

TSI Multiple Choice

1. $7y + 2 = 15 + 3y$

(a) $y = -\frac{4}{13}$

(b) $y = \frac{4}{13}$

(c) $y = \frac{13}{4}$

(d) $y = -\frac{13}{4}$

2. $\frac{x}{8} = \frac{x+1}{9}$

(a) $x = -6$

(b) $x = 6$

(c) $x = 8$

(d) $x = -8$

3. $1 + \frac{6}{x} = -11$

(a) $x = 2$

(b) $x = -2$

(c) $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

(d) $x = \frac{1}{2}$

4. $4 - x = 2(x - 4)$

(a) $x = -6$

(b) $x = 6$

(c) $x = 4$

(d) $x = -4$

5. Find c if $k = c + 293$ and $k = 20$.

(a) $c = -263$

(b) $c = 263$

(c) $c = -273$

(d) $c = 273$

6. $6(x - 2) - 12 = 2x$

(a) $x = -4$

(b) $x = 4$

(c) $x = 6$

(d) $x = -6$

7. Find y if $3x + 5y = 29$ and $x = 3$.

(a) $y = -2$

(b) $y = 2$

(c) $y = 4$

(d) $y = -4$

8. $x - 20 = 5x - 20$

(a) $x = 40$

(b) $x = 4$

(c) $x = 0$

(d) $x = -4$

2.

9. $10 - x = x - 10$

(a) $x = 5$

(b) $x = 0$

(c) $x = 10$

(d) $x = -10$

10. $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} > 10$

(a) $x < 8$

(b) $x > 8$

(c) $x > 16$

(d) $x < 16$

11. Find $f(4)$ if $f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$.

(a) $f(4) = 12$

(b) $f(4) = 0$

(c) $f(4) = -14$

(d) $f(4) = 14$

12. Find A if $A = \pi r^2$, $\pi = 3.14$, and $r = 6$.

(a) $A = 1.1304$

(b) $A = 11.304$

(c) $A = 113.04$

(d) $A = 1130.4$

13. Find C if $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$ and $F = 50$.

(a) $C = 6$

(b) $C = 8$

(c) $C = 10$

(d) $C = 9$

14. Find $f(-3)$ if $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$.

(a) $f(-3) = -10$

(b) $f(-3) = 10$

(c) $f(-3) = 20$

(d) $f(-3) = -20$

15. Find $f(8)$ if $f(x) = x^{-2}$.

(a) $f(8) = 8$

(b) $f(8) = 64$

(c) $f(8) = \frac{1}{64}$

(d) $f(8) = \frac{1}{8}$

16. Find $f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$.

(a) $f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = -4$

(b) $f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 4$

(c) $f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 16$

(d) $f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = -16$



17. Simplify $\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{27y}{8x^2}\right)$.

(a) $8x$

(b) $4x$

(c) $\frac{9}{4x}$

(d) $\frac{9}{2x}$

18. Simplify $\frac{x + 4x^2}{x}$.

(a) $x + x^2$

(b) $x + 4$

(c) $1 + 4x$

(d) $1 + 2x$

19. Find N if $a^2 + N + 8b^2 = (a + b)(a + 8b)$.

(a) $N = 2ab$

(b) $N = 6ab$

(c) $N = 9ab$

(d) $N = 8ab$

20. Find V if $V = \pi r^2 h$, $r = 6a$, and $h = 2a + 5$.

(a) $V = 36\pi a^3 + 180\pi a^2$

(b) $V = 36\pi a^3 + 180a^2$

(c) $V = 72\pi a^3 + 180\pi a^2$

(d) $V = 72\pi a^3 + 180\pi a$

21. Find the area of a rectangle if $L = x + 3$ and $W = 2x - 9$.

(a) $A = 2x^2 - 3x + 26$

(b) $A = 2x^2 + 3x + 27$

(c) $A = 2x^2 - 3x - 27$

(d) $A = 2x^2 + 3x - 27$

22. Simplify $(2xy^8)^4$.

(a) $2x^4y^{32}$

(b) $8x^4y^{32}$

(c) $16x^4y^{32}$

(d) $16x^3y^{31}$

23. Find x if $\frac{ax - b}{4a - 1} = b$.

(a) $x = 8b$

(b) $x = 3b$

(c) $x = 4b$

(d) $x = 2b$

24. Simplify $\frac{-45x^8y^7z^{11}}{-30x^2y^5z^4}$.

(a) $\frac{9x^5y^2z^{11}}{4}$

(b) $\frac{3x^5y^2z^7}{2}$

(c) $\frac{3x^6y^2z^7}{2}$

(d) $\frac{3x^6y^2z^7}{4}$

4.

25. Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49}$.

