} \quad x-12=0$$

$$x-5+5=0+5 \quad \text{OR} \quad x-12+12=0+12$$

$$x=5$$

$$x=12$$

Possible

60. 1

30. 2

15. 4

12. 5

10. 6

Check

$$7 + \sqrt{3x-11} = x$$

Try $x=5$

$$7 + \sqrt{3(5)-11} = 5$$

$$7 + \sqrt{15-11} = 5$$

$$7 + \sqrt{4} = 5$$

$$7 + 2 = 5 \quad \text{BAD}$$

$$9 \neq 5$$

$$7 + \sqrt{3x-11} = x$$

Try $x=12$

$$7 + \sqrt{3(12)-11} = 12$$

$$7 + \sqrt{36-11} = 12$$

$$7 + \sqrt{25} = 12$$

$$7 + 5 = 12$$

$$12 = 12 \quad \text{Good}$$

ANSWER ✓✓

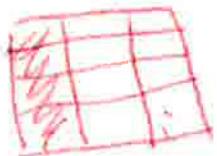
$$x = 12$$

only





$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{4}{12}, \quad \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$



SMART Bird

5/12

$$\frac{4}{12} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{12}{12} - \frac{10}{12} = \frac{2}{12} \text{ or } \frac{1}{6}$$

Mary Mary Quite Contrary



BROKEN SURFBOARD



12/11/15 APW





(exponential growth)