(a) $\left(\frac{4x}{3} + \frac{7y}{5}\right)\left(\frac{4x}{3} - \frac{7y}{5}\right)$

(b) $\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right)$

(c) $\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right)$

(d) $\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right)$

26. Solve $x^2 + 2 = -3x$.

(a) $\{1, -3\}$

(b) $\{-1, -3\}$

(c) $\{-1, -2\}$

(d) $\{-1, 2\}$

27. Solve $(x + 2)^2 = 9$.

(a) $\{-9, 9\}$

(b) $\{5, 1\}$

(c) $\{-5, 1\}$

(d) $\{-5, -1\}$

28. Solve $\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$.

(a) $x = -5$

(b) $x = 5$

(c) $x = 9$

(d) $x = -9$

29. Solve $\begin{matrix} 3x + 2y = 5 \\ 4x + 7y = 11 \end{matrix}$

(a) $(x, y) = (-1, 1)$

(b) $(x, y) = (1, -2)$

(c) $(x, y) = (1, 1)$

(d) $(x, y) = (-1, -2)$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 7y + 2 = 15 + 3y$$

$$7y + \cancel{2} - \cancel{2} = 15 + 3y - 2$$

$$7y = 3y + 13$$

$$7y - 3y = \cancel{3y} + 13 - \cancel{3y}$$

$$4y = 13$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{x}{8} = \frac{x+1}{9}$$

$$9(x) = 8(\overbrace{x+1}) \quad \text{cross mult}$$

$$9x = 8x + 8$$

$$9x - 8x = \cancel{8x} + 8 - \cancel{8x}$$

$$1x = 8$$

$$x = 8$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 1 + \frac{6}{x} = -11$$

$$\cancel{1} + \frac{6}{x} \cancel{-1} = -11 - 1$$

$$\frac{6}{x} = -12$$

$$\frac{6}{x} = \frac{-12}{1}$$

$$1(6) = -12(x) \quad \text{cross mult}$$

$$6 = -12x$$

$$\frac{6}{-12} = \frac{-12x}{\cancel{-12}}$$

$$-\frac{6}{12} = x$$

$$-\frac{\cancel{6}(1)}{\cancel{6}(2)} = x$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = x$$

④ $4 - x = 2(x - 4)$

$$4 - x = 2x - 8$$

$$~~4~~ - x - ~~4~~ = 2x - 8 - 4$$

$$-x = 2x - 12$$

$$-x - 2x = 2x - 12 - 2x$$

$$-1x - 2x = -12$$

$$-3x = -12$$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{-12}{-3}$$

$$x = 4$$

⑤ Find C if $k = C + 293$ and $k = 20$

$$k = C + 293$$

$$20 = C + 293$$

$$20 - 293 = C + 293 - 293$$

$$-273 = C$$

⑥ $6(x - 2) - 12 = 2x$

$$6x - 12 - 12 = 2x$$

$$6x - 24 = 2x$$

$$6x - 24 + 24 = 2x + 24$$

$$6x = 2x + 24$$

$$6x - 2x = 2x + 24 - 2x$$

$$4x = 24$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{24}{4}$$

$$x = 6$$

⑦ Find y if $3x + 5y = 29$ and $x = 3$

$$3x + 5y = 29$$

$$3(3) + 5y = 29$$

$$9 + 5y = 29$$

$$9 + 5y - 9 = 29 - 9$$

$$5y = 20$$

$$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$$

$$y = 4$$

⑧ $x - 20 = 5x - 20$

$$x - 20 + 20 = 5x - 20 + 20$$

$$x = 5x$$

$$1x - 5x = 5x - 5x$$

$$-4x = 0$$

$$\frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{0}{-4}$$

$$x = 0$$

⑨ $10 - x = x - 10$

$$10 - x - 10 = x - 10 - 10$$

$$-x = x - 20$$

$$-x - x = x - 20 - x$$

$$-1x - 1x = -20$$

$$-2x = -20$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{-20}{-2}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} > 10$$

$$\frac{x}{4}(8) + \frac{3x}{8}(8) > \frac{10}{1}(8) \text{ mult by LCD}$$

$$x(2) + 3x(1) > 10(8) \text{ divide}$$

$$2x + 3x > 80$$

$$5x > 80$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} > \frac{80}{5}$$

$$x > 16$$

$$(11) \text{ Find } f(4) \text{ if } f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$$

$$f(4) = \frac{(4)+10}{(4)-5}$$

$$f(4) = \frac{4+10}{4-5}$$

$$f(4) = \frac{14}{-1}$$

$$f(4) = -14$$

⑫ Find A if $A = \pi r^2$, $\pi = 3.14$ and $r = 6$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = 3.14 (6)^2$$

$$A = 3.14 (6)(6)$$

$$A = 3.14 (36)$$

$$A = 113.04$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.14 \\ \times 36 \\ \hline 1884 \\ 942 \\ \hline 113.04 \end{array}$$

9

⑬ Find C if $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$ and $F = 50$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(50 - 32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(18)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{18}{1} \right)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{1} \left(\frac{2}{1} \right)$$

$$C = \frac{10}{1}$$

$$C = 10$$

⑭ Find $f(-3)$ if $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$

$$f(-3) = 2(-3)^2 - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 2(-3)(-3) - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 2(9) - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 18 + 12 - 10$$

$$\rightarrow f(-3) = 30 - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 20$$

(15) Find $f(8)$ if $f(x) = x^{-2}$

$$f(x) = x^{-2}$$

$$f(8) = 8^{-2}$$

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{8^2}$$

rewrite

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{8 \cdot 8}$$

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{64}$$

(16) Find $f(\frac{1}{4})$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{1} + \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{4}{1} + \frac{12}{1}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = 4 + 12$$

$$f(\frac{1}{4}) = 16$$

17. Simplify $\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{27y}{8x^2}\right)$

$$\frac{2x}{3y} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot y}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot x \cdot x} = \text{Factor}$$

~~$$\frac{2x}{3y} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot y}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot x \cdot x} =$$~~

$$\frac{9}{4x} =$$

18. Simplify $\frac{x + 4x^2}{x}$

$$\frac{x + 4x^2}{x} =$$

$$\frac{x}{x} + \frac{4x^2}{x} =$$

~~$$\frac{x}{x} + \frac{4x \cdot x}{x} =$$~~

$$1 + 4x =$$

11.

Primes 2, 3, 5, 7, ...

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{) 27} \\ 3 \overline{) 9} \\ 3 \overline{) 3} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 8} \\ 2 \overline{) 4} \\ 2 \overline{) 2} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$27 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3, \quad 8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

(19) Find N if $a^2 + N + 8b^2 = (a+b)(a+8b)$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + N + 8b^2 &= (a+b)(a+8b) \\ &= a^2 + 8ab + ab + 8b^2 \\ &= a^2 + 8ab + 1ab + 8b^2 \\ &= a^2 + 9ab + 8b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$N = 9ab$

(20) Find V if $V = \pi r^2 h$, $r = 6a$, $h = 2a + 5$

$$V = \pi (6a)^2 (2a + 5)$$

$$V = \pi (6a)(6a)(2a + 5)$$

$$V = \pi (36a^2)(2a + 5)$$

$$V = \pi (72a^3 + 180a^2)$$

$V = 72\pi a^3 + 180\pi a^2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 180 \end{array}$$

(21) Find the area of a rectangle if $L = x + 3$ and $W = 2x - 9$

$$A = LW$$

$$A = (x + 3)(2x - 9)$$

$$A = 2x^2 - 9x + 6x - 27$$

$A = 2x^2 - 3x - 27$

22 Simplify $(2x^4y^8)^4$

$$(2x^4y^8)^4 =$$

$$(2^1x^4y^8)^4 =$$

$$2^4x^4y^{32} =$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 x^4y^{32} =$$

$$16x^4y^{32} =$$

13.

23 Find x if $\frac{ax-b}{4a-1} = b$

$$\frac{ax-b}{4a-1} = \frac{b}{1}$$

$$1(ax-b) = b(4a-1) \quad \text{Cross Mult}$$

$$ax-b = 4ab-b$$

$$ax - \cancel{b} + \cancel{b} = 4ab - \cancel{b} + \cancel{b}$$

$$ax = 4ab$$

$$\frac{ax}{a} = \frac{4ab}{a}$$

$$x = 4b$$

(24) Simplify $\frac{-45x^8y^7z^{11}}{-30x^2y^5z^4}$

$$\frac{-45x^8y^7z^{11}}{-30x^2y^5z^4} =$$

$$\frac{-15(3)x^{8-2}y^{7-5}z^{11-4}}{-18(2)} =$$

$$\frac{3x^6y^2z^7}{2} =$$

14.

(25) Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49}$

$$\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49} =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5y}{7}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right)\left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right) =$$

(26) Solve $x^2 + 2 = -3x$

$$x^2 + 2 + 3x = -3x + 3x$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$(x+1)(x+2) = 0$$

Let $x+1=0$ OR $x+2=0$

$$x+1-1=0-1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$\text{OR } x+2-2=0-2$$

$$\text{OR } x = -2$$

(27) Solve $(x+2)^2 = 9$

$$(x+2)^2 = 9$$

$$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \pm\sqrt{9}$$

$$x+2 = \pm 3$$

$$x+2 = -3 \quad \text{OR} \quad x+2 = 3$$

$$x+2-2 = -3-2 \quad \text{OR} \quad x+2-2 = 3-2$$

$$x = -5 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 1$$

(28) Solve $\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$

$$\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$$

$$\sqrt{x} + \cancel{x} - \cancel{2} = 5 - 2$$

$$\sqrt{x} = 3$$

$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (3)^2$$

$$x = 9$$

(29) Solve $3x + 2y = 5$
 $4x + 7y = 11$

$$\begin{array}{l} (3x + 2y = 5)(-7) \\ (4x + 7y = 11)(2) \end{array} \quad \text{mult}$$

$$-21x - 14y = -35$$

$$8x + 14y = 22$$

$$-13x = -13$$

$$\frac{-13x}{-13} = \frac{-13}{-13}$$

$$x = 1$$

Subs

$$3x + 2y = 5$$

$$3(1) + 2y = 5$$

$$3 + 2y = 5$$

$$\cancel{3} + 2y - \cancel{3} = 5 - 3$$

$$2y = 2$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$y = 1$$

$$(x, y) = (1, 1)$$